

## Exam Questions AZ-305

Designing Microsoft Azure Infrastructure Solutions

<https://www.2passeasy.com/dumps/AZ-305/>



NEW QUESTION 1

- (Exam Topic 5)

You plan to deploy the backup policy shown in the following exhibit.

Policy1

Associated items

Delete

Save

Discard

Backup frequency

Daily

6:00 PM

(UTC) Coordinated Universal Time

Retention range

☒ Retention of daily backup point.

\* At

For

Day(s)

6:00 PM

90

☒ Retention of weekly backup point.

\* On

\* At

For

Week(s)

Sunday

6:00 PM

26

☒ Retention of monthly backup point.

Week Based

Day Based

\* On

\* Day

\* At

For

Month(s)

First

Sunday

6:00 PM

36

☐ Retention of yearly backup point.

Not Configured

Use the drop-down menus to select the answer choice that completes each statement based on the information presented in the graphic.

NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point.

Answer Area

Virtual machines that are backed up by using the policy can be recovered for up to a maximum of [answer choice]:

90 days

26 weeks

36 months

45 months

The minimum recovery point objective (RPO) for virtual machines that are backed up by using the policy is [answer choice]:

1 hour

1 day

1 week

1 month

1 year

- A. Mastered  
B. Not Mastered

Answer: A

Explanation:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/backup/backup-azure-vm-backup-faq#what-s-the-minimum-rpo-and-rto>

NEW QUESTION 2

- (Exam Topic 5)

You have five .NET Core applications that run on 10 Azure virtual machines in the same subscription.

You need to recommend a solution to ensure that the applications can authenticate by using the same Azure Active Directory (Azure AD) identity. The solution must meet the following requirements:

- Ensure that the applications can authenticate only when running on the 10 virtual machines.
- Minimize administrative effort.

What should you include in the recommendation? To answer, select the appropriate options in the answer area. NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point.

To provision the Azure AD identity:

▼

Create a system-assigned Managed Service Identity

Create a user-assigned Managed Service Identity

Register each application in Azure AD

To authenticate request a token by using:

▼

An Azure AD v1.0 endpoint

An Azure AD v2.0 endpoint

An Azure Instance Metadata Service Identity

OAuth2 endpoint

- A. Mastered
- B. Not Mastered

**Answer:** A

**Explanation:**

Graphical user interface, text, application, email Description automatically generated

**NEW QUESTION 3**

- (Exam Topic 5)

You have an Azure Data Lake Storage account that contains 1,000 10-MB CSV files and an Azure Synapse Analytics dedicated SQL pool named sql1. You need to load the files to sql1. The solution must meet the following requirements:

- Maximize data load performance.
- Eliminate the need to define external tables before the data loads. What should you use?

- A. the copy statement
- B. PolyBase
- C. BCP
- D. the sqlBulkcopy object

**Answer:** B

**NEW QUESTION 4**

- (Exam Topic 5)

You have an application that is used by 6,000 users to validate their vacation requests. The application manages its own credential

Users must enter a username and password to access the application. The application does NOT support identity providers.

You plan to upgrade the application to use single sign-on (SSO) authentication by using an Azure Active Directory (Azure AD) application registration.

Which SSO method should you use?

- A. password-based
- B. OpenID Connect
- C. header-based
- D. SAML

**Answer:** D

**NEW QUESTION 5**

- (Exam Topic 5)

Your company has offices in the United States, Europe, Asia, and Australia.

You have an on-premises app named App1 that uses Azure Table storage. Each office hosts a local instance of App1.

You need to upgrade the storage for App1. The solution must meet the following requirements:

- Enable simultaneous write operations in multiple Azure regions.
- Ensure that write latency is less than 10 ms.
- Support indexing on all columns.
- Minimize development effort. Which data platform should you use?

- A. Azure SQL Database
- B. Azure SQL Managed Instance
- C. Azure Cosmos DB
- D. Table storage that uses geo-zone-redundant storage (GZRS) replication

**Answer:** D

**Explanation:**

Azure Cosmos DB Table API has

- Single-digit millisecond latency for reads and writes, backed with <10-ms latency reads and <15-ms latency writes at the 99th percentile, at any scale, anywhere in the world.
- Automatic and complete indexing on all properties, no index management.
- Turnkey global distribution from one to 30+ regions. Support for automatic and manual failovers at any time, anywhere in the world.

Reference:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/cosmos-db/table-support>

#### NEW QUESTION 6

- (Exam Topic 5)

You have an Azure subscription. The subscription contains Azure virtual machines that run Windows Server 2016 and Linux.

You need to use Azure Log Analytics design an alerting strategy for security-related events.

Which Log Analytics tables should you query? To answer, drag the appropriate tables to the correct log types. Each value may be used once, more than once, or not at all. You may need to drag the split bar between panes or scroll to view content.

NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point.

Tables	Answer Area
AzureActivity	Events from Windows event logs: <span>Table</span>
AzureDiagnostics	Events from Linux system logging: <span>Table</span>
Event	
Syslog	

- A. Mastered
- B. Not Mastered

**Answer:** A

#### Explanation:

Graphical user interface, table Description automatically generated with medium confidence

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/azure-monitor/platform/log-analytics-agent>

Windows Event logs --> Information sent to the Windows event logging system. Syslog --> Information sent to the Linux event logging system.

#### NEW QUESTION 7

- (Exam Topic 5)

You architect a solution that calculates 3D geometry from height-map data. You have the following requirements:

Perform calculations in Azure.

Each node must communicate data to every other node.

Maximize the number of nodes to calculate multiple scenes as fast as possible.

Require the least amount of effort to implement. You need to recommend a solution.

Which two actions should you recommend? Each correct answer presents part of the solution. NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point.

- A. Create a render farm that uses Azure Batch.
- B. Enable parallel file systems on Azure.
- C. Enable parallel task execution on compute nodes.
- D. Create a render farm that uses virtual machine (VM) scale sets.
- E. Create a render farm that uses virtual machines (VMs).

**Answer:** AC

#### NEW QUESTION 8

- (Exam Topic 5)

Note: This question is part of a series of questions that present the same scenario. Each question in the series contains a unique solution that might meet the stated goals. Some question sets might have more than one correct solution, while others might not have a correct solution.

After you answer a question in this section, you will NOT be able to return to it. As a result, these questions will not appear in the review screen.

You need to deploy resources to host a stateless web app in an Azure subscription. The solution must meet the following requirements:

- Provide access to the full .NET framework.
- Provide redundancy if an Azure region fails.
- Grant administrators access to the operating system to install custom application dependencies.

Solution: You deploy two Azure virtual machines to two Azure regions, and you create a Traffic Manager profile.

Does this meet the goal?

- A. Yes
- B. No

**Answer:** A

#### Explanation:

Azure Traffic Manager is a DNS-based traffic load balancer that enables you to distribute traffic optimally to services across global Azure regions, while providing high availability and responsiveness.



<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/traffic-manager/traffic-manager-overview>

NEW QUESTION 9

- (Exam Topic 5)

You have an Azure Load Balancer named LB1 that balances requests to five Azure virtual machines. You need to develop a monitoring solution for LB1. The solution must generate an alert when any of the following conditions are met:

- > A virtual machine is unavailable.
- > Connection attempts exceed 50,000 per minute.

Which signal should you include in the solution for each condition? To answer, select the appropriate options in the answer area.

NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point.

An unavailable virtual machine:

Byte Count

Data Path Availability

Health Probe Status

Packet Count

SYN Count

More than 50,000 connection attempts per minute:

Byte Count

Data Path Availability

Health Probe Status

Packet Count

SYN Count

- A. Mastered  
B. Not Mastered

Answer: A

Explanation:

Graphical user interface, text, application Description automatically generated

Box 1: Data path availability

Standard Load Balancer continuously exercises the data path from within a region to the load balancer front end, all the way to the SDN stack that supports your VM. As long as healthy instances remain, the measurement follows the same path as your application's load-balanced traffic. The data path that your customers use is also validated. The measurement is invisible to your application and does not interfere with other operations.

Note: Load balancer distributes inbound flows that arrive at the load balancer's front end to backend pool instances. These flows are according to configured load-balancing rules and health probes. The backend pool instances can be Azure Virtual Machines or instances in a virtual machine scale set.

Box 2: SYN count

SYN (synchronize) count: Standard Load Balancer does not terminate Transmission Control Protocol (TCP) connections or interact with TCP or UDP packet flows. Flows and their handshakes are always between the source and the VM instance. To better troubleshoot your TCP protocol scenarios, you can make use of SYN packets counters to understand how many TCP connection attempts are made. The metric reports the number of TCP SYN packets that were received.

Reference:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/load-balancer/load-balancer-standard-diagnostics>

NEW QUESTION 10

- (Exam Topic 5)

Your company identifies the following business continuity and disaster recovery objectives for virtual machines that host sales, finance, and reporting application in the company's on-premises data center.

- The finance application requires that data be retained for seven years. In the event of a disaster, the application must be able to run from Azure. The recovery in objective (RTO) is 10 minutes,
- The reporting application must be able to recover point in-time data al a daily granularity. The RTO is eight hours.
- The sales application must be able to fail over to second on-premises data center.

You need to recommend which Azure services meet the business community and disaster recovery objectives. The solution must minimize costs.

What should you recommend for each application? To answer, drag the appropriate services to the correct application. Each service may be used owe. More than once not at an You may need to drag the spin bar between panes or scroll 10 view content.

Actions

Azure Backup only

Azure Site Recovery only

Azure Site Recovery and Azure Backup

Answer Area

◀

▶

Sales:

Service or Services

Finance:

Service or Services

Reporting:

Service or Services

- A. Mastered  
B. Not Mastered

**Answer:** A

**Explanation:**

- 1) Sales: Azure Site Recovery only
- 2) Finance: Azure Site Recovery and Azure Backup
- 3) Reporting: Azure Backup only

**NEW QUESTION 10**

- (Exam Topic 5)

Note: This question is part of a series of questions that present the same scenario. Each question in the series contains a unique solution that might meet the stated goals. Some question sets might have more than one correct solution, while others might not have a correct solution.

After you answer a question in this section, you will NOT be able to return to it. As a result, these questions will not appear in the review screen.

You plan to deploy multiple instances of an Azure web app across several Azure regions.

You need to design an access solution for the app. The solution must meet the following replication requirements:

- > Support rate limiting.
- > Balance requests between all instances.
- > Ensure that users can access the app in the event of a regional outage. Solution: You use Azure Application Gateway to provide access to the app. Does this meet the goal?

A. Yes

B. No

**Answer:** B

**NEW QUESTION 14**

- (Exam Topic 5)

You have an Azure subscription that contains an Azure SQL database. You plan to use Azure reservations on the Azure SQL database.

To which resource type will the reservation discount be applied?

- A. vCore compute
- B. DTU compute
- C. Storage
- D. License

**Answer:** A

**Explanation:**

Quantity: The amount of compute resources being purchased within the capacity reservation. The quantity is a number of vCores in the selected Azure region and Performance tier that are being reserved and will get the billing discount. For example, if you run or plan to run multiple databases with the total compute capacity of Gen5 16 vCores in the East US region, then you would specify the quantity as 16 to maximize the benefit for all the databases.

Reference:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/azure-sql/database/reserved-capacity-overview>

**NEW QUESTION 15**

- (Exam Topic 5)

Your on-premises network contains a server named Server1 that runs an ASP.NET application named App1. You have a hybrid deployment of Azure Active Directory (Azure AD).

You need to recommend a solution to ensure that users sign in by using their Azure AD account and Azure Multi-Factor Authentication (MFA) when they connect to App1 from the internet.

Which three Azure services should you recommend be deployed and configured in sequence? To answer, move the appropriate services from the list of services to the answer area and arrange them in the correct order.

Services	Answer Area
an internal Azure Load Balancer	
an Azure AD conditional access policy	
Azure AD Application Proxy	
an Azure AD managed identity	
a public Azure Load Balancer	
an Azure AD enterprise application	
an App Service plan	

A. Mastered

B. Not Mastered

**Answer:** A

**Explanation:**

AD Application Proxy

AD Enterprise Application AD Conditional access policy  
<https://thesleepyadmins.com/2019/02/>

NEW QUESTION 17

- (Exam Topic 5)

You have the resources shown in the following table.

Name	Type	Resource group
VM1	Azure virtual machine	RG1
VM2	On-premises virtual machine	Not applicable

You create a new resource group in Azure named RG2. You need to move the virtual machines to RG2.  
What should you use to move each virtual machine? To answer, select the appropriate options in the answer area.  
NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point.

VM1:

Azure Arc

Azure Lighthouse

Azure Migrate

Azure Resource Mover

The Data Migration Assistant (DMA)

VM2:

Azure Arc

Azure Lighthouse

Azure Migrate

Azure Resource Mover

The Data Migration Assistant (DMA)

- A. Mastered
- B. Not Mastered

Answer: A

Explanation:

VM1:

Azure Arc

Azure Lighthouse

Azure Migrate

Azure Resource Mover

The Data Migration Assistant (DMA)

VM2:

Azure Arc

Azure Lighthouse

Azure Migrate

Azure Resource Mover

The Data Migration Assistant (DMA)

NEW QUESTION 19

- (Exam Topic 5)

You plan to archive 10 TB of on-premises data files to Azure.  
You need to recommend a data archival solution. The solution must minimize the cost of storing the data files. Which Azure Storage account type should you include in the recommendation?

- A. Standard StorageV2 (general purpose v2)
- B. Standard Storage (general purpose v1)
- C. Premium StorageV2 (general purpose v2)
- D. Premium Storage (general purpose v1)

Answer: A

Explanation:

Standard StorageV2 supports the Archive access tier, which would be the cheapest solution. Reference:  
<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/storage/common/storage-introduction>

NEW QUESTION 21

- (Exam Topic 5)

You need to deploy resources to host a stateless web app in an Azure subscription. The solution must meet the following requirements:

- Provide access to the full .NET framework.
- Provide redundancy if an Azure region fails.
- Grant administrators access to the operating system to install custom application dependencies.

Solution: You deploy an Azure virtual machine to two Azure regions, and you deploy an Azure Application Gateway.

Does this meet the goal?

- A. Yes  
B. No

**Answer: B**

**Explanation:**

You need to deploy two Azure virtual machines to two Azure regions, but also create a Traffic Manager profile.

#### NEW QUESTION 26

- (Exam Topic 5)

You have an Azure App Service web app that uses a system-assigned managed identity.

You need to recommend a solution to store their settings of the web app as secrets in an Azure key vault. The solution must meet the following requirements:

- Minimize changes to the app code,
- Use the principle of least privilege.

What should you include in the recommendation? To answer, select the appropriate options in the answer area.

**Answer Area**

Key Vault integration method:

Key Vault references in Application settings  
Key Vault references in Appsettings.json  
Key Vault references in Web.config  
Key Vault SDK

Key Vault permissions for the managed identity:

Keys: Get  
Keys: List and Get  
Secrets: Get  
Secrets: List and Get

- A. Mastered  
B. Not Mastered

**Answer: A**

**Explanation:**

**Answer Area**

Key Vault integration method:

Key Vault references in Application settings  
Key Vault references in Appsettings.json  
Key Vault references in Web.config  
Key Vault SDK

Key Vault permissions for the managed identity:

Keys: Get  
Keys: List and Get  
Secrets: Get  
Secrets: List and Get

#### NEW QUESTION 29

- (Exam Topic 5)

You have an Azure subscription. The subscription has a blob container that contains multiple blobs. Ten users in the finance department of your company plan to access the blobs during the month of April. You need to recommend a solution to enable access to the blobs during the month of April only. Which security solution should you include in the recommendation?

- A. shared access signatures (SAS)  
B. access keys  
C. conditional access policies  
D. certificates

**Answer: A**

**Explanation:**

Reference:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/storage/common/storage-sas-overview>



This allows for limited-time fine grained access control to resources. So you can generate URL, specify duration (for month of April) and disseminate URL to 10 team members. On May 1, the SAS token is automatically invalidated, denying team members continued access.

#### NEW QUESTION 34

- (Exam Topic 5)

Note: This question is part of a series of questions that present the same scenario. Each question in the series contains a unique solution that might meet the stated goals. Some question sets might have more than one correct solution, while others might not have a correct solution.

After you answer a question in this section, you will NOT be able to return to it. As a result, these questions will not appear in the review screen.

You are designing an Azure solution for a company that has four departments. Each department will deploy several Azure app services and Azure SQL databases. You need to recommend a solution to report the costs for each department to deploy the app services and the databases. The solution must provide a consolidated view for cost reporting that displays cost broken down by department.

Solution: Create a separate resource group for each department. Place the resources for each department in its respective resource group.

Does this meet the goal?

A. Yes

B. No

**Answer: B**

#### Explanation:

Instead create a resources group for each resource type. Assign tags to each resource group.

Note: Tags enable you to retrieve related resources from different resource groups. This approach is helpful when you need to organize resources for billing or management.

Reference:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/azure-resource-manager/resource-group-using-tags>

#### NEW QUESTION 35

- (Exam Topic 5)

You have an Azure subscription that is linked to an Azure Active Directory Premium Plan 2 tenant The tenant has multi-factor authentication (MFA) enabled for all users.

You have the named locations shown in the following table.

Name	IP address range	Trusted
NY	192.168.2.0/27	Yes
DC	192.168.1.0/27	No
LA	192.168.3.0/27	No

You have the users shown in the following table.

Name	Device operating system	User-risk level	Matching compliance policies
User1	Windows 10	High	None
User2	Windows 10	Medium	None
User3	macOS	Low	None

You plan to deploy the Conditional Access policies shown in the following table.

Name	Assignment	Conditions: Locations	Conditions: User risk	Conditions: Sign-in risk	Access Control: Grant
CA1	All users	Trusted locations	High, Medium	None	Block access
CA2	All users	NY	None	High, Medium	Block access
CA3	All users	LA	None	None	Grant access: Require device to marked as compliant

For each of the following statements, select Yes if the statement is true. Otherwise, select No.

NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point.

#### Statements

Yes

No

To ensure that the conditions in CA1 can be evaluated, you must enforce an Azure Active Directory (Azure AD) Identity Protection user risk policy .

☐

☐

To ensure that the conditions in CA2 can be evaluated, you must enforce an Azure Active Directory (Azure AD) Identity Protection sign-in risk policy.

☐

☐

To ensure that the conditions in CA3 can be evaluated, you must deploy Microsoft Endpoint Manager.

☐

☐

A. Mastered

B. Not Mastered

**Answer: A**

#### Explanation:

A screenshot of a computer Description automatically generated with medium confidence

#### NEW QUESTION 40

- (Exam Topic 5)

You are developing a sales application that will contain several Azure cloud services and handle different components of a transaction. Different cloud services will process customer orders, billing, payment inventory, and shipping.

You need to recommend a solution to enable the cloud services to asynchronously communicate transaction information by using XML messages.

What should you include in the recommendation?

- A. Azure Data Lake
- B. Azure Notification Hubs
- C. Azure Queue Storage
- D. Azure Service Fabric

**Answer: D**

#### NEW QUESTION 43

- (Exam Topic 5)

You plan to deploy an Azure App Service web app that will have multiple instances across multiple Azure regions.

You need to recommend a load balancing service for the planned deployment. The solution must meet the following requirements:

- Maintain access to the app in the event of a regional outage.
- Support Azure Web Application Firewall (WAF).
- Support cookie-based affinity.
- Support URL routing.

What should you include in the recommendation?

- A. Azure Front Door
- B. Azure Load Balancer
- C. Azure Traffic Manager
- D. Azure Application Gateway

**Answer: B**

#### Explanation:

Azure Traffic Manager performs the global load balancing of web traffic across Azure regions, which have a regional load balancer based on Azure Application Gateway. This combination gets you the benefits of Traffic Manager many routing rules and Application Gateway's capabilities such as WAF, TLS termination, path-based routing, cookie-based session affinity among others.

Reference:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/application-gateway/features>

#### NEW QUESTION 45

- (Exam Topic 5)

You plan to move a web application named App1 from an on-premises data center to Azure. App1 depends on a custom COM component that is installed on the host server.

You need to recommend a solution to host App1 in Azure. The solution must meet the following requirements:

- App1 must be available to users if an Azure data center becomes unavailable.
- Costs must be minimized.

What should you include in the recommendation?

- A. In two Azure regions, deploy a load balancer and a virtual machine scale set.
- B. In two Azure regions, deploy a Traffic Manager profile and a web app.
- C. In two Azure regions, deploy a load balancer and a web app.
- D. Deploy a load balancer and a virtual machine scale set across two availability zones.

**Answer: D**

#### Explanation:

(<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/dotnet/azure/migration/app-service#com-and-com-components>)

Azure App Service does not allow the registration of COM components on the platform. If your app makes use of any COM components, these need to be rewritten in managed code and deployed with the site or application. <https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/dotnet/azure/migration/app-service>

"Azure App Service with Windows Containers If your app cannot be migrated directly to App Service, consider App Service using Windows Containers, which enables usage of the GAC, COM components, MSIs, full access to .NET FX APIs, DirectX, and more."

#### NEW QUESTION 48

- (Exam Topic 5)

You have an application named App1. App1 generates log files that must be archived for five years. The log files must be readable by App1 but must not be modified.

Which storage solution should you recommend for archiving?

- A. Ingest the log files into an Azure Log Analytics workspace
- B. Use an Azure Blob storage account and a time-based retention policy
- C. Use an Azure Blob storage account configured to use the Archive access tier
- D. Use an Azure file share that has access control enabled

**Answer: B**

#### Explanation:

Immutable storage for Azure Blob storage enables users to store business-critical data objects in a WORM (Write Once, Read Many) state.

Immutable storage supports:

Time-based retention policy support: Users can set policies to store data for a specified interval. When a time-based retention policy is set, blobs can be created and read, but not modified or deleted. After the retention period has expired, blobs can be deleted but not overwritten.

Reference:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/storage/blobs/storage-blob-immutable-storage>

#### NEW QUESTION 51

- (Exam Topic 5)

The accounting department at your company migrates to a new financial accounting software. The accounting department must keep file-based database backups for seven years for compliance purposes. It is unlikely that the backups will be used to recover data.

You need to move the backups to Azure. The solution must minimize costs. Where should you store the backups?

- A. Azure Blob storage that uses the Archive tier
- B. Azure SQL Database
- C. Azure Blob storage that uses the Cool tier
- D. a Recovery Services vault

**Answer:** A

#### Explanation:

Azure Front Door enables you to define, manage, and monitor the global routing for your web traffic by optimizing for best performance and instant global failover for high availability. With Front Door, you can transform your global (multi-region) consumer and enterprise applications into robust, high-performance personalized modern applications, APIs, and content that reaches a global audience with Azure.

Front Door works at Layer 7 or HTTP/HTTPS layer and uses anycast protocol with split TCP and Microsoft's global network for improving global connectivity.

Reference:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/frontdoor/front-door-overview>

#### NEW QUESTION 52

- (Exam Topic 5)

Your company has two on-premises sites in New York and Los Angeles and Azure virtual networks in the East US Azure region and the West US Azure region.

Each on-premises site has Azure ExpressRoute circuits to both regions.

You need to recommend a solution that meets the following requirements:

- Outbound traffic to the Internet from workloads hosted on the virtual networks must be routed through the closest available on-premises site.
- If an on-premises site fails, traffic from the workloads on the virtual networks to the Internet must reroute automatically to the other site.

What should you include in the recommendation? To answer, select the appropriate options in the answer area. NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point.

## Answer Area

Routing from the virtual networks to the on-premises locations must be configured by using:

	▼
Azure default routes	
Border Gateway Protocol (BGP)	
User-defined routes	

The automatic routing configuration following a failover must be handled by using:

	▼
Border Gateway Protocol (BGP)	
Hot Standby Routing Protocol (HSRP)	
Virtual Router Redundancy Protocol (VRRP)	

- A. Mastered
- B. Not Mastered

**Answer:** A

#### Explanation:

Graphical user interface, text, application, email Description automatically generated

An on-premises network gateway can exchange routes with an Azure virtual network gateway using the border gateway protocol (BGP). Using BGP with an Azure virtual network gateway is dependent on the type you selected when you created the gateway. If the type you selected were: ExpressRoute: You must use BGP to advertise on-premises routes to the Microsoft Edge router. You cannot create user-defined routes to force traffic to the ExpressRoute virtual network gateway if you deploy a virtual network gateway deployed as type: ExpressRoute. You can use user-defined routes for forcing traffic from the Express Route to, for example, a Network Virtual Appliance.

<https://docs.microsoft.com/ja-jp/azure/expressroute/designing-for-disaster-recovery-with-expressroute-privatepe> <https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/expressroute/expressroute-optimize-routing#suboptimal-routing-from-cu>

#### NEW QUESTION 56

- (Exam Topic 5)

You plan provision a High Performance Computing (HPC) cluster in Azure that will use a third-party scheduler.

You need to recommend a solution to provision and manage the HPC cluster node. What should you include in the recommendation?

- A. Azure Lighthouse
- B. Azure CycleCloud
- C. Azure Purview
- D. Azure Automation



Answer: B

#### Explanation:

You can dynamically provision Azure HPC clusters with Azure CycleCloud. Azure CycleCloud is the simplest way to manage HPC workloads.

Note: Azure CycleCloud is an enterprise-friendly tool for orchestrating and managing High Performance Computing (HPC) environments on Azure. With CycleCloud, users can provision infrastructure for HPC systems, deploy familiar HPC schedulers, and automatically scale the infrastructure to run jobs efficiently at any scale. Through CycleCloud, users can create different types of file systems and mount them to the compute cluster nodes to support HPC workloads.

Reference:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/cyclecloud/overview>

#### NEW QUESTION 57

- (Exam Topic 5)

You have an Azure subscription that contains the SQL servers shown in the following table.

Name	Resource group	Location
SQLsvr1	RG1	East US
SQLsvr2	RG2	West US

The subscription contains the storage accounts shown in the following table.

Name	Resource group	Location	Account kind
storage1	RG1	East US	StorageV2 (general purposev2)
storage2	RG2	Central US	BlobStorage

You create the Azure SQL databases shown in the following table.

Name	Resource group	Server	Pricing tier
SQLdb1	RG1	SQLsvr1	Standard
SQLdb2	RG1	SQLsvr1	Standard
SQLdb3	RG2	SQLsvr2	Premium

#### Answer Area

#### Statements

Yes No

When you enable auditing for SQLdb1, you can store the audit information to storage1.

☐ ☐

When you enable auditing for SQLdb2, you can store the audit information to storage2.

☐ ☐

When you enable auditing for SQLdb3, you can store the audit information to storage2.

☐ ☐

- A. Mastered
- B. Not Mastered

Answer: A

#### Explanation:

Box 1: Yes

Be sure that the destination is in the same region as your database and server.

Box 2: No

Box 3: Yes

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/sql-database/sql-database-auditing>

Reference:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/sql-database/sql-database-auditing>

[https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/previous-versions/azure/dn741340\(v=azure.100\)?redirectedfrom=MSDN](https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/previous-versions/azure/dn741340(v=azure.100)?redirectedfrom=MSDN)

#### NEW QUESTION 62

- (Exam Topic 5)

You need to design a solution that will execute custom C# code in response to an event routed to Azure Event Grid. The solution must meet the following requirements:

➤ The executed code must be able to access the private IP address of a Microsoft SQL Server instance that runs on an Azure virtual machine.

Costs must be minimized.

What should you include in the solution?

- A. Azure Logic Apps in the integrated service environment
- B. Azure Functions in the Dedicated plan and the Basic Azure App Service plan
- C. Azure Logic Apps in the Consumption plan
- D. Azure Functions in the Consumption plan



**Answer:** D

**Explanation:**

When you create a function app in Azure, you must choose a hosting plan for your app. There are three basic hosting plans available for Azure Functions: Consumption plan, Premium plan, and Dedicated (App Service) plan.  
 For the Consumption plan, you don't have to pay for idle VMs or reserve capacity in advance. Connect to private endpoints with Azure Functions  
 As enterprises continue to adopt serverless (and Platform-as-a-Service, or PaaS) solutions, they often need a way to integrate with existing resources on a virtual network. These existing resources could be databases, file storage, message queues or event streams, or REST APIs.  
 Reference:  
<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/azure-functions/functions-scale> <https://techcommunity.microsoft.com/t5/azure-functions/connect-to-private-endpoints-with-azure-functions/ba-p>

**NEW QUESTION 66**

- (Exam Topic 5)

You store web access logs data in Azure Blob storage. You plan to generate monthly reports from the access logs.  
 You need to recommend an automated process to upload the data to Azure SQL Database every month. What should you include in the recommendation?

- A. Azure Data Factory
- B. Data Migration Assistant
- C. Microsoft SQL Server Migration Assistant (SSMA)
- D. AzCopy

**Answer:** A

**Explanation:**

Azure Data Factory is the platform that solves such data scenarios. It is the cloud-based ETL and data integration service that allows you to create data-driven workflows for orchestrating data movement and transforming data at scale. Using Azure Data Factory, you can create and schedule data-driven workflows (called pipelines) that can ingest data from disparate data stores. You can build complex ETL processes that transform data visually with data flows or by using compute services such as Azure HDInsight Hadoop, Azure Databricks, and Azure SQL Database.  
 Reference:  
<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-gb/azure/data-factory/introduction>

**NEW QUESTION 67**

- (Exam Topic 5)

You plan to import data from your on-premises environment to Azure. The data is shown in the following table.

On-premises source	Azure target
A Microsoft SQL Server 2012 database	An Azure SQL database
A table in a Microsoft SQL Server 2014 database	An Azure Cosmos DB account that uses the SQL API

What should you recommend using to migrate the data? To answer, drag the appropriate tools to the correct data sources-Each tool may be used once, more than once, or not at all. You may need to drag the split bar between panes or scroll to view content.

NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point.

**Tools**

- AzCopy
- Azure Cosmos DB Data Migration Tool
- Data Management Gateway
- Data Migration Assistant

**Answer Area**

From the SQL Server 2012 database:

From the table in the SQL Server 2014 database:

- A. Mastered
- B. Not Mastered

**Answer:** A

**Explanation:**

References:  
<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/dms/tutorial-sql-server-to-azure-sql> <https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/cosmos-db/import-data>

**NEW QUESTION 70**

- (Exam Topic 5)

Note: This question is part of a series of questions that present the same scenario. Each question in the series contains a unique solution that might meet the stated goals. Some question sets might have more than one correct solution, while others might not have a correct solution.  
 After you answer a question in this section, you will NOT be able to return to it. As a result, these questions will not appear in the review screen.  
 Your company plans to deploy various Azure App Service instances that will use Azure SQL databases. The App Service instances will be deployed at the same time as the Azure SQL databases.  
 The company has a regulatory requirement to deploy the App Service instances only to specific Azure regions. The resources for the App Service instances must reside in the same region.  
 You need to recommend a solution to meet the regulatory requirement.  
 Solution: You recommend creating resource groups based on locations and implementing resource locks on the resource groups.  
 Does this meet the goal?

- A. Yes
- B. No

Answer: B

**Explanation:**

Resource locks are not used for compliance purposes. Resource locks prevent changes from being made to resources.

Reference:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/azure-resource-manager/management/lock-resources>

**NEW QUESTION 72**

- (Exam Topic 5)

You have an Azure web app named App1 and an Azure key vault named KV1. App1 stores database connection strings in KV1.

App1 performs the following types of requests to KV1:

- > Get
- > List
- > Wrap
- > Delete
- > Unwrap
- > Backup
- > Decrypt
- > Encrypt

You are evaluating the continuity of service for App1.

You need to identify the following if the Azure region that hosts KV1 becomes unavailable:

- > To where will KV1 fail over?
- > During the failover, which request type will be unavailable?

What should you identify? To answer, select the appropriate options in the answer area.

NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point.

To where will KV1 fail over?

<input type="checkbox"/> A server in the same Availability Set
<input type="checkbox"/> A server in the same fault domain
<input type="checkbox"/> A server in the same paired region
<input type="checkbox"/> A virtual machine in a scale set

During the failover, which request type will be unavailable?

<input type="checkbox"/> Backup
<input type="checkbox"/> Decrypt
<input type="checkbox"/> Delete
<input type="checkbox"/> Encrypt
<input type="checkbox"/> Get
<input type="checkbox"/> List
<input type="checkbox"/> Unwrap
<input type="checkbox"/> Wrap

- A. Mastered
- B. Not Mastered

Answer: A

**Explanation:**

Table Description automatically generated

Box 1: A server in the same paired region

The contents of your key vault are replicated within the region and to a secondary region at least 150 miles away, but within the same geography to maintain high durability of your keys and secrets.

Box 2: Delete

During failover, your key vault is in read-only mode. Requests that are supported in this mode are:

- > List certificates
- > Get certificates
- > List secrets
- > Get secrets
- > List keys
- > Get (properties of) keys
- > Encrypt
- > Decrypt

- > Wrap
- > Unwrap
- > Verify
- > Sign
- > Backup

Reference:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/key-vault/general/disaster-recovery-guidance>

#### NEW QUESTION 76

- (Exam Topic 5)

You plan to deploy Azure Databricks to support a machine learning application. Data engineers will mount an Azure Data Lake Storage account to the Databricks file system. Permissions to folders are granted directly to the data engineers.

You need to recommend a design for the planned Databrick deployment. The solution must meet the following requirements:

- > Ensure that the data engineers can only access folders to which they have permissions.
- > Minimize development effort.
- > Minimize costs.

What should you include in the recommendation? To answer, select the appropriate options in the answer area.

NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point.

#### Answer Area

Databricks SKU:

	▼
Premium	
Standard	

Cluster configuration:

	▼
Credential passthrough	
Managed identities	
MLflow	
A runtime that contains Photon	
Secret scope	

- A. Mastered
- B. Not Mastered

**Answer:** A

#### Explanation:

Box 1: Standard

Choose Standard to minimize costs.

Box 2: Credential passthrough

Authenticate automatically to Azure Data Lake Storage Gen1 (ADLS Gen1) and Azure Data Lake Storage Gen2 (ADLS Gen2) from Azure Databricks clusters using the same Azure Active Directory (Azure AD) identity that you use to log into Azure Databricks. When you enable Azure Data Lake Storage credential passthrough for your cluster, commands that you run on that cluster can read and write data in Azure Data Lake Storage without requiring you to configure service principal credentials for access to storage.

Reference:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/databricks/security/credential-passthrough/adls-passthrough>

#### NEW QUESTION 81

- (Exam Topic 5)

You have an Azure subscription that contains the storage accounts shown in the following table.

Name	Type	Performance
storage1	StorageV2	Standard
storage2	SstorageV2	Premium
storage3	BlobStorage	Standard
storage4	FileStorage	Premium

You plan to implement two new apps that have the requirements shown in the following table.

Name	Requirement
App1	Use lifecycle management to migrate app data between storage tiers
App2	Store app data in an Azure file share

Which storage accounts should you recommend using for each app? To answer, select the appropriate options in the answer area.

NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point.



App1:

Storage1 and storage2 only
Storage1 and storage3 only
Storage1, storage2, and storage3 only
Storage1, storage2, storage3, and storage4

App2:

Storage4 only
Storage1 and storage4 only
Storage1, storage2, and storage4 only
Storage1, storage2, storage3, and storage4

- A. Mastered  
 B. Not Mastered

**Answer:** A

**Explanation:**

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/storage/common/storage-account-overview> <https://www.edureka.co/community/40011/different-storage-accounts-there-major-difference-between> <https://insidemstech.com/tag/general-purpose-v2/>  
 In conclusion the correct answers are: Box1 --> Storage1 and Storage3 only Box2 --> Storage1 and Storage4 only  
<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/storage/files/storage-how-to-create-file-share?tabs=azure-portal#basics>

**NEW QUESTION 85**

- (Exam Topic 5)

You need to deploy resources to host a stateless web app in an Azure subscription. The solution must meet the following requirements:

- Provide access to the full .NET framework.
- Provide redundancy if an Azure region fails.
- Grant administrators access to the operating system to install custom application dependencies. Solution: You deploy a web app in an Isolated App Service plan. Does this meet the goal?

- A. Yes  
 B. No

**Answer:** B

**Explanation:**

Instead, you should deploy an Azure virtual machine to two Azure regions, and you create a Traffic Manager profile.

**NEW QUESTION 90**

- (Exam Topic 5)

You have an Azure subscription.

Your on-premises network contains a file server named Server1. Server 1 stores 5 TB of company files that are accessed rarely.

You plan to copy the files to Azure Storage.

You need to implement a storage solution for the files that meets the following requirements:

- The files must be available within 24 hours of being requested.
- Storage costs must be minimized.

Which two possible storage solutions achieve this goal? Each correct answer presents a complete solution. NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point.

- A. Create a general-purpose v1 storage account  
 B. Create a blob container and copy the files to the blob container.  
 C. Create a general-purpose v2 storage account that is configured for the Hot default access tier  
 D. Create a blob container, copy the files to the blob container, and set each file to the Archive access tier.  
 E. Create a general-purpose v1 storage account  
 F. Create a file share in the storage account and copy the files to the file share.  
 G. Create a general-purpose v2 storage account that is configured for the Cool default access tier  
 H. Create a file share in the storage account and copy the files to the file share.  
 I. Create an Azure Blob storage account that is configured for the Cool default access tier  
 J. Create a blob container, copy the files to the blob container, and set each file to the Archive access tier.

**Answer:** BE

**Explanation:**

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/storage/blobs/manage-access-tier?tabs=portal>

**NEW QUESTION 92**

- (Exam Topic 5)



Note: This question is part of a series of questions that present the same scenario. Each question in the series contains a unique solution that might meet the stated goals. Some question sets might have more than one correct solution, while others might not have a correct solution.  
 After you answer a question in this section, you will NOT be able to return to it. As a result, these questions will not appear in the review screen.  
 Your company has deployed several virtual machines (VMs) on-premises and to Azure. Azure ExpressRoute has been deployed and configured for on-premises to Azure connectivity.  
 Several VMs are exhibiting network connectivity issues.  
 You need to analyze the network traffic to determine whether packets are being allowed or denied to the VMs. Solution: Use Azure Network Watcher to run IP flow verify to analyze the network traffic  
 Does the solution meet the goal?

- A. Yes
- B. No

**Answer: A**

**Explanation:**

The Network Watcher Network performance monitor is a cloud-based hybrid network monitoring solution that helps you monitor network performance between various points in your network infrastructure. It also helps you monitor network connectivity to service and application endpoints and monitor the performance of Azure ExpressRoute.

Note:

IP flow verify checks if a packet is allowed or denied to or from a virtual machine. The information consists of direction, protocol, local IP, remote IP, local port, and remote port. If the packet is denied by a security group, the name of the rule that denied the packet is returned. While any source or destination IP can be chosen, IP flow verify helps administrators quickly diagnose connectivity issues from or to the internet and from or to the on-premises environment.

IP flow verify looks at the rules for all Network Security Groups (NSGs) applied to the network interface, such as a subnet or virtual machine NIC. Traffic flow is then verified based on the configured settings to or from that network interface. IP flow verify is useful in confirming if a rule in a Network Security Group is blocking ingress or egress traffic to or from a virtual machine.

Reference:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/network-watcher/network-watcher-monitoring-overview> <https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/network-watcher/network-watcher-ip-flow-verify-overview>

**NEW QUESTION 95**

- (Exam Topic 5)

You plan to deploy a network-intensive application to several Azure virtual machines. You need to recommend a solution that meets the following requirements:

- Minimizes the use of the virtual machine processors to transfer data
- Minimizes network latency

Which virtual machine size and feature should you use? To answer, select the appropriate options in the answer area.

NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point.

Virtual machine size:

	▼
Compute optimized Standard_F8s	
General purpose Standard_B8ms	
High performance compute Standard_H16r	
Memory optimized Standard_E16s_v3	

Feature:

	▼
Receive side scaling (RSS)	
Remote Direct Memory Access (RDMA)	
Single root I/O virtualization (SR-IOV)	
Virtual Machine Multi-Queue (VMMQ)	

- A. Mastered
- B. Not Mastered

**Answer: A**

**Explanation:**

Graphical user interface, text, application Description automatically generated

References:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/virtual-machines/windows/sizes-hpc#h-series>

**NEW QUESTION 100**

- (Exam Topic 5)

You have an Azure subscription that contains a storage account.

An application sometimes writes duplicate files to the storage account.

You have a PowerShell script that identifies and deletes duplicate files in the storage account. Currently, the script is run manually after approval from the operations manager.

You need to recommend a serverless solution that performs the following actions:

- Runs the script once an hour to identify whether duplicate files exist
- Processes an email response from the operations manager specifying whether the deletion was approved
- Runs the script if the deletion was approved

What should you include in the recommendation?

- A. Azure Logic Apps and Azure Functions

- B. Azure Pipelines and Azure Service Fabric
- C. Azure Logic Apps and Azure Event Grid
- D. Azure Functions and Azure Batch

**Answer:** A

**Explanation:**

You can schedule a powershell script with Azure Logic Apps.

When you want to run code that performs a specific job in your logic apps, you can create your own function by using Azure Functions. This service helps you create Node.js, C#, and F# functions so you don't have to build a complete app or infrastructure to run code. You can also call logic apps from inside Azure functions. Azure Functions provides serverless computing in the cloud and is useful for performing tasks such as these examples:

Reference:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/logic-apps/logic-apps-azure-functions>

**NEW QUESTION 102**

- (Exam Topic 5)

You are designing an Azure web app.

You plan to deploy the web app to the North Europe Azure region and the West Europe Azure region. You need to recommend a solution for the web app. The solution must meet the following requirements:

- > Users must always access the web app from the North Europe region, unless the region fails.
- > The web app must be available to users if an Azure region is unavailable.
- > Deployment costs must be minimized.

What should you include in the recommendation? To answer, select the appropriate options in the answer area.

NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point.

Request routing method:

	▼
A Traffic Manager profile	
Azure Application Gateway	
Azure Load Balancer	

Request routing configuration:

	▼
Cookie-based session affinity	
Performance traffic routing	
Priority traffic routing	
Weighted traffic routing	

- A. Mastered
- B. Not Mastered

**Answer:** A

**Explanation:**

Graphical user interface, text, application, chat or text message Description automatically generated

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/traffic-manager/traffic-manager-routing-methods#priority-traffic-routing>

**NEW QUESTION 106**

- (Exam Topic 5)

Your company deploys several Linux and Windows virtual machines (VMs) to Azure. The VMs are deployed with the Microsoft Dependency Agent and the Log Analytics Agent installed by using Azure VM extensions. On-premises connectivity has been enabled by using Azure ExpressRoute.

You need to design a solution to monitor the VMs.

Which Azure monitoring services should you use? To answer, select the appropriate Azure monitoring services in the answer area.

NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point.

Scenario	Azure Monitoring Service
Analyze Network Security Group (NSG) flow logs for VMs attempting Internet access.	<div>▼</div> <div> Azure Traffic Analytics  Azure ExpressRoute Monitor  Azure Service Endpoint Monitor  Azure DNS Analytics </div>
Visualize the VMs with their different processes and dependencies on other computers and external processes.	<div>▼</div> <div> Azure Service Map  Azure Activity Log  Azure Service Health  Azure Advisor </div>

- A. Mastered  
B. Not Mastered

**Answer:** A

**Explanation:**

Graphical user interface, text, application Description automatically generated

Box 1: Azure Traffic Analytics

Traffic Analytics is a cloud-based solution that provides visibility into user and application activity in cloud networks. Traffic analytics analyzes Network Watcher network security group (NSG) flow logs to provide insights into traffic flow in your Azure cloud. With traffic analytics, you can:

- Identify security threats to, and secure your network, with information such as open-ports, applications attempting internet access, and virtual machines (VM) connecting to rogue networks.
- Visualize network activity across your Azure subscriptions and identify hot spots.
- Understand traffic flow patterns across Azure regions and the internet to optimize your network deployment for performance and capacity.
- Pinpoint network misconfigurations leading to failed connections in your network.

Box 2: Azure Service Map

Service Map automatically discovers application components on Windows and Linux systems and maps the communication between services. With Service Map, you can view your servers in the way that you think of them: as interconnected systems that deliver critical services. Service Map shows connections between servers, processes, inbound and outbound connection latency, and ports across any TCP-connected architecture, with no configuration required other than the installation of an agent.

References:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/network-watcher/traffic-analytics> <https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/azure-monitor/insights/service-map>

**NEW QUESTION 107**

- (Exam Topic 5)

You have to design a Data Engineering solution for your company. The company currently has an Azure subscription. They also have application data hosted in a database on a Microsoft SQL Server hosted in their on-premises data center server. They want to implement the following requirements Transfer transactional data from the on-premises SQL server onto a data warehouse in Azure. Data needs to be transferred every day in the night as a scheduled job

A managed Spark cluster needs to be in place for data engineers to perform analysis on the data stored in the SQL data warehouse. Here the data engineers should have the ability to develop notebooks in Scale, R and Python.

They also need to have a data lake store in place for the ingestion of data from multiple data sources Which of the following would the use for hosting the data warehouse in Azure?

- A. Azure Data Factory  
B. Azure Databricks  
C. Azure Data Lake Gen2 Storage accounts  
D. Azure Synapse Analytics

**Answer:** D

**NEW QUESTION 109**

- (Exam Topic 5)

You have an Azure Active Directory (Azure AD) tenant that syncs with an on-premises Active Directory domain.

You have an internal web app named WebApp1 that is hosted on-premises. WebApp1 uses Integrated Windows authentication.

Some users work remotely and do NOT have VPN access to the on-premises network.

You need to provide the remote users with single sign-on (SSO) access to WebApp1.

Which two features should you include in the solution? Each correct answer presents part of the solution.

NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point.

- A. Azure AD Application Proxy  
B. Azure AD Privileged Identity Management (PIM)  
C. Conditional Access policies  
D. Azure Arc  
E. Azure AD enterprise applications  
F. Azure Application Gateway

**Answer:** AC

**Explanation:**

A: Application Proxy is a feature of Azure AD that enables users to access on-premises web applications from a remote client. Application Proxy includes both the Application Proxy service which runs in the cloud, and the Application Proxy connector which runs on an on-premises server. You can configure single sign-on to an Application Proxy application.

C: Microsoft recommends using Application Proxy with pre-authentication and Conditional Access policies for remote access from the internet. An approach to provide Conditional Access for intranet use is to modernize applications so they can directly authenticate with AAD. Reference:  
<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/active-directory/app-proxy/application-proxy-config-sso-how-to> <https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/active-directory/app-proxy/application-proxy-deployment-plan>

#### NEW QUESTION 112

- (Exam Topic 5)

Your company has the divisions shown in the following table.

Division	Azure subscription	Azure AD tenant
East	Sub1	Contoso.com
West	Sub2	Fabrikam.com

Sub1 contains an Azure App Service web app named App1. App1 uses Azure AD for single-tenant user authentication. Users from contoso.com can authenticate to App1. You need to recommend a solution to enable users in the fabrikam.com tenant to authenticate to App1. What should you recommend?

- A. Enable Azure AD pass-through authentication and update the sign-in endpoint
- B. Configure the Azure AD provisioning service.
- C. Configure assignments for the fabrikam.com users by using Azure AD Privileged Identity Management (PIM).
- D. Use Azure AD entitlement management to govern external users.

**Answer: A**

#### NEW QUESTION 113

- (Exam Topic 5)

You have .NET web service named service1 that has the following requirements.

- > Must read and write to the local file system.
- > Must write to the Windows Application event log.

You need to recommend a solution to host Service1 in Azure. The solution must meet the following requirements:

- > Minimize maintenance overhead.
- > Minimize costs.

What should you include in the recommendation?

- A. an Azure App Service web app
- B. an Azure virtual machine scale set
- C. an App Service Environment (ASE)
- D. an Azure Functions app

**Answer: A**

**Explanation:**

<https://social.msdn.microsoft.com/Forums/vstudio/en-US/294b9e3e-e89c-4095-b8d0-ee1646e77268/writing-to-l>

#### NEW QUESTION 114

- (Exam Topic 5)

You have an Azure Active Directory (Azure AD) tenant.

You plan to use Azure Monitor to monitor user sign-ins and generate alerts based on specific user sign-in events.

You need to recommend a solution to trigger the alerts based on the events.

What should you include in the recommendation? To answer, select the appropriate options in the answer area.

NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point.

Send Azure AD logs to:

An Azure event hub  
An Azure Log Analytics workspace  
An Azure Storage account

Signal type to use for triggering the alerts:

Activity log  
Log  
Metric

- A. Mastered
- B. Not Mastered

**Answer: A**



**Explanation:**

Graphical user interface, text, application Description automatically generated

Box 1: An Azure Log Analytics workspace

To be able to create an alert we send the Azure AD logs to An Azure Log Analytics workspace.

Note: You can forward your AAD logs and events to either an Azure Storage Account, an Azure Event Hub, Log Analytics, or a combination of all of these.

Box 2: Log

Ensure Resource Type is an analytics source like Log Analytics or Application Insights and signal type as Log.

Reference:

<https://4sysops.com/archives/how-to-create-an-azure-ad-admin-login-alert/> <https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/azure-monitor/platform/alerts-log>

**NEW QUESTION 119**

- (Exam Topic 5)

You plan to deploy a custom database solution that will have multiple instances as shown in the following table.

Host virtual machine	Azure Availability Zone	Azure region
USDB1	1	US East
USDB2	2	US East
USDB3	3	US East
EADB1	1	West Europe
EADB2	2	West Europe
EADB3	3	West Europe

Client applications will access database servers by using db.contoso.com.

You need to recommend load balancing services for the planned deployment. The solution must meet the following requirements:

- > Access to at least one database server must be maintained in the event of a regional outage.
- > The virtual machines must not connect to the internet directly.

What should you include in the recommendation? To answer, select the appropriate options in the answer area.

NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point.

Global load balancing service:

Azure Application Gateway

Azure Front Door

Azure Load Balancer

Azure Traffic Manager

Availability Zone load balancing service:

Azure Application Gateway

Azure Front Door

Azure Load Balancer

Azure Traffic Manager

- A. Mastered
- B. Not Mastered

**Answer: A**

**Explanation:**

Graphical user interface, text, application Description automatically generated

Box 1: Azure Traffic Manager

Traffic Manager is a DNS-based traffic load balancer that enables you to distribute traffic optimally to services across global Azure regions, while providing high availability and responsiveness. Because Traffic Manager is a DNS-based load-balancing service, it load balances only at the domain level. For that reason, it can't fail over as quickly as Front Door, because of common challenges around DNS caching and systems not honoring DNS TTLs.

Service	Global/regional	Recommended traffic
Azure Front Door	Global	HTTP(S)
Traffic Manager	Global	non-HTTP(S)
Application Gateway	Regional	HTTP(S)
Azure Load Balancer	Regional	non-HTTP(S)

Reference:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/architecture/guide/technology-choices/load-balancing-overview>

#### NEW QUESTION 124

- (Exam Topic 5)

You plan to develop a new app that will store business critical data. The app must meet the following requirements:

- Prevent new data from being modified for one year.
- Minimize read latency.
- Maximize data resiliency.

You need to recommend a storage solution for the app.

What should you recommend? To answer, select the appropriate options in the answer area.

Azure Storage account kind:

	▼
StorageV2	
BlobStorage	
BlockBlobStorage	

Replication:

	▼
Zone-redundant storage (ZRS)	
Locally-redundant storage (LRS)	
Read-access geo-redundant storage (RA-GRS)	

- A. Mastered
- B. Not Mastered

**Answer:** A

#### Explanation:

Graphical user interface, text, application Description automatically generated

Reference:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/storage/common/storage-account-overview> <https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/storage/common/storage-redundancy?toc=/azure/storage/blobs/toc.json>

#### NEW QUESTION 126

- (Exam Topic 5)

Your company deploys an Azure App Service Web App.

During testing the application fails under load. The application cannot handle more than 100 concurrent user sessions. You enable the Always On feature. You also configure auto-scaling to increase counts from two to 10 based on HTTP queue length.

You need to improve the performance of the application.

Which solution should you use for each application scenario? To answer, select the appropriate options in the answer area.

NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point.

Scenario

Solution

Store content close to end users.

	▼
Azure Redis Cache	
Azure Traffic Manager	
Azure Content Delivery Network	
Azure Application Gateway	

Store content close to the application.

	▼
Azure Redis Cache	
Azure Traffic Manager	
Azure Content Delivery Network	
Azure Application Gateway	

- A. Mastered
- B. Not Mastered

**Answer:** A

#### Explanation:

Graphical user interface, text Description automatically generated with medium confidence

Box 1: Content Delivery Network

A content delivery network (CDN) is a distributed network of servers that can efficiently deliver web content to users. CDNs store cached content on edge servers in point-of-presence (POP) locations that are close to end users, to minimize latency.

Azure Content Delivery Network (CDN) offers developers a global solution for rapidly delivering

high-bandwidth content to users by caching their content at strategically placed physical nodes across the world. Azure CDN can also accelerate dynamic content, which cannot be cached, by leveraging various network optimizations using CDN POPs. For example, route optimization to bypass Border Gateway Protocol

(BGP).  
Box 2: Azure Redis Cache  
Azure Cache for Redis is based on the popular software Redis. It is typically used as a cache to improve the performance and scalability of systems that rely heavily on backend data-stores. Performance is improved by temporarily copying frequently accessed data to fast storage located close to the application. With Azure Cache for Redis, this fast storage is located in-memory with Azure Cache for Redis instead of being loaded from disk by a database.  
References:  
<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/azure-cache-for-redis/cache-overview>

#### NEW QUESTION 127

- (Exam Topic 5)

You plan to deploy an Azure App Service web app that will have multiple instances across multiple Azure regions.  
You need to recommend a load balancing service for the planned deployment. The solution must meet the following requirements:

- Maintain access to the app in the event of a regional outage.
- Support Azure Web Application Firewall (WAF).
- Support cookie-based affinity.
- Support URL routing.

What should you include in the recommendation?

- A. Azure Front Door
- B. Azure Load Balancer
- C. Azure Traffic Manager
- D. Azure Application Gateway

**Answer:** A

#### Explanation:

Azure Traffic Manager performs the global load balancing of web traffic across Azure regions, which have a regional load balancer based on Azure Application Gateway. This combination gets you the benefits of Traffic Manager many routing rules and Application Gateway's capabilities such as WAF, TLS termination, path-based routing, cookie-based session affinity among others.

Reference:  
<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/application-gateway/features>

#### NEW QUESTION 131

- (Exam Topic 5)

You are designing an order processing system in Azure that will contain the Azure resources shown in the following table.

Name	Type	Purpose
App1	Web app	Processes customer orders
Function1	Function	Check product availability at vendor 1
Function2	Function	Check product availability at vendor 2
storage1	Storage account	Stores order processing logs

The order processing system will have the following transaction flow:

- A customer will place an order by using App1.
- When the order is received, App1 will generate a message to check for product availability at vendor 1 and vendor 2.
- An integration component will process the message, and then trigger either Function1 or Function2 depending on the type of order.
- Once a vendor confirms the product availability, a status message for App1 will be generated by Function1 or Function2.
- All the steps of the transaction will be logged to storage1.

Which type of resource should you recommend for the integration component? D18912E1457D5D1DDCBD40AB3BF70D5D

Which type of resource should you recommend for the integration component?

- A. an Azure Data Factory pipeline
- B. an Azure Service Bus queue
- C. an Azure Event Grid domain
- D. an Azure Event Hubs capture

**Answer:** A

#### Explanation:

A data factory can have one or more pipelines. A pipeline is a logical grouping of activities that together perform a task.  
The activities in a pipeline define actions to perform on your data.

Data Factory has three groupings of activities: data movement activities, data transformation activities, and control activities.  
Azure Functions is now integrated with Azure Data Factory, allowing you to run an Azure function as a step in your data factory pipelines.

Reference:  
<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/data-factory/concepts-pipelines-activities>

#### NEW QUESTION 133

- (Exam Topic 5)

You plan to deploy multiple instances of an Azure web app across several Azure regions.  
You need to design an access solution for the app. The solution must meet the following replication requirements:

- Support rate limiting
  - Balance requests between all instances.
  - Ensure that users can access the app in the event of a regional outage
- Solution: You use Azure Load Balancer to provide access to the app. Does this meet the goal?

A. Yes



B. No

Answer: B

#### NEW QUESTION 134

- (Exam Topic 5)

You have an on-premises database that you plan to migrate to Azure.

You need to design the database architecture to meet the following requirements:

- Support scaling up and down.
- Support geo-redundant backups.
- Support a database of up to 75 TB.
- Be optimized for online transaction processing (OLTP).

What should you include in the design? To answer, select the appropriate options in the answer area.

NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point.

#### Answer Area

Service:

	▼
Azure SQL Database	
Azure SQL Managed Instance	
Azure Synapse Analytics	
SQL Server on Azure Virtual Machines	

Service tier:

	▼
Basic	
Business Critical	
General Purpose	
Hyperscale	
Premium	
Standard	

- A. Mastered  
 B. Not Mastered

Answer: A

#### Explanation:

Box 1: Azure SQL Database Azure SQL Database:

Database size always depends on the underlying service tiers (e.g. Basic, Business Critical, Hyperscale). It supports databases of up to 100 TB with Hyperscale service tier model.

Active geo-replication is a feature that lets you to create a continuously synchronized readable secondary database for a primary database. The readable secondary database may be in the same Azure region as the primary, or, more commonly, in a different region. This kind of readable secondary databases are also known as geo-secondaries, or geo-replicas.

Azure SQL Database and SQL Managed Instance enable you to dynamically add more resources to your database with minimal downtime.

Box 2: Hyperscale Reference:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/azure-sql/database/active-geo-replication-overview> <https://medium.com/awesome-azure/azure-difference-between-azure-sql-database-and-sql-server-on-vm-compar>

#### NEW QUESTION 139

- (Exam Topic 5)

You have an Azure subscription that contains a virtual network named VNET1 and 10 virtual machines. The virtual machines are connected to VNET1.

You need to design a solution to manage the virtual machines from the internet. The solution must meet the following requirements:

- Incoming connections to the virtual machines must be authenticated by using Azure Multi-Factor Authentication (MFA) before network connectivity is allowed.
- Incoming connections must use TLS and connect to TCP port 443.
- The solution must support RDP and SSH.

What should you Include In the solution? To answer, select the appropriate options in the answer area. NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point.

#### Answer Area

To provide access to virtual machines on VNET1, use:

Azure Bastion Just-in-time (JIT) VM access Azure Web Application Firewall (WAF) in Azure Front Door
---

To enforce Azure MFA, use:

An Azure Identity Governance access package A Conditional Access policy that has the Cloud apps assignment set to Azure Windows VM Sign-In A Conditional Access policy that has the Cloud apps assignment set to Microsoft Azure Management
---

- A. Mastered  
 B. Not Mastered

Answer: A



**Explanation:**

**Answer Area**

To provide access to virtual machines on VNET1, use:

Azure Bastion  
 Just-in-time (JIT) VM access  
 Azure Web Application Firewall (WAF) in Azure Front Door

To enforce Azure MFA, use:

An Azure Identity Governance access package  
 A Conditional Access policy that has the Cloud apps assignment set to Azure Windows VM Sign-in  
 A Conditional Access policy that has the Cloud apps assignment set to Microsoft Azure Management

**NEW QUESTION 144**

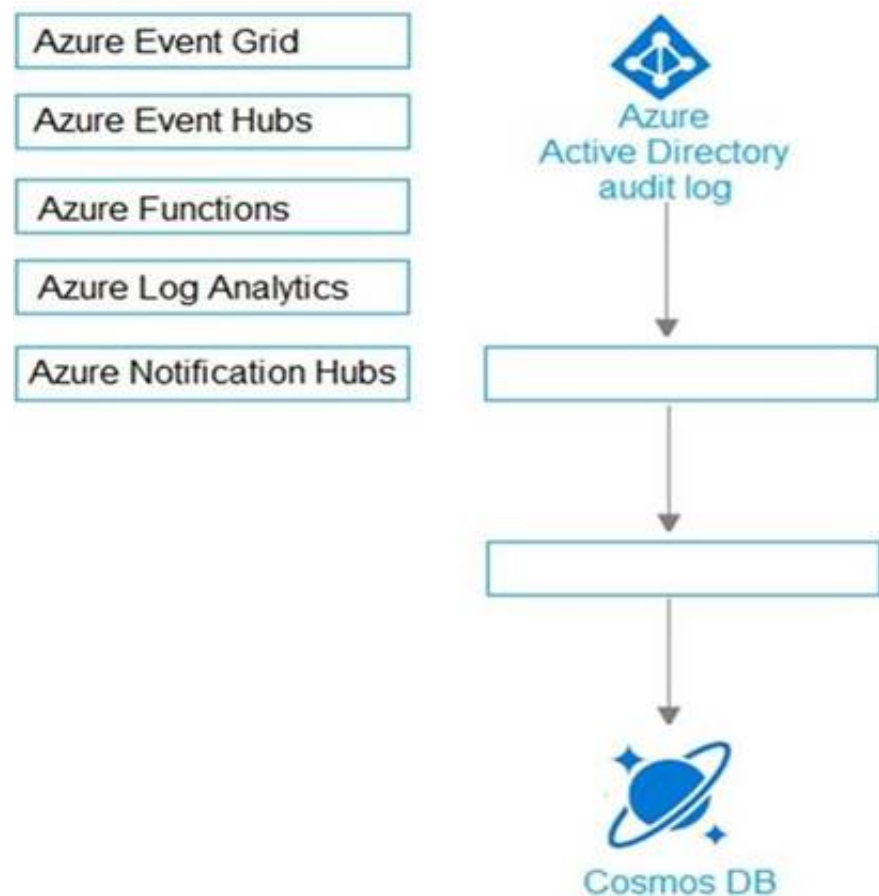
- (Exam Topic 5)

You need to design an architecture to capture the creation of users and the assignment of roles. The captured data must be stored in Azure Cosmos DB. Which Azure services should you include in the design? To answer, drag the appropriate services to the correct targets. Each service may be used once, more than once, or not at all. You may need to drag the split bar between panes or scroll to view content.

NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point.

**Azure Services**

**Answer Area**



- A. Mastered
- B. Not Mastered

**Answer: A**

**Explanation:**

Diagram Description automatically generated

\* 1. AAD audit log -> Event Hub (other two choices, LAW, storage, but not available in this question) <https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/active-directory/reports-monitoring/tutorial-azure-monitor-stream-logs-t>

\* 2. Azure function has the Event hub trigger and Cosmos output binding

\* a. Event Hub trigger for function

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/azure-functions/functions-bindings-event-hubs-trigger?tabs=csharp>

**NEW QUESTION 145**

- (Exam Topic 5)

You are designing an Azure solution.

The network traffic for the solution must be securely distributed by providing the following features:

- > HTTPS protocol
- > Round robin routing
- > SSL offloading

You need to recommend a load balancing option. What should you recommend?

- A. Azure Load Balancer
- B. Azure Traffic Manager
- C. Azure Internal Load Balancer (ILB)
- D. Azure Application Gateway

**Answer: D**

**Explanation:**

If you are looking for Transport Layer Security (TLS) protocol termination ("SSL offload") or per-HTTP/HTTPS request, application-layer processing, review Application Gateway.

Application Gateway is a layer 7 load balancer, which means it works only with web traffic (HTTP, HTTPS, WebSocket, and HTTP/2). It supports capabilities such as SSL termination, cookie-based session affinity, and round robin for load-balancing traffic. Load Balancer load-balances traffic at layer 4 (TCP or UDP).

References:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/application-gateway/application-gateway-faq>

#### NEW QUESTION 150

- (Exam Topic 5)

Note: This question is part of a series of questions that present the same scenario. Each question in the series contains a unique solution that might meet the stated goals. Some question sets might have more than one correct solution, while others might not have a correct solution.

After you answer a question in this section, you will NOT be able to return to it. As a result, these questions will not appear in the review screen.

Your company has deployed several virtual machines (VMs) on-premises and to Azure. Azure ExpressRoute has been deployed and configured for on-premises to Azure connectivity.

Several VMs are exhibiting network connectivity issues.

You need to analyze the network traffic to determine whether packets are being allowed or denied to the VMs. Solution: Use the Azure Advisor to analyze the network traffic.

Does the solution meet the goal?

- A. Yes
- B. No

**Answer: B**

#### Explanation:

Instead use Azure Network Watcher to run IP flow verify to analyze the network traffic.

Note: Advisor is a personalized cloud consultant that helps you follow best practices to optimize your Azure deployments. It analyzes your resource configuration and usage telemetry and then recommends solutions that can help you improve the cost effectiveness, performance, high availability, and security of your Azure resources.

With Advisor, you can:

Get proactive, actionable, and personalized best practices recommendations.

Improve the performance, security, and high availability of your resources, as you identify opportunities to reduce your overall Azure spend.

Get recommendations with proposed actions inline. Reference:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/advisor/advisor-overview>

#### NEW QUESTION 151

- (Exam Topic 5)

You are designing an Azure governance solution.

All Azure resources must be easily identifiable based on the following operational information environment, owner, department and cost center

You need to ensure that you can use the operational information when you generate reports for the Azure resources.

What should you include in the solution?

- A. Azure Active Directory (Azure AD) administrative units
- B. an Azure data catalog that uses the Azure REST API as a data source
- C. an Azure policy that enforces tagging rules
- D. an Azure management group that uses parent groups to create a hierarchy

**Answer: C**

#### Explanation:

You use Azure Policy to enforce tagging rules and conventions. By creating a policy, you avoid the scenario of resources being deployed to your subscription that don't have the expected tags for your organization. Instead of manually applying tags or searching for resources that aren't compliant, you create a policy that automatically applies the needed tags during deployment.

Note: Organizing cloud-based resources is a crucial task for IT, unless you only have simple deployments. Use naming and tagging standards to organize your resources for these reasons:

Resource management: Your IT teams will need to quickly locate resources associated with specific workloads, environments, ownership groups, or other important information. Organizing resources is critical to assigning organizational roles and access permissions for resource management.

Reference:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/cloud-adoption-framework/decision-guides/resource-tagging> <https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/azure-resource-manager/management/tag-policies>

#### NEW QUESTION 153

- (Exam Topic 5)

You have an Azure subscription. The subscription contains an app that is hosted in the East US, Central Europe, and East Asia regions.

You need to recommend a data-tier solution for the app. The solution must meet the following requirements: ➤ Support multiple consistency levels.

➤ Be able to store at least 1 TB of data.

➤ Be able to perform read and write operations in the Azure region that is local to the app instance. What should you include in the recommendation?

- A. an Azure Cosmos DB database
- B. a Microsoft SQL Server Always On availability group on Azure virtual machines
- C. an Azure SQL database in an elastic pool
- D. Azure Table storage that uses geo-redundant storage (GRS) replication

**Answer: A**

#### Explanation:

Azure Cosmos DB approaches data consistency as a spectrum of choices. This approach includes more options than the two extremes of strong and eventual consistency. You can choose from five well-defined levels on the consistency spectrum.

With Cosmos DB any write into any region must be replicated and committed to all configured regions within the account.

Reference:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/cosmos-db/consistency-levels-tradeoffs>

#### NEW QUESTION 154

- (Exam Topic 5)

Note: This question is part of a series of questions that present the same scenario. Each question in the series contains a unique solution that might meet the stated goals. Some question sets might have more than one correct solution, while others might not have a correct solution.

After you answer a question in this section, you will NOT be able to return to it. As a result, these questions will not appear in the review screen.

Your company has deployed several virtual machines (VMs) on-premises and to Azure. Azure ExpressRoute has been deployed and configured for on-premises to Azure connectivity.

Several VMs are exhibiting network connectivity issues.

You need to analyze the network traffic to determine whether packets are being allowed or denied to the VMs. Solution: Use the Azure Traffic Analytics solution in Azure Log Analytics to analyze the network traffic. Does the solution meet the goal?

A. Yes

B. No

**Answer: B**

#### Explanation:

Instead use Azure Network Watcher to run IP flow verify to analyze the network traffic. Reference:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/network-watcher/network-watcher-monitoring-overview> <https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/network-watcher/network-watcher-ip-flow-verify-overview>

#### NEW QUESTION 159

- (Exam Topic 5)

You have an Azure subscription that contains two applications named App1 and App2. App1 is a sales processing application. When a transaction in App1 requires shipping, a message is added to an Azure Storage account queue, and then App2 listens to the queue for relevant transactions.

In the future, additional applications will be added that will process some of the shipping requests based on the specific details of the transactions.

You need to recommend a replacement for the storage account queue to ensure that each additional application will be able to read the relevant transactions. What should you recommend?

A. one Azure Service Bus queue

B. one Azure Service Bus topic

C. one Azure Data Factory pipeline

D. multiple storage account queues

**Answer: B**

#### Explanation:

A queue allows processing of a message by a single consumer. In contrast to queues, topics and subscriptions provide a one-to-many form of communication in a publish and subscribe pattern. It's useful for scaling to large numbers of recipients. Each published message is made available to each subscription registered with the topic. Publisher sends a message to a topic and one or more subscribers receive a copy of the message, depending on filter rules set on these subscriptions.

Reference:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/service-bus-messaging/service-bus-queues-topics-subscriptions>

#### NEW QUESTION 164

- (Exam Topic 5)

You have an app named App1 that uses two on-premises Microsoft SQL Server databases named DB1 and DB2.

You plan to migrate DB1 and DB2 to Azure.

You need to recommend an Azure solution to host DB1 and DB2. The solution must meet the following requirements:

- Support server-side transactions across DB1 and DB2.
- Minimize administrative effort to update the solution. What should you recommend?

A. two SQL Server databases on an Azure virtual machine

B. two Azure SQL databases on different Azure SQL Database servers

C. two Azure SQL databases in an elastic pool

D. two Azure SQL databases on the same Azure SQL Database managed instance

**Answer: A**

#### Explanation:

When both the database management system and client are under the same ownership (e.g. when SQL Server is deployed to a virtual machine), transactions are available and the lock duration can be controlled. Reference: <https://docs.particular.net/nservicebus/azure/understanding-transactionality-in-azure>

#### NEW QUESTION 166

- (Exam Topic 5)

Note: This question is part of a series of questions that present the same scenario. Each question in the series contains a unique solution that might meet the stated goals. Some question sets might have more than one correct solution, while others might not have a correct solution.

After you answer a question in this section, you will NOT be able to return to it. As a result, these questions will not appear in the review screen.

Your company plans to deploy various Azure App Service instances that will use Azure SQL databases. The App Service instances will be deployed at the same time as the Azure SQL databases.

The company has a regulatory requirement to deploy the App Service instances only to specific Azure regions. The resources for the App Service instances must reside in the same region.

You need to recommend a solution to meet the regulatory requirement.

Solution: You recommend using the Regulatory compliance dashboard in Azure Security Center. Does this meet the goal?

A. Yes

B. No

**Answer:** B

**Explanation:**

The Regulatory compliance dashboard in Azure Security Center is not used for regional compliance.

Note: Instead Azure Resource Policy Definitions can be used which can be applied to a specific Resource Group with the App Service instances.

Note 2: In the Azure Security Center regulatory compliance blade, you can get an overview of key portions of your compliance posture with respect to a set of supported standards. Currently supported standards are Azure CIS, PCI DSS 3.2, ISO 27001, and SOC TSP.

Reference:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/governance/policy/overview>

<https://azure.microsoft.com/en-us/blog/regulatory-compliance-dashboard-in-azure-security-center-now-available>

**NEW QUESTION 170**

- (Exam Topic 5)

You are designing a large Azure environment that will contain many subscriptions. You plan to use Azure Policy as part of a governance solution.

To which three scopes can you assign Azure Policy definitions? Each correct answer presents a complete solution.

NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point.

- A. management groups
- B. subscriptions
- C. Azure Active Directory (Azure AD) tenants
- D. resource groups
- E. Azure Active Directory (Azure AD) administrative units
- F. compute resources

**Answer:** ABD

**Explanation:**

Azure Policy evaluates resources in Azure by comparing the properties of those resources to business rules. Once your business rules have been formed, the policy definition or initiative is assigned to any scope of resources that Azure supports, such as management groups, subscriptions, resource groups, or individual resources.

Reference:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/governance/policy/overview>

**NEW QUESTION 171**

- (Exam Topic 5)

You have an on-premises network and an Azure subscription. The on-premises network has several branch offices.

A branch office in Toronto contains a virtual machine named VM1 that is configured as a file server. Users access the shared files on VM1 from all the offices.

You need to recommend a solution to ensure that the users can access the shares files as quickly as possible if the Toronto branch office is inaccessible.

What should you include in the recommendation?

- A. a Recovery Services vault and Azure Backup
- B. an Azure file share and Azure File Sync
- C. Azure blob containers and Azure File Sync
- D. a Recovery Services vault and Windows Server Backup

**Answer:** B

**Explanation:**

Use Azure File Sync to centralize your organization's file shares in Azure Files, while keeping the flexibility, performance, and compatibility of an on-premises file server. Azure File Sync transforms Windows Server into a quick cache of your Azure file share.

You need an Azure file share in the same region that you want to deploy Azure File Sync.

Reference:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/storage/files/storage-sync-files-deployment-guide>

**NEW QUESTION 174**

- (Exam Topic 5)

Note: This question is part of a series of questions that present the same scenario. Each question in the series contains a unique solution that might meet the stated goals. Some question sets might have more than one correct solution, while others might not have a correct solution.

After you answer a question in this section, you will NOT be able to return to it. As a result, these questions will not appear in the review screen.

Your company has deployed several virtual machines (VMs) on-premises and to Azure. Azure ExpressRoute has been deployed and configured for on-premises to Azure connectivity.

Several VMs are exhibiting network connectivity issues.

You need to analyze the network traffic to determine whether packets are being allowed or denied to the VMs. Solution: Use the Azure Traffic Analytics solution in Azure Log Analytics to analyze the network traffic. Does the solution meet the goal?

- A. Yes
- B. No

**Answer:** B

**Explanation:**

Instead use Azure Network Watcher to run IP flow verify to analyze the network traffic. Reference:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/network-watcher/network-watcher-monitoring-overview> <https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/network-watcher/network-watcher-ip-flow-verify-overview>

**NEW QUESTION 176**

- (Exam Topic 5)



You have an Azure subscription that contains the resources shown in the following table.

Name	Type	Kind	Location
storage1	Azure Storage account	Storage	East US
storage2	Azure Storage account	StorageV2	East US
Workspace1	Azure Log Analytics workspace	Not applicable	East US
Workspace2	Azure Log Analytics workspace	Not applicable	East US
Hub1	Azure event hub	Not applicable	East US

You create an Azure SQL database named DB1 that is hosted in the East US region.

To DB1, you add a diagnostic setting named Settings1. Settings1 archives SQLInsights to storage1 and sends SQLInsights to Workspace1.

For each of the following statements, select Yes if the statement is true. Otherwise, select No. NOTE: Each correct selections is worth one point.

Statements	Yes	No
You can add a new diagnostic setting that archives SQLInsights logs to storage2.	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
You can add a new diagnostic setting that sends SQLInsights logs to Workspace2.	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
You can add a new diagnostic setting that sends SQLInsights logs to Hub1.	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>

- A. Mastered
- B. Not Mastered

**Answer:** A

**Explanation:**

Box 1: Yes

Box 2: Yes

Box 3: Yes

For more information on Azure SQL diagnostics , you can visit the below link

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/azure-sql/database/metrics-diagnostic-telemetry-logging-streaming-expo>

**NEW QUESTION 179**

- (Exam Topic 5)

You have the Free edition of a hybrid Azure Active Directory (Azure AD) tenant. The tenant uses password hash synchronization.

You need to recommend a solution to meet the following requirements:

- > Prevent Active Directory domain user accounts from being locked out as the result of brute force attacks targeting Azure AD user accounts.
- > Block legacy authentication attempts to Azure AD integrated apps.
- > Minimize costs.

What should you recommend for each requirement? To answer, select the appropriate options in the answer area.

NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point.

To protect against brute force attacks:

▼

Azure AD Password Protection
 Conditional access policies
 Pass-through authentication
 Smart lockout

To block legacy authentication attempts:

▼

Azure AD Application Proxy
 Azure AD Password Protection
 Conditional access policies
 Enable Security defaults

- A. Mastered
- B. Not Mastered

**Answer:** A

**Explanation:**

Graphical user interface, text, application Description automatically generated

#### Box 1: Smart lockout

Smart lockout helps lock out bad actors that try to guess your users' passwords or use brute-force methods to get in. Smart lockout can recognize sign-ins that come from valid users and treat them differently than ones of attackers and other unknown sources. Attackers get locked out, while your users continue to access their accounts and be productive.

#### Box 2: Conditional access policies

If your environment is ready to block legacy authentication to improve your tenant's protection, you can accomplish this goal with Conditional Access.

How can you prevent apps using legacy authentication from accessing your tenant's resources? The recommendation is to just block them with a Conditional Access policy. If necessary, you allow only certain users and specific network locations to use apps that are based on legacy authentication.

Reference:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/active-directory/authentication/howto-password-smart-lockout> <https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/active-directory/conditional-access/block-legacy-authentication>

### NEW QUESTION 183

- (Exam Topic 5)

You are developing a sales application that will contain several Azure cloud services and will handle different components of a transaction. Different cloud services will process customer orders, billing, payment, inventory, and shipping.

You need to recommend a solution to enable the cloud services to asynchronously communicate transaction information by using REST messages.

What should you include in the recommendation?

- A. Azure Service Bus
- B. Azure Blob storage
- C. Azure Notification Hubs
- D. Azure Application Gateway

**Answer:** A

#### Explanation:

Service Bus is a transactional message broker and ensures transactional integrity for all internal operations against its message stores. All transfers of messages inside of Service Bus, such as moving messages to a dead-letter queue or automatic forwarding of messages between entities, are transactional.

Reference:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/service-bus-messaging/service-bus-transactions>

"Service Bus offers a reliable and secure platform for asynchronous transfer of data and state." ... "Service Bus supports standard AMQP 1.0 and HTTP/REST protocols."

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/service-bus-messaging/service-bus-messaging-overview>

### NEW QUESTION 186

- (Exam Topic 5)

You are designing a SQL database solution. The solution will include 20 databases that will be 20 GB each and have varying usage patterns. You need to recommend a database platform to host the databases. The solution must meet the following requirements:

- The compute resources allocated to the databases must scale dynamically.
- The solution must meet an SLA of 99.99% uptime.
- The solution must have reserved capacity.
- Compute charges must be minimized.

What should you include in the recommendation?

- A. 20 databases on a Microsoft SQL server that runs on an Azure virtual machine
- B. 20 instances of Azure SQL Database serverless
- C. 20 databases on a Microsoft SQL server that runs on an Azure virtual machine in an availability set
- D. an elastic pool that contains 20 Azure SQL databases

**Answer:** D

#### Explanation:

Azure SQL Database elastic pools are a simple, cost-effective solution for managing and scaling multiple databases that have varying and unpredictable usage demands. The databases in an elastic pool are on a single server and share a set number of resources at a set price. Elastic pools in Azure SQL Database enable SaaS developers to optimize the price performance for a group of databases within a prescribed budget while delivering performance elasticity for each database.

Guaranteed 99.995 percent uptime for SQL Database Reference:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/azure-sql/database/elastic-pool-overview> <https://azure.microsoft.com/en-us/pricing/details/sql-database/elastic/>

<https://www.azure.cn/en-us/support/sla/virtual-machines/>

<https://techcommunity.microsoft.com/t5/azure-sql/optimize-price-performance-with-compute-auto-scaling-in-az>

### NEW QUESTION 188

- (Exam Topic 5)

Your organization has developed and deployed several Azure App Service Web and API applications. The

applications use Azure Key Vault to store several authentication, storage account, and data encryption keys. Several departments have the following requests to support the applications:

Department	Request
Security	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Review membership of administrative roles and require to provide a justification for continued membership</li> <li>Get alerts about changes in administrator assignments.</li> <li>See a history of administrator activation, including which changes administrators made to Azure resources.</li> </ul>
Development	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Enable the applications to access Azure Key Vault and retrieve keys for use in code.</li> </ul>
Quality Assurance	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Receive temporary administrator access to create and configure additional Web and API applications in the test environment.</li> </ul>

You need to recommend the appropriate Azure service for each department request.

What should you recommend? To answer, configure the appropriate options in the dialog box in the answer area.

NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point.

Department	Azure Service
Security	<div><div></div><div>Azure AD Privileged Identity Management</div><div>Azure AD Managed Service Identity</div><div>Azure AD Connect</div><div>Azure AD Identity Protection</div></div>
Development	<div><div></div><div>Azure AD Privileged Identity Management</div><div>Azure AD Managed Service Identity</div><div>Azure AD Connect</div><div>Azure AD Identity Protection</div></div>
Quality Assurance	<div><div></div><div>Azure AD Privileged Identity Management</div><div>Azure AD Managed Service Identity</div><div>Azure AD Connect</div><div>Azure AD Identity Protection</div></div>

- A. Mastered
- B. Not Mastered

Answer: A

Explanation:

Text Description automatically generated with medium confidence  
<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/active-directory/managed-identities-azure-resources/overview>

NEW QUESTION 192

- (Exam Topic 5)  
You are designing an application that will aggregate content for users.  
You need to recommend a database solution for the application. The solution must meet the following requirements:

- Support SQL commands.
- Support multi-master writes.
- Guarantee low latency read operations. What should you include in the recommendation?

- A. Azure Cosmos DB SQL API
- B. Azure SQL Database that uses active geo-replication
- C. Azure SQL Database Hyperscale
- D. Azure Database for PostgreSQL

Answer: A


Explanation:

With Cosmos DB's novel multi-region (multi-master) writes replication protocol, every region supports both writes and reads. The multi-region writes capability also enables:  
Unlimited elastic write and read scalability.  
\* 99.999% read and write availability all around the world.  
Guaranteed reads and writes served in less than 10 milliseconds at the 99th percentile. Reference:  
<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/cosmos-db/distribute-data-globally>

NEW QUESTION 197

- (Exam Topic 5)  
You configure OAuth2 authorization in API Management as shown in the following exhibit.





## Add OAuth2 service

API Management service

Display name \*
 

Unique name used to reference this authorization server on t...

Id \* ⓘ

Description
 

Authorization server description

Client registration page URL \*
 

https://contoso.com/register

Authorization grant types
 

☒ Authorization code
   
☐ Implicit
   
☐ Resource owner password
   
☐ Client credentials

Authorization endpoint URL \*

Use the drop-down menus to select the answer choice that completes each statement based on the information presented in the graphic.  
 NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point.

### Answer Area

The selected authorization grant type is for [answer choice].

Background services
   
 Headless device authentication
   
 Web applications

To enable custom data in the grant flow, select [answer choice].

Client credentials
   
 Resource owner password
   
 Support state parameter

- A. Mastered
- B. Not Mastered

Answer: A

### Explanation:

Graphical user interface, text, application, email Description automatically generated

Box 1: Web applications

The Authorization Code Grant Type is used by both web apps and native apps to get an access token after a user authorizes an app.

Note: The Authorization Code grant type is used by confidential and public clients to exchange an authorization code for an access token.

After the user returns to the client via the redirect URL, the application will get the authorization code from the URL and use it to request an access token.

Reference:

<https://developer.okta.com/blog/2018/04/10/oauth-authorization-code-grant-type> <https://connect2id.com/products/server/docs/guides/client-registration>

### NEW QUESTION 199

- (Exam Topic 5)

You need to design a storage solution for an app that will store large amounts of frequently used data. The solution must meet the following requirements:

- Maximize data throughput.
- Prevent the modification of data for one year.
- Minimize latency for read and write operations.

Which Azure Storage account type and storage service should you recommend? To answer, select the appropriate options in the answer area.



NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point.

### Answer Area

Storage account type:

	▼
BlobStorage	
BlockBlobStorage	
FileStorage	
StorageV2 with Premium performance	
StorageV2 with Standard performance	

Storage service:

	▼
Blob	
File	
Table	

- A. Mastered
- B. Not Mastered

**Answer:** A

#### Explanation:

Box 1: BlockBlobStorage

Block Blob is a premium storage account type for block blobs and append blobs. Recommended for scenarios with high transactions rates, or scenarios that use smaller objects or require consistently low storage latency.

Box 2: Blob

The Archive tier is an offline tier for storing blob data that is rarely accessed. The Archive tier offers the lowest storage costs, but higher data retrieval costs and latency compared to the online tiers (Hot and Cool). Data must remain in the Archive tier for at least 180 days or be subject to an early deletion charge.

Reference:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/storage/blobs/archive-blob>

### NEW QUESTION 204

- (Exam Topic 5)

Your company has an app named App1 that uses data from the on-premises Microsoft SQL Server databases shown in the following table.

Name	Size
DB1	450 GB
DB2	250 GB
DB3	300 GB
DB4	50 GB

App1 and the data are used on the first day of the month only. The data is not expected to grow more than 3% each year.

The company is rewriting App1 as an Azure web app and plans to migrate all the data to Azure. You need to migrate the data to Azure SQL Database. The solution must minimize costs. Which service tier should you use?

- A. vCore-based Business Critical
- B. vCore-based General Purpose
- C. DTU-based Standard
- D. DTU-based Basic

**Answer:** C

#### Explanation:

DTU-based Standard supports databases up to 1 TB in size. Reference:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/azure-sql/database/service-tiers-dtu>

### NEW QUESTION 209

- (Exam Topic 5)

You have the Azure resources shown in the following table.

Name	Type	Location
US-Central-Firewall-policy	Azure Firewall policy	Central US
US-East-Firewall-policy	Azure Firewall policy	East US
EU-Firewall-policy	Azure Firewall policy	West Europe
USEastfirewall	Azure Firewall	Central US
USWestfirewall	Azure Firewall	East US
EUFirewall	Azure Firewall	West Europe

You need to deploy a new Azure Firewall policy that will contain mandatory rules for all Azure Firewall deployments. The new policy will be configured as a parent policy for the existing policies.

What is the minimum number of additional Azure Firewall policies you should create?

- A. 1
- B. 2
- C. 3

**Answer: B**

**Explanation:**

Firewall policies work across regions and subscriptions. Place all your global configurations in the parent policy.

Note: Policies can be created in a hierarchy. You can create a parent/global policy that will contain configurations and rules that will apply to all/a number of firewall instances. Then you create a child policy that inherits from the parent; note that rules changes in the parent instantly appear in the child. The child is associated with a firewall and applies configurations/rules from the parent policy and the child policy instantly to the firewall.

Reference: <https://aidanfinn.com/?p=22006>

**NEW QUESTION 212**

- (Exam Topic 5)

You plan to create an Azure Storage account that will host file shares. The shares will be accessed from on-premises applications that are transaction-intensive.

You need to recommend a solution to minimize latency when accessing the file shares. The solution must

provide the highest-level of resiliency for the selected storage tier.

What should you include in the recommendation? To answer, select the appropriate options in the answer area.

NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point.

Storage tier:

Hot

Premium

Transaction optimized

Resiliency:

Geo-redundant storage (GRS)

Zone-redundant storage (ZRS)

Locally-redundant storage (LRS)

- A. Mastered
- B. Not Mastered

**Answer: A**

**Explanation:**

Box 1: Premium

Premium: Premium file shares are backed by solid-state drives (SSDs) and provide consistent high performance and low latency, within single-digit milliseconds for most IO operations, for IO-intensive workloads.

Box 2: Zone-redundant storage (ZRS):

Premium Azure file shares only support LRS and ZRS.

Zone-redundant storage (ZRS): With ZRS, three copies of each file stored, however these copies are physically isolated in three distinct storage clusters in different Azure availability zones.

Reference:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/storage/files/storage-files-planning>

**NEW QUESTION 217**

- (Exam Topic 5)

Your company deploys several Linux and Windows virtual machines (VMs) to Azure. The VMs are deployed with the Microsoft Dependency Agent and the Microsoft Monitoring Agent installed by using Azure VM extensions. On-premises connectivity has been enabled by using Azure ExpressRoute.

You need to design a solution to monitor the VMs.

Which Azure monitoring services should you use? To answer, select the appropriate Azure monitoring services in the answer area.

NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point.

## Scenario

## Azure Monitoring Service

Analyze Network Security Group (NSG) flow logs for VMs attempting internet access.

	▼
Azure Network Watcher	
Azure ExpressRoute Monitor	
Azure Service Endpoint Monitor	
Azure DNS Analytics	

Visualize the VMs with their different processes and dependencies on other computers and external processes.

	▼
Azure Service Map	
Azure Activity Log	
Azure Service Health	
Azure Advisor	

- A. Mastered  
 B. Not Mastered

**Answer:** A

### Explanation:

Graphical user interface, text, application, email Description automatically generated

Box 1: Azure Network Watcher

Traffic Analytics is a cloud-based solution that provides visibility into user and application activity in cloud networks. Traffic analytics analyzes Network Watcher network security group (NSG) flow logs to provide insights into traffic flow in your Azure cloud. With traffic analytics, you can:

- Identify security threats to, and secure your network, with information such as open-ports, applications attempting internet access, and virtual machines (VM) connecting to rogue networks.
- Visualize network activity across your Azure subscriptions and identify hot spots.
- Understand traffic flow patterns across Azure regions and the internet to optimize your network deployment for performance and capacity.
- Pinpoint network misconfigurations leading to failed connections in your network.

Box 2: Azure Service Map

Service Map automatically discovers application components on Windows and Linux systems and maps the communication between services. With Service Map, you can view your servers in the way that you think of them: as interconnected systems that deliver critical services. Service Map shows connections between servers, processes, inbound and outbound connection latency, and ports across any TCP-connected architecture, with no configuration required other than the installation of an agent.

Reference:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/network-watcher/traffic-analytics> <https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/azure-monitor/insights/service-map>

### NEW QUESTION 219

- (Exam Topic 5)

You need to design a highly available Azure SQL database that meets the following requirements:

- \* Failover between replicas of the database must occur without any data loss.
- \* The database must remain available in the event of a zone outage.
- \* Costs must be minimized.

Which deployment option should you use?

- A. Azure SQL Database Business Critical  
 B. Azure SQL Database Managed Instance Business Critical  
 C. Azure SQL Database Hyperscale  
 D. Azure SQL Database Standard

**Answer:** D

### Explanation:

Reference:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/azure-sql/database/service-tier-business-critical>

### NEW QUESTION 220

- (Exam Topic 5)

You have an on-premises network and an Azure subscription. The on-premises network has several branch offices.

A branch office in Toronto contains a virtual machine named VM1 that is configured as a file server. Users access the shared files on VM1 from all the offices.

You need to recommend a solution to ensure that the users can access the shares files as quickly as possible if the Toronto branch office is inaccessible.

What should you include in the recommendation?

- A. a Recovery Services vault and Azure Backup  
 B. an Azure file share and Azure File Sync  
 C. Azure blob containers and Azure File Sync  
 D. a Recovery Services vault and Windows Server Backup

**Answer:** B

### Explanation:

Use Azure File Sync to centralize your organization's file shares in Azure Files, while keeping the flexibility, performance, and compatibility of an on-premises file server. Azure File Sync transforms Windows Server into a quick cache of your Azure file share.

You need an Azure file share in the same region that you want to deploy Azure File Sync. Reference:  
<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/storage/files/storage-sync-files-deployment-guide>

#### NEW QUESTION 222

- (Exam Topic 5)

You have the resources shown in the following table.

Name	Type
AS1	Azure Synapse Analytics instance
CDB1	Azure Cosmos DB SQL API account

CDB1 hosts a container that stores continuously updated operational data.

You are designing a solution that will use ASI to analyze the operational data daily.

You need to recommend a solution to analyze the data without affecting the performance of the operational data store.

What should you include in the recommendation?

- A. Azure Cosmos DB change feed
- B. Azure Data Factory with Azure Cosmos DB and Azure Synapse Analytics connectors
- C. Azure Synapse Analytics with PolyBase data loading
- D. Azure Synapse Link for Azure Cosmos DB

**Answer:** D

#### NEW QUESTION 226

- (Exam Topic 4)

A company has an on-premises file server cbflserver that runs Windows Server 2019. Windows Admin Center manages this server. The company owns an Azure subscription. You need to provide an Azure solution to prevent data loss if the file server fails.

Solution: You decide to create an Azure Recovery Services vault. You then decide to install the Azure Backup agent and then schedule the backup. Would this meet the requirement?

- A. Yes
- B. No

**Answer:** A

#### NEW QUESTION 227

- (Exam Topic 4)

What two parameters would you recommend set up to ensure that the new IPSCustomers database will scale to meet the workload demands?

- A. Define the maximum of CPU cores
- B. Define the maximum resource limit per group of databases
- C. Define the maximum of Database Transaction Units
- D. Define the maximum of the allocated storage
- E. Define the maximum size for a database

**Answer:** CE

#### NEW QUESTION 229

- (Exam Topic 4)

A company has an on-premises file server cbflserver that runs Windows Server 2019. Windows Admin Center manages this server. The company owns an Azure subscription. You need to provide an Azure solution to prevent data loss if the file server fails.

Solution: You decide to register Windows Admin Center in Azure and then configure Azure Backup. Would this meet the requirement?

- A. Yes
- B. No

**Answer:** A

#### NEW QUESTION 230

- (Exam Topic 3)

You need to recommend an App Service architecture that meets the requirements for Appl. The solution must minimize costs.

What should few recommend?

- A. one App Service Environment (ASE) per availability zone
- B. one App Service plan per availability zone
- C. one App Service plan per region
- D. one App Service Environment (ASE) per region

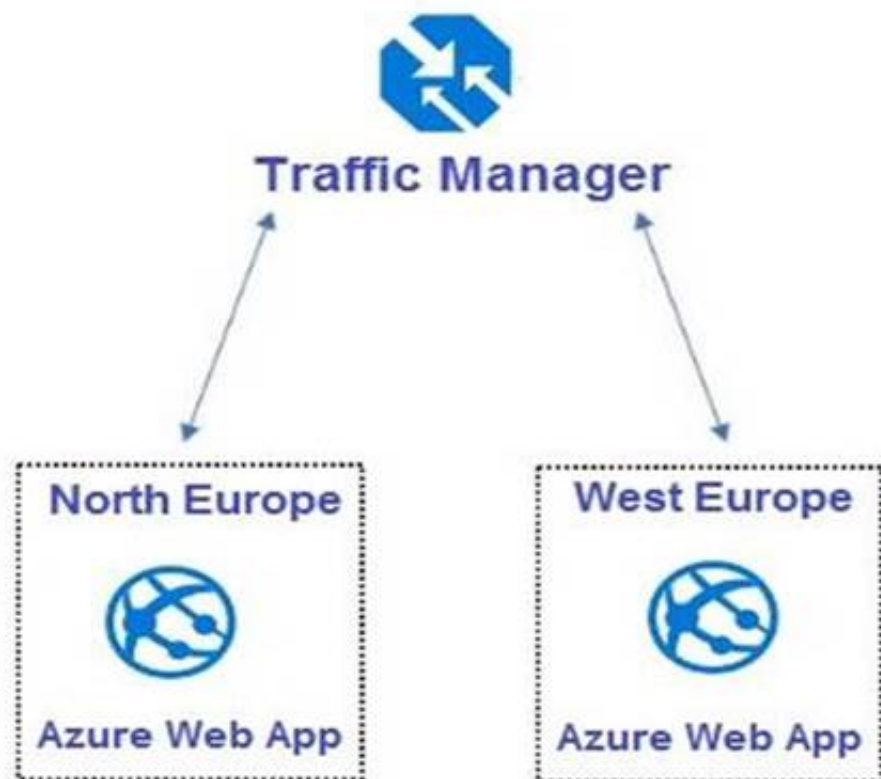
**Answer:** A

#### NEW QUESTION 234

- (Exam Topic 2)

You design a solution for the web tier of WebApp1 as shown in the exhibit.





For each of the following statements, select Yes if the statement is true. Otherwise, select No.

Statements	Yes	No
The design supports the technical requirements for redundancy.	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
The design supports autoscaling.	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
The design requires a manual configuration if an Azure region fails.	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>

- A. Mastered
- B. Not Mastered

Answer: A

#### Explanation:

Box 1: Yes

Any new deployments to Azure must be redundant in case an Azure region fails.

Traffic Manager uses DNS to direct client requests to the most appropriate service endpoint based on a traffic-routing method and the health of the endpoints. An endpoint is any Internet-facing service hosted inside or outside of Azure. Traffic Manager provides a range of traffic-routing methods and endpoint monitoring options to suit different application needs and automatic failover models. Traffic Manager is resilient to failure, including the failure of an entire Azure region.

Box 2: Yes

Recent changes in Azure brought some significant changes in autoscaling options for Azure Web Apps (i.e. Azure App Service to be precise as scaling happens on App Service plan level and has effect on all Web Apps running in that App Service plan).

Box 3: No

Traffic Manager provides a range of traffic-routing methods and endpoint monitoring options to suit different application needs and automatic failover models. Traffic Manager is resilient to failure, including the failure of an entire Azure region.

Reference:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/traffic-manager/traffic-manager-overview> <https://blogs.msdn.microsoft.com/hsirtl/2017/07/03/autoscaling-azure-web-apps/>

#### NEW QUESTION 235

- (Exam Topic 2)

- A. Move all the domain controllers from corp.fabrikam.com to virtual networks in Azure.
- B. Deploy domain controllers for corp.fabrikam.com to virtual networks in Azure.
- C. Deploy a new Azure AD tenant for the authentication of new R&D projects.
- D. Deploy domain controllers for the rd.fabrikam.com forest to virtual networks in Azure.

Answer: B

#### Explanation:

Directory synchronization between Azure Active Directory (Azure AD) and corp.fabrikam.com must not be affected by a link failure between Azure and the on-premises network. (This requires domain controllers in Azure)

Users on the on-premises network must be able to authenticate to corp.fabrikam.com if an Internet link fails. (This requires domain controllers on-premises)

#### NEW QUESTION 236

- (Exam Topic 1)

You need to configure an Azure policy to ensure that the Azure SQL databases have TDE enabled. The solution must meet the security and compliance requirements.

Which three actions should you perform in sequence? To answer, move the appropriate actions from the list of actions to the answer area and arrange them in the

correct order.

Actions	Answer Area
Create an Azure policy definition that uses the deployIfNotExists effect.	
Create a user-assigned managed identity.	
Invoke a remediation task.	
Create an Azure policy assignment.	
Create an Azure policy definition that uses the Modify effect.	

- A. Mastered
- B. Not Mastered

Answer: A

#### Explanation:

A picture containing text Description automatically generated

Scenario: All Azure SQL databases in the production environment must have Transparent Data Encryption (TDE) enabled.

Step 1: Create an Azure policy definition that uses the deployIfNotExists identity.

The first step is to define the roles that deployIfNotExists and modify needs in the policy definition to successfully deploy the content of your included template.

Step 2: Create an Azure policy assignment

When creating an assignment using the portal, Azure Policy both generates the managed identity and grants it the roles defined in roleDefinitionIds.

Step 3: Invoke a remediation task

Resources that are non-compliant to a deployIfNotExists or modify policy can be put into a compliant state through Remediation. Remediation is accomplished by instructing Azure Policy to run the deployIfNotExists effect or the modify operations of the assigned policy on your existing resources and subscriptions, whether that assignment is to a management group, a subscription, a resource group, or an individual resource.

During evaluation, the policy assignment with deployIfNotExists or modify effects determines if there are non-compliant resources or subscriptions. When non-compliant resources or subscriptions are found, the details are provided on the Remediation page.

Reference:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/governance/policy/how-to/remediate-resources>

#### NEW QUESTION 237

- (Exam Topic 1)

You plan to migrate DB1 and DB2 to Azure.

You need to ensure that the Azure database and the service tier meet the resiliency and business requirements. What should you configure? To answer, select the appropriate options in the answer area.

NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point.

#### Answer Area

Database:	<div> <div>A single Azure SQL database</div> <div>Azure SQL Managed Instance</div> <div>An Azure SQL Database elastic pool</div> </div>
Service tier:	<div> <div>Hyperscale</div> <div>Business Critical</div> <div>General Purpose</div> </div>

- A. Mastered
- B. Not Mastered

Answer: A

#### Explanation:

Answer Area

Database:

A single Azure SQL database

Azure SQL Managed Instance

An Azure SQL Database elastic pool

Service tier:

Hyperscale

Business Critical

General Purpose

NEW QUESTION 241

- (Exam Topic 2)

You need to recommend a strategy for the web tier of WebApp1. The solution must minimize What should you recommend?

- A. Create a runbook that resizes virtual machines automatically to a smaller size outside of business hours.
- B. Configure the Scale Up settings for a web app.
- C. Deploy a virtual machine scale set that scales out on a 75 percent CPU threshold.
- D. Configure the Scale Out settings for a web app.

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 246

- (Exam Topic 2)

You are evaluating the components of the migration to Azure that require you to provision an Azure Storage account.

For each of the following statements, select Yes if the statement is true. Otherwise, select No. NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point.

Statements	Yes	No
You must provision an Azure Storage account for the SQL Server database migration.	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
You must provision an Azure Storage account for the Web site content storage.	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
You must provision an Azure Storage account for the Database metric monitoring.	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>

- A. Mastered
- B. Not Mastered

Answer: A

Explanation:

Statements	Yes	No
You must provision an Azure Storage account for the SQL Server database migration.	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
You must provision an Azure Storage account for the Web site content storage.	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
You must provision an Azure Storage account for the Database metric monitoring.	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>

NEW QUESTION 248

- (Exam Topic 1)

You plan to migrate App1 to Azure.

You need to recommend a network connectivity solution for the Azure Storage account that will host the App1 data. The solution must meet the security and compliance requirements.

What should you include in the recommendation?

- A. a private endpoint
- B. a service endpoint that has a service endpoint policy
- C. Azure public peering for an ExpressRoute circuit
- D. Microsoft peering for an ExpressRoute circuit

Answer: A

Explanation:

Private Endpoint securely connect to storage accounts from on-premises networks that connect to the VNet using VPN or ExpressRoutes with private-peering. Private Endpoint also secure your storage account by configuring the storage firewall to block all connections on the public endpoint for the storage service.

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/expressroute/expressroute-faqs#microsoft-peering>

#### NEW QUESTION 250

- (Exam Topic 1)

You plan to migrate App1 to Azure.

You need to recommend a storage solution for App1 that meets the security and compliance requirements. Which type of storage should you recommend, and how should you recommend configuring the storage? To answer, select the appropriate options in the answer area.

NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point.

#### Answer Area

Storage account type:

	▼
Premium page blobs	
Premium file shares	
Standard general-purpose v2	

Configuration:

	▼
NFSv3	
Large file shares	
Hierarchical namespace	

- A. Mastered
- B. Not Mastered

**Answer:** A

#### Explanation:

Text, table Description automatically generated

Box 1: Standard general-purpose v2

Standard general-purpose v2 supports Blob Storage.

Azure Storage provides data protection for Blob Storage and Azure Data Lake Storage Gen2. Scenario:

Litware identifies the following security and compliance requirements:

- Once App1 is migrated to Azure, you must ensure that new data can be written to the app, and the modification of new and existing data is prevented for a period of three years.
- On-premises users and services must be able to access the Azure Storage account that will host the data in App1.
- Access to the public endpoint of the Azure Storage account that will host the App1 data must be prevented.
- All Azure SQL databases in the production environment must have Transparent Data Encryption (TDE) enabled.
- App1 must NOT share physical hardware with other workloads. Box 2: NFSv3

Scenario: Plan: Migrate App1 to Azure virtual machines.

Blob storage now supports the Network File System (NFS) 3.0 protocol. This support provides Linux file system compatibility at object storage scale and prices and enables Linux clients to mount a container in Blob storage from an Azure Virtual Machine (VM) or a computer on-premises.

Reference:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/storage/blobs/data-protection-overview>

#### NEW QUESTION 254

- (Exam Topic 1)

You migrate App1 to Azure. You need to ensure that the data storage for App1 meets the security and compliance requirement

What should you do?

- A. Create an access policy for the blob
- B. Modify the access level of the blob service.
- C. Implement Azure resource locks.
- D. Create Azure RBAC assignments.

**Answer:** A

#### Explanation:

Scenario: Once App1 is migrated to Azure, you must ensure that new data can be written to the app, and the modification of new and existing data is prevented for a period of three years.

As an administrator, you can lock a subscription, resource group, or resource to prevent other users in your organization from accidentally deleting or modifying critical resources. The lock overrides any permissions the user might have.

Reference:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/azure-resource-manager/management/lock-resources>

#### NEW QUESTION 258

- (Exam Topic 1)

How should the migrated databases DB1 and DB2 be implemented in Azure?



Database:

	▼
A single Azure SQL database	
Azure SQL Managed Instance	
An Azure SQL Database elastic pool	

Service tier:

	▼
Hyperscale	
Business Critical	
General Purpose	

- A. Mastered
- B. Not Mastered

**Answer:** A

**Explanation:**

Table Description automatically generated

Box 1: SQL Managed Instance

Scenario: Once migrated to Azure, DB1 and DB2 must meet the following requirements:

- Maintain availability if two availability zones in the local Azure region fail.
- Fail over automatically.
- Minimize I/O latency.

The auto-failover groups feature allows you to manage the replication and failover of a group of databases on a server or all databases in a managed instance to another region. It is a declarative abstraction on top of the existing active geo-replication feature, designed to simplify deployment and management of geo-replicated databases at scale. You can initiate a geo-failover manually or you can delegate it to the Azure service based on a user-defined policy. The latter option allows you to automatically recover multiple related databases in a secondary region after a catastrophic failure or other unplanned event that results in full or partial loss of the SQL Database or SQL Managed Instance availability in the primary region.

Box 2: Business critical

SQL Managed Instance is available in two service tiers:

General purpose: Designed for applications with typical performance and I/O latency requirements. Business critical: Designed for applications with low I/O latency requirements and minimal impact of underlying maintenance operations on the workload.

Reference:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/azure-sql/database/auto-failover-group-overview> <https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/azure-sql/managed-instance/sql-managed-instance-paas-overview>

**NEW QUESTION 261**

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