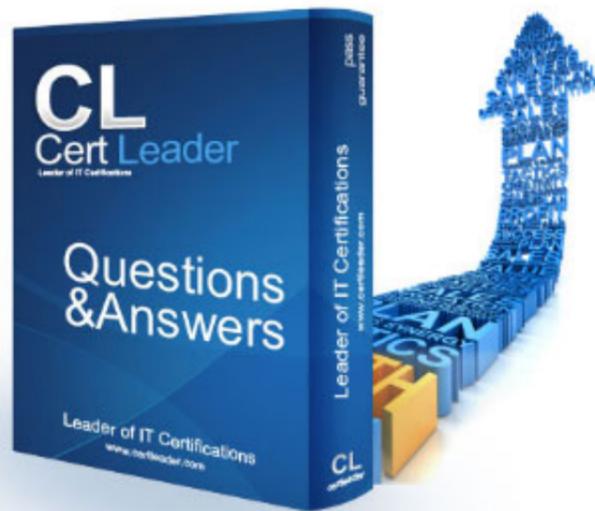


NSE7_SDW-7.0 Dumps

Fortinet NSE 7 - SD-WAN 7.0

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NEW QUESTION 1

What are two common use cases for remote internet access (RIA)? (Choose two.)

- A. Provide direct internet access on spokes
- B. Provide internet access through the hub
- C. Centralize security inspection on the hub
- D. Provide thorough inspection on spokes

Answer: BC

NEW QUESTION 2

Refer to the exhibits.

Exhibit A

```
config system global
    set snat-route-change enable
end
```

Exhibit B

```
branch1_fgt # get router info routing-table all
Codes: K - kernel, C - connected, S - static, R - RIP, B - BGP
O - OSPF, IA - OSPF inter area
N1 - OSPF NSSA external type 1, N2 - OSPF NSSA external type 2
E1 - OSPF external type 1, E2 - OSPF external type 2
i - IS-IS, L1 - IS-IS level-1, L2 - IS-IS level-2, ia - IS-IS inter area
* - candidate default

Routing table for VRF=0
S* 0.0.0.0/0 [1/0] via 192.2.0.2, port2, [1/0]
    [1/0] via 192.2.0.10, port1 [10/0]
...
```

Exhibit A shows the source NAT (SNAT) global setting and exhibit B shows the routing table on FortiGate.

Based on the exhibits, which two actions does FortiGate perform on existing sessions established over port2, if the administrator increases the static route priority on port2 to 20? (Choose two.)

- A. FortiGate flags the sessions as dirty.
- B. FortiGate continues routing the sessions with no SNAT, over port2.
- C. FortiGate performs a route lookup for the original traffic only.
- D. FortiGate updates the gateway information of the sessions with SNAT so that they use port1 instead of port2.

Answer: AD

NEW QUESTION 3

Which diagnostic command can you use to show the configured SD-WAN zones and their assigned members?

- A. diagnose sys sdwan zone
- B. diagnose sys sdwan service
- C. diagnose sys sdwan member
- D. diagnose sys sdwan interface

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 4

Refer to the exhibits.

Exhibit A

Edit Performance SLA

Name: Level3_DNS

IP Version: IPv4 | IPv6

Probe Mode: Active | Passive | Prefer Passive

Protocol: Ping | TCP ECHO | UDP ECHO | HTTP | TW

Server:
4.2.2.1
4.2.2.2

Participants: All SD-WAN Members | Specify

port1
port2
2 Entries

Enable Probe Packets:

SLA Targets: + Add Target

Link Status:

Interval: 500 Milliseconds

Failure Before Inactive: 3 (max 3600)

Restore Link After: 2 (max 3600)

Action When Inactive:

Update Static Route:

Cascade Interfaces:

Exhibit B

```
branch1_fgt # diagnose sys sdwan member | grep port
Member(1): interface: port1, flags=0x0 , gateway: 192.2.0.2, priority: 0 1024, weight: 0
Member(2): interface: port2, flags=0x0 , gateway: 192.2.0.10, priority: 0 1024, weight: 0

branch1_fgt # get router info routing-table all | grep port
S* 0.0.0.0/0 [1/0] via 192.2.0.2, port1
   [1/0] via 192.2.0.10, port2
S 8.8.8.8/32 [10/0] via 192.2.0.11, port2
C 10.0.1.0/24 is directly connected, port5
S 172.16.0.0/16 [10/0] via 172.16.0.2, port4
C 172.16.0.0/29 is directly connected, port4
C 192.2.0.0/29 is directly connected, port1
C 192.2.0.8/29 is directly connected, port2
C 192.168.0.0/24 is directly connected, port10

branch1_fgt # diagnose sys sdwan health-check status Level3_DNS
Health Check(Level3_DNS):
Seq(1 port1): state(alive), packet-loss(0.000%) latency(1.919), jitter(0.137), bandwidth-
up(10238), bandwidth-dw(10238), bandwidth-bi(20476) sla_map=0x0
Seq(2 port2): state(alive), packet-loss(0.000%) latency(1.509), jitter(0.101), bandwidth-
up(10238), bandwidth-dw(10238), bandwidth-bi(20476) sla map=0x0
```

Exhibit A shows the SD-WAN performance SLA and exhibit B shows the SD-WAN member status, the routing table, and the performance SLA status. If port2 is detected dead by FortiGate, what is the expected behavior?

- A. Port2 becomes alive after three successful probes are detected.
- B. FortiGate removes all static routes for port2.
- C. The administrator manually restores the static routes for port2, if port2 becomes alive.
- D. Host 8.8.8.8 is reachable through port1 and port2.

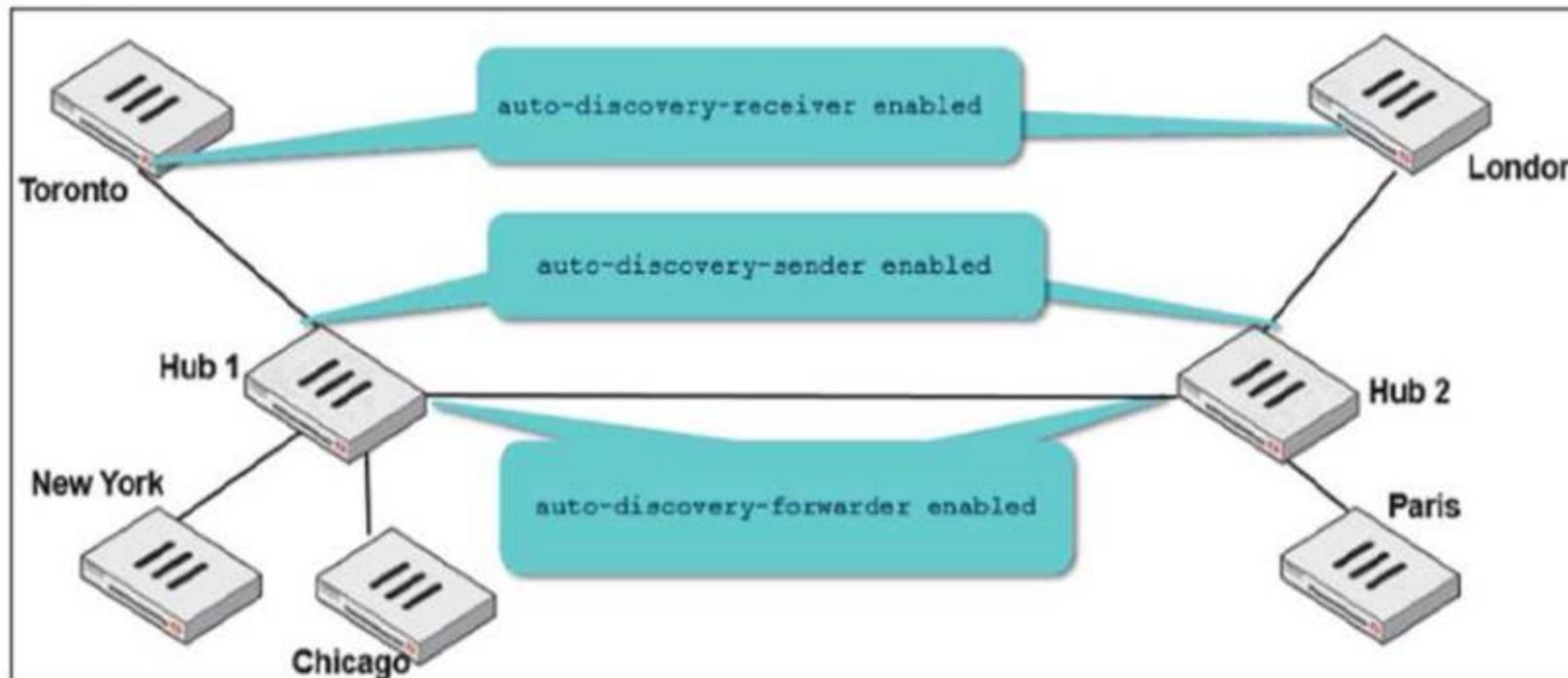
Answer: B

Explanation:

This is due to Update static route is enable which removes the static route entry referencing the interface if the interface is dead

NEW QUESTION 5

Two hub-and-spoke groups are connected through a site-to-site IPsec VPN between Hub 1 and Hub 2. The administrator configured ADVPN on both hub-and-spoke groups.



Which two outcomes are expected if a user in Toronto sends traffic to London? (Choose two.)

- A. London generates an IKE information message that contains the Toronto public IP address.
- B. Traffic from Toronto to London triggers the dynamic negotiation of a direct site-to-site VPN.
- C. Toronto needs to establish a site-to-site tunnel with Hub 2 to bypass Hub 1.
- D. The first packets from Toronto to London are routed through Hub 1 then to Hub 2.

Answer: BD

NEW QUESTION 6

Which CLI command do you use to perform real-time troubleshooting for ADVPN negotiation?

- A. get router info routing-table all
- B. diagnose debug application ike
- C. diagnose vpn tunnel list
- D. get ipsec tunnel list

Answer: B

Explanation:

IKE real-time debug - useful when debugging ADVPN shortcut messages and spoke-to-spoke negotiations.

- diagnose debug console timestamp enable
- diagnose vpn ike log filter clear
- diagnose vpn ike log filter mdst-addr4 <ip.of.hub> <ip.of.spoke>
- diagnose debug application ike -1
- diagnose debug enable

NEW QUESTION 7

Which statement is correct about SD-WAN and ADVPN?

- A. Routes for ADVPN shortcuts must be manually configured.
- B. SD-WAN can steer traffic to ADVPN shortcuts, established over IPsec overlays, configured as SD-WAN members.
- C. SD-WAN does not monitor the health and performance of ADVPN shortcuts.
- D. You must use IKEv2 on IPsec tunnels.

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 8

Which three matching traffic criteria are available in SD-WAN rules? (Choose three.)

- A. Type of physical link connection
- B. Internet service database (ISDB) address object
- C. Source and destination IP address
- D. URL categories
- E. Application signatures

Answer: BCE

NEW QUESTION 9

Refer to the exhibit.

```
config system settings
    set firewall-session-dirty check-new
end
```

Based on the exhibit, which two actions does FortiGate perform on sessions after a firewall policy change? (Choose two.)

- A. FortiGate flushes all sessions.
- B. FortiGate terminates the old sessions.
- C. FortiGate does not change existing sessions.
- D. FortiGate evaluates new sessions.

Answer: CD

Explanation:

FortiGate not to flag existing impacted session as dirty by setting firewall-session-dirty to check new. The results is that FortiGate evaluates only new session against the new firewall policy.

NEW QUESTION 10

Refer to the exhibit.

```
# diagnose sys session list

session info: proto=6 proto_state=01 duration=39 expire=3593 timeout=3600 flags=00000000
socktype=0 sockport=0 av_idx=0 use=4
state=may_dirty npu
origin->sink: org pre->post, reply pre->post dev=7->5/5->7 gwy=10.10.10.1/10.9.31.160
hook=pre dir=org act=noop 10.9.31.160:7932->10.0.1.7:22(0.0.0.0:0)
hook=post dir=reply act=noop 10.0.1.7:22->10.9.31.160:7932(0.0.0.0:0)
pos/(before,after) 0/(0,0), 0/(0,0)
misc=0 policy_id=1 auth_info=0 chk_client_info=0 vd=0
serial=00045e02 tos=ff/ff app_list=0 app=0 url_cat=0
sdwan_mbr_seq=1 sdwan_service_id=1
rpdb_link_id=80000000 rpdb_svc_id=0 ngfwid=n/a
npu_state=0x4000c00
npu info: flag=0x81/0x81, offload=8/8, ips_offload=0/0, epid=64/76, ipid=76/64,
vlan=0x0000/0x0000
vlifid=76/64, vtag_in=0x0000/0x0000 in_npu=1/1, out_npu=1/1, fwd_en=0/0, qid=2/2
reflect info 0:
dev=7->6/6->7
npu_state=0x4000800
npu info: flag=0x00/0x81, offload=0/8, ips_offload=0/0, epid=0/76, ipid=0/65, vlan=0x0000/0x0000
vlifid=0/65, vtag_in=0x0000/0x0000 in_npu=0/1, out_npu=0/1, fwd_en=0/0, qid=0/2
total reflect session num: 1
total session 1

# diagnose netlink interface list

if=port1 family=00 type=1 index=5 mtu=1500 link=0 master=0
if=port2 family=00 type=1 index=6 mtu=1500 link=0 master=0
if=port3 family=00 type=1 index=7 mtu=1500 link=0 master=0
```

The exhibit shows the details of a session and the index numbers of some relevant interfaces on a FortiGate appliance that supports hardware offloading. Based on the information shown in the exhibits, which two statements about the session are true? (Choose two.)

- A. The reply direction of the asymmetric traffic flows from port2 to port3.
- B. The auxiliary session can be offloaded to hardware.
- C. The original direction of the symmetric traffic flows from port3 to port2.
- D. The main session cannot be offloaded to hardware.

Answer: AB

NEW QUESTION 10

Refer to the exhibits. Exhibit A

```
branch1_fgt (3) # show
config service
  edit 3
    set name "Corp"
    set mode sla
    set dst "Corp-net"
    set src "LAN-net"
    config sla
      edit "VPN_PING"
        set id 1
      next
      edit "VPN_HTTP"
        set id 1
      next
    end
    set priority-members 3 4 5
    set gateway enable
  next
end
```

Exhibit B

```
branch1_fgt # diagnose sys sdwan service 3

Service(3): Address Mode(IPV4) flags=0x200 use-shortcut-sla
Gen(1), TOS(0x0/0x0), Protocol(0: 1->65535), Mode(sla), sla-compare-order
Members(2):
  1: Seq_num(5 T_MPLS_0), alive, sla(0x3), gid(0), cfg_order(2), cost(0), selected
  2: Seq_num(4 T_INET_1_0), alive, sla(0x1), gid(0), cfg_order(1), cost(0), selected
  3: Seq_num(3 T_INET_0_0), alive, sla(0x0), gid(0), cfg_order(0), cost(0), selected
Src address(1):
  10.0.1.0-10.0.1.255

Dst address(1):
  10.0.0.0-10.255.255.255

branch1_fgt # get router info routing-table all | grep T_
S      10.0.0.0/8 [1/0] via T_INET_0_0 tunnel 100.64.1.1
      [1/0] via T_INET_1_0 tunnel 100.64.1.9
S      10.201.1.254/32 [15/0] via T_INET_0_0 tunnel 100.64.1.1
S      10.202.1.254/32 [15/0] via T_INET_1_0 tunnel 100.64.1.9
S      10.203.1.254/32 [15/0] via T_MPLS_0 tunnel 172.16.1.5

branch1_fgt # diagnose sys sdwan member | grep T_
Member(3): interface: T_INET_0_0, flags=0x4 , gateway: 100.64.1.1, peer: 10.201.1.254,
priority: 0 1024, weight: 0
Member(4): interface: T_INET_1_0, flags=0x4 , gateway: 100.64.1.9, peer: 10.202.1.254,
priority: 0 1024, weight: 0
Member(5): interface: T_MPLS_0, flags=0x4 , gateway: 172.16.1.5, peer: 10.203.1.254,
priority: 0 1024, weight: 0
```

Exhibit A shows the configuration for an SD-WAN rule and exhibit B shows the respective rule status, the routing table, and the member status. The administrator wants to understand the expected behavior for traffic matching the SD-WAN rule. Based on the exhibits, what can the administrator expect for traffic matching the SD-WAN rule?

- A. The traffic will be load balanced across all three overlays.
- B. The traffic will be routed over T_INET_0_0.
- C. The traffic will be routed over T_MPLS_0.
- D. The traffic will be routed over T_INET_1_0.

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 14

Refer to the exhibit.

```
id=20085 trace_id=847 func=print_pkt_detail line=5428 msg="vd-root:0 received a
packet(proto=6, 10.1.10.1:33920->74.125.195.93:443) from port3. flag [.] , seq
2018554516, ack 4141536963, win 2238"
id=20085 trace_id=847 func=resolve_ip_tuple_fast line=5508 msg="Find an existing
session, id-000008c1, original direction"
id=20085 trace id=847 func=shaper handler line=821 msg="exceeded shaper limit, drop"
```

Which conclusion about the packet debug flow output is correct?

- A. The original traffic exceeded the maximum packets per second of the outgoing interface, and the packet was dropped.
- B. The reply traffic exceeded the maximum bandwidth configured in the traffic shaper, and the packet was dropped.

- C. The original traffic exceeded the maximum bandwidth of the outgoing interface, and the packet was dropped.
- D. The original traffic exceeded the maximum bandwidth configured in the traffic shaper, and the packet was dropped.

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 15

Refer to the exhibits.

```
dcl_fgt # show vpn ipsec phase1-interface T_INET_1_0
config vpn ipsec phase1-interface
  edit "T_INET_1_0"
    set type dynamic
    set interface "port2"
    set ike-version 2
    set keylife 28800
    set peertype any
    set net-device disable
    set proposal aes128-sha256
    set add-route disable
    set psksecret ENC
GayzHJ/UhxCc9FYtwas5o4rkNCMjjNUEj4Q4f2NS6I65RIVF9zum6sJALsU9Cg+1jsXz3ZtIM+WNkHLsXkHqydgS
G/2x8Vp9Rcht6zKHPEctOcFVbaG+Ue03Rw41pmGP/Z3rIz3tdXJxfYSzKjRqggqahsmDovkrKRHTVFU1zA07Zt6W
iPL9co/Zf3cX+Qpnm38MQ==
  next
end
```

```
dcl_fgt # diagnose vpn tunnel list name T_INET_1_0_0
list ipsec tunnel by names in vd 0
-----
name=T_INET_1_0_0 ver=2 serial=7 100.64.1.9:0->192.2.0.9:0 tun_id=192.2.0.9 dst_mtu=0
dpd-link=on weight=1
bound_if=4 lgwy=static/1 tun=tunnel/255 mode=dial_inst/3 encap=none/8832
options[2280]=rgwy-chg frag-rfc run_state=0 accept_traffic=1 overlay_id=0
parent=T_INET_1_0 index=0
proxyid_num=1 child_num=0 refcnt=6 ilast=17 olast=23464 ad=/0
stat: rxp=0 txp=0 rxb=0 txb=0
dpd: mode=on-demand on=1 idle=20000ms retry=3 count=0 seqno=1
natt: mode=none draft=0 interval=0 remote_port=0
proxyid=T_INET_1_0_0 proto=0 sa=1 ref=2 serial=1 add-route
  src: 0:0.0.0.0-255.255.255.255:0
  dst: 0:10.0.1.0-10.0.1.255:0
  SA: ref=3 options=20683 type=00 soft=0 mtu=1280 expire=972/0B replaywin=2048
    seqno=1 esn=0 replaywin_lastseq=00000000 itn=0 qat=0 hash_search_len=1
  life: type=01 bytes=0/0 timeout=1790/1800
  dec: spi=02f9844e esp=aes key=16 7fb5011247248d3a45ac3d802d8c8d64
    ah=sha1 key=20 bb217ce87ae060f27823b005005233811993a303
  enc: spi=ffc6576a esp=aes key=16 825bddbc5c995feb70411a773867c2d0
    ah=sha1 key=20 02db4176f7f21fae7d141526099a707f639893f1
  dec:pkts/bytes=0/0, enc:pkts/bytes=0/0
```

Which two statements about the IPsec VPN configuration and the status of the IPsec VPN tunnel are true? (Choose two.)

- A. FortiGate does not install IPsec static routes for remote protected networks in the routing table.
- B. The phase 1 configuration supports the network-overlay setting.
- C. FortiGate facilitated the negotiation of the T_INET_1_0_0 ADVPN shortcut over T_INET_1_0.
- D. Dead peer detection is disabled.

Answer: AB

NEW QUESTION 18

Refer to the exhibit.

```

config vpn ipsec phase1-interface
  edit "FIRST_VPN"
    set type dynamic
    set interface "port1"
    set peertype any
    set proposal aes128-sha256 aes256-sha38
    set dhgrp 14 15 19
    set xauthtype auto
    set authusrgrp "first-group"
    set psksecret fortinet1
  next
  edit "SECOND_VPN"
    set type dynamic
    set interface "port1"
    set peertype any
    set proposal aes128-sha256 aes256-sha38
    set dhgrp 14 15 19
    set xauthtype auto
    set authusrgrp "second-group"
    set psksecret fortinet2
  next
edit

```

FortiGate has multiple dial-up VPN interfaces incoming on port1 that match only FIRST_VPN.

Which two configuration changes must be made to both IPsec VPN interfaces to allow incoming connections to match all possible IPsec dial-up interfaces? (Choose two.)

- A. Specify a unique peer ID for each dial-up VPN interface.
- B. Use different proposals are used between the interfaces.
- C. Configure the IKE mode to be aggressive mode.
- D. Use unique Diffie Hellman groups on each VPN interface.

Answer: AC

NEW QUESTION 19

Which two interfaces are considered overlay links? (Choose two.)

- A. LAG
- B. IPsec
- C. Physical
- D. GRE

Answer: BD

NEW QUESTION 21

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