

# Microsoft

## Exam Questions AZ-305

Designing Microsoft Azure Infrastructure Solutions



**NEW QUESTION 1**

- (Exam Topic 5)

You need to deploy resources to host a stateless web app in an Azure subscription. The solution must meet the following requirements:

- Provide access to the full .NET framework.
- Provide redundancy if an Azure region fails.
- Grant administrators access to the operating system to install custom application dependencies. Solution: You deploy a Azure virtual machine scale set that uses autoscaling.

Does this meet the goal?

- A. Yes
- B. No

**Answer: B**

**Explanation:**

Instead, you should deploy two Azure virtual machines to two Azure regions, and you create a Traffic Manager profile.

**NEW QUESTION 2**

- (Exam Topic 5)

You plan to deploy the backup policy shown in the following exhibit.

**Policy1**

Associated items Delete Save Discard

Backup frequency

Daily 6:00 PM (UTC) Coordinated Universal Time

**Retention range**

Retention of daily backup point.

\* At 6:00 PM For 90 Day(s)

Retention of weekly backup point.

\* On Sunday \* At 6:00 PM For 26 Week(s)

Retention of monthly backup point.

**Week Based** Day Based

\* On First \* Day Sunday \* At 6:00 PM For 36 Month(s)

Retention of yearly backup point.

Not Configured

Use the drop-down menus to select the answer choice that completes each statement based on the information presented in the graphic.

NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point.

**Answer Area**

Virtual machines that are backed up by using the policy can be recovered for up to a maximum of **[answer choice]**:

	▼
90 days	
26 weeks	
36 months	
45 months	

The minimum recovery point objective (RPO) for virtual machines that are backed up by using the policy is **[answer choice]**:

	▼
1 hour	
1 day	
1 week	
1 month	
1 year	

- A. Mastered
- B. Not Mastered

**Answer:** A

**Explanation:**

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/backup/backup-azure-vm-backup-faq#what-s-the-minimum-rpo-and-rto>

**NEW QUESTION 3**

- (Exam Topic 5)

You have five .NET Core applications that run on 10 Azure virtual machines in the same subscription.

You need to recommend a solution to ensure that the applications can authenticate by using the same Azure Active Directory (Azure AD) identity. The solution must meet the following requirements:

- > Ensure that the applications can authenticate only when running on the 10 virtual machines.
- > Minimize administrative effort.

What should you include in the recommendation? To answer, select the appropriate options in the answer area. NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point.

To provision the Azure AD identity:

	▼
Create a system-assigned Managed Service Identity	
Create a user-assigned Managed Service Identity	
Register each application in Azure AD	

To authenticate request a token by using:

	▼
An Azure AD v1.0 endpoint	
An Azure AD v2.0 endpoint	
An Azure Instance Metadata Service Identity	
OAuth2 endpoint	

- A. Mastered
- B. Not Mastered

**Answer:** A

**Explanation:**

Graphical user interface, text, application, email Description automatically generated

**NEW QUESTION 4**

- (Exam Topic 5)

You need to design a solution that will execute custom C# code in response to an event routed to Azure Event Grid. The solution must meet the following requirements:

- > The executed code must be able to access the private IP address of a Microsoft SQL Server instance that runs on an Azure virtual machine.
- Costs must be minimized.

What should you include in the solution?

- A. Azure Logic Apps in the integrated service environment
- B. Azure Functions in the Dedicated plan and the Basic Azure App Service plan
- C. Azure Logic Apps in the Consumption plan
- D. Azure Functions in the Consumption plan

**Answer:** D

**Explanation:**

When you create a function app in Azure, you must choose a hosting plan for your app. There are three basic hosting plans available for Azure Functions: Consumption plan, Premium plan, and Dedicated (App Service) plan.

For the Consumption plan, you don't have to pay for idle VMs or reserve capacity in advance. Connect to private endpoints with Azure Functions

As enterprises continue to adopt serverless (and Platform-as-a-Service, or PaaS) solutions, they often need a way to integrate with existing resources on a virtual network. These existing resources could be databases, file storage, message queues or event streams, or REST APIs.

Reference:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/azure-functions/functions-scale> <https://techcommunity.microsoft.com/t5/azure-functions/connect-to-private-endpoints-with-azure-functions/ba-p> Reference:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/azure-functions/functions-scale#hosting-plans-comparison>

**NEW QUESTION 5**

- (Exam Topic 5)

You plan to migrate data to Azure.

The IT department at your company identifies the following requirements:

- > The storage must support 1 PB of data.
- > The data must be stored in blob storage.
- > The storage must support three levels of subfolders.
- > The storage must support access control lists (ACLs).

You need to meet the requirements. What should you use?

- A. a premium storage account that is configured for block blobs
- B. a general purpose v2 storage account that has hierarchical namespace enabled
- C. a premium storage account that is configured for page blobs
- D. a premium storage account that is configured for files shares and supports large file shares

**Answer:** B

**Explanation:**

Microsoft recommends that you use a GPv2 storage account for most scenarios. It supports up to 5 PB, and blob storage including Data Lake storage.

Note: A key mechanism that allows Azure Data Lake Storage Gen2 to provide file system performance at object storage scale and prices is the addition of a hierarchical namespace. This allows the collection of objects/files within an account to be organized into a hierarchy of directories and nested subdirectories in the same way that the file system on your computer is organized. With a hierarchical namespace enabled, a storage account becomes capable of providing the scalability and cost-effectiveness of object storage, with file system semantics that are familiar to analytics engines and frameworks.

References:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/storage/common/storage-account-overview> <https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/storage/blobs/data-lake-storage-namespace>

**NEW QUESTION 6**

- (Exam Topic 5)

You have an application that is used by 6,000 users to validate their vacation requests. The application manages its own credential

Users must enter a username and password to access the application. The application does NOT support identity providers.

You plan to upgrade the application to use single sign-on (SSO) authentication by using an Azure Active Directory (Azure AD) application registration.

Which SSO method should you use?

- A. password-based
- B. OpenID Connect
- C. header-based
- D. SAML

**Answer:** D

**NEW QUESTION 7**

- (Exam Topic 5)

You architect a solution that calculates 3D geometry from height-map data. You have the following requirements:

Perform calculations in Azure.

Each node must communicate data to every other node.

Maximize the number of nodes to calculate multiple scenes as fast as possible.

Require the least amount of effort to implement. You need to recommend a solution.

Which two actions should you recommend? Each correct answer presents part of the solution. NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point.

- A. Create a render farm that uses Azure Batch.
- B. Enable parallel file systems on Azure.
- C. Enable parallel task execution on compute nodes.
- D. Create a render farm that uses virtual machine (VM) scale sets.
- E. Create a render farm that uses virtual machines (VMs).

**Answer:** AC

**NEW QUESTION 8**

- (Exam Topic 5)

The application will host video files that range from 50 MB to 12 GB. The application will use certificate-based authentication and will be available to users on the internet.

You need to recommend a storage option for the video files. The solution must provide the fastest read performance and must minimize storage costs.

What should you recommend?

- A. Azure Files
- B. Azure Data Lake Storage Gen2
- C. Azure Blob Storage
- D. Azure SQL Database

**Answer: C**

**Explanation:**

Blob Storage: Stores large amounts of unstructured data, such as text or binary data, that can be accessed from anywhere in the world via HTTP or HTTPS. You can use Blob storage to expose data publicly to the world, or to store application data privately.  
 Max file in Blob Storage. 4.77 TB. Reference:  
<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/architecture/solution-ideas/articles/digital-media-video>

**NEW QUESTION 9**

- (Exam Topic 5)

You have an Azure Load Balancer named LB1 that balances requests to five Azure virtual machines. You need to develop a monitoring solution for LB1. The solution must generate an alert when any of the following conditions are met:

- > A virtual machine is unavailable.
- > Connection attempts exceed 50,000 per minute.

Which signal should you include in the solution for each condition? To answer, select the appropriate options in the answer area.

NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point.

An unavailable virtual machine:

<input type="checkbox"/>	▼
<input type="checkbox"/>	Byte Count
<input type="checkbox"/>	Data Path Availability
<input type="checkbox"/>	Health Probe Status
<input type="checkbox"/>	Packet Count
<input type="checkbox"/>	SYN Count

More than 50,000 connection attempts per minute:

<input type="checkbox"/>	▼
<input type="checkbox"/>	Byte Count
<input type="checkbox"/>	Data Path Availability
<input type="checkbox"/>	Health Probe Status
<input type="checkbox"/>	Packet Count
<input type="checkbox"/>	SYN Count

- A. Mastered
- B. Not Mastered

**Answer: A**

**Explanation:**

Graphical user interface, text, application Description automatically generated

Box 1: Data path availability

Standard Load Balancer continuously exercises the data path from within a region to the load balancer front end, all the way to the SDN stack that supports your VM. As long as healthy instances remain, the measurement follows the same path as your application's load-balanced traffic. The data path that your customers use is also validated. The measurement is invisible to your application and does not interfere with other operations.

Note: Load balancer distributes inbound flows that arrive at the load balancer's front end to backend pool instances. These flows are according to configured load-balancing rules and health probes. The backend pool instances can be Azure Virtual Machines or instances in a virtual machine scale set.

Box 2: SYN count

SYN (synchronize) count: Standard Load Balancer does not terminate Transmission Control Protocol (TCP) connections or interact with TCP or UDP packet flows. Flows and their handshakes are always between the source and the VM instance. To better troubleshoot your TCP protocol scenarios, you can make use of SYN packets counters to understand how many TCP connection attempts are made. The metric reports the number of TCP SYN packets that were received.

Reference:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/load-balancer/load-balancer-standard-diagnostics>

**NEW QUESTION 10**

- (Exam Topic 5)

Your company identifies the following business continuity and disaster recovery objectives for virtual machines that host sales, finance, and reporting application in the company's on-premises data center.

- The finance application requires that data be retained for seven years. In the event of a disaster, the application must be able to run from Azure. The recovery in objective (RTO) is 10 minutes,
- The reporting application must be able to recover point in-time data at a daily granularity. The RTO is eight hours.
- The sales application must be able to fail over to second on-premises data center.

You need to recommend which Azure services meet the business continuity and disaster recovery objectives. The solution must minimize costs.

What should you recommend for each application? To answer, drag the appropriate services to the correct application. Each service may be used once. More than once not at an You may need to drag the spin bar between panes or scroll 10 view content.

Actions	Answer Area
Azure Backup only	Sales: Service or Services
Azure Site Recovery only	Finance: Service or Services
Azure Site Recovery and Azure Backup	Reporting: Service or Services

- A. Mastered
- B. Not Mastered

**Answer:** A

**Explanation:**

- 1) Sales: Azure Site Recovery only
- 2) Finance: Azure Site Recovery and Azure Backup
- 3) Reporting: Azure Backup only

**NEW QUESTION 10**

- (Exam Topic 5)

Note: This question is part of a series of questions that present the same scenario. Each question in the series contains a unique solution that might meet the stated goals. Some question sets might have more than one correct solution, while others might not have a correct solution.

After you answer a question in this section, you will NOT be able to return to it. As a result, these questions will not appear in the review screen.

Your company plans to deploy various Azure App Service instances that will use Azure SQL databases. The App Service instances will be deployed at the same time as the Azure SQL databases.

The company has a regulatory requirement to deploy the App Service instances only to specific Azure regions. The resources for the App Service instances must reside in the same region.

You need to recommend a solution to meet the regulatory requirement.

Solution: You recommend using an Azure policy to enforce the resource group location. Does this meet the goal?

- A. Yes
- B. No

**Answer:** A

**Explanation:**

Azure Resource Policy Definitions can be used which can be applied to a specific Resource Group with the App Service instances.

Reference:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/governance/policy/overview>

**NEW QUESTION 13**

- (Exam Topic 5)

Your company has an app named App1 that uses data from the on-premises Microsoft SQL Server databases shown in the following table.

Name	Size
DB1	450 GB
DB2	250 GB
DB3	300 GB
DB4	50 GB

App1 and the data are used on the first day of the month only. The data is not expected to grow more than 3% each year.

The company is rewriting App1 as an Azure web app and plans to migrate all the data to Azure. You need to migrate the data to Azure SQL Database. The solution must minimize costs. Which service tier should you use?

- A. vCore-based Business Critical
- B. vCore-based General Purpose
- C. DTU-based Standard
- D. DTU-based Basic

**Answer:** C

**Explanation:**

DTU-based Standard supports databases up to 1 TB in size. Reference:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/azure-sql/database/service-tiers-dtu>

**NEW QUESTION 15**

- (Exam Topic 5)

Note: This question is part of a series of questions that present the same scenario. Each question in the series contains a unique solution that might meet the

stated goals. Some question sets might have more than one correct solution, while others might not have a correct solution. After you answer a question in this section, you will NOT be able to return to it. As a result, these questions will not appear in the review screen. You plan to deploy multiple instances of an Azure web app across several Azure regions.

You need to design an access solution for the app. The solution must meet the following replication requirements:

- > Support rate limiting.
- > Balance requests between all instances.
- > Ensure that users can access the app in the event of a regional outage. Solution: You use Azure Application Gateway to provide access to the app. Does this meet the goal?

- A. Yes
- B. No

**Answer: B**

**NEW QUESTION 20**

- (Exam Topic 5)

A company plans to implement an HTTP-based API to support a web app. The web app allows customers to check the status of their orders. The API must meet the following requirements:

- > Implement Azure Functions
- > Provide public read-only operations
- > Do not allow write operations

You need to recommend configuration options.

What should you recommend? To answer, configure the appropriate options in the dialog box in the answer area.

NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point.

**Answer Area**

Topic	Value
Allowed authentication methods	<div style="border: 1px solid gray; padding: 2px;"> <div style="background-color: #f0f0f0; padding: 2px; text-align: right;">▼</div> <div style="padding: 2px;">                     All methods                      GET only                      GET and POST only                      GET, POST, and OPTIONS only                 </div> </div>
Authorization level	<div style="border: 1px solid gray; padding: 2px;"> <div style="background-color: #f0f0f0; padding: 2px; text-align: right;">▼</div> <div style="padding: 2px;">                     Function                      Anonymous                      Admin                 </div> </div>

- A. Mastered
- B. Not Mastered

**Answer: A**

**Explanation:**

Graphical user interface, table Description automatically generated

Allowed authentication methods: GET only Authorization level: Anonymous

The option is Allow Anonymous requests. This option turns on authentication and authorization in App Service, but defers authorization decisions to your application code. For authenticated requests, App Service also passes along authentication information in the HTTP headers.

This option provides more flexibility in handling anonymous requests. References:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/app-service/overview-authentication-authorization>

**NEW QUESTION 21**

- (Exam Topic 5)

You have an Azure subscription that contains an Azure Blob storage account named store1.

You have an on-premises file server named Server1 that runs Windows Server 2016. Server1 stores 500 GB of company files.

You need to store a copy of the company files from Server 1 in store1.

Which two possible Azure services achieve this goal? Each correct answer presents a complete solution. NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point

- A. an Azure Batch account
- B. an integration account
- C. an On-premises data gateway
- D. an Azure Import/Export job
- E. Azure Data factory

**Answer: DE**

**Explanation:**

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/storage/common/storage-import-export-data-from-blobs> <https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/answers/questions/311113/fastest-method-to-copy-500gb-table-from-on-premise>

**NEW QUESTION 24**

- (Exam Topic 5)

Your on-premises network contains a file server named Server1 that stores 500 GB of data. You need to use Azure Data Factory to copy the data from Server1 to Azure Storage.

You add a new data factory.

What should you do next? To answer, select the appropriate options in the answer area. NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point.

From Server1:

- Install an Azure File Sync agent
- Install a self-hosted integration runtime
- Install the File Server Resource Manager role service

From the data factory:

- Create a pipeline
- Create an import/export job
- Provision an Azure-SQL Server Integration Services (SSIS) integration runtime

- A. Mastered
- B. Not Mastered

**Answer:** A

**Explanation:**

Graphical user interface, text, application, email Description automatically generated

Box 1: Install a self-hosted integration runtime

The Integration Runtime is a customer-managed data integration infrastructure used by Azure Data Factory to provide data integration capabilities across different network environments.

Box 2: Create a pipeline

With ADF, existing data processing services can be composed into data pipelines that are highly available and managed in the cloud. These data pipelines can be scheduled to ingest, prepare, transform, analyze, and publish data, and ADF manages and orchestrates the complex data and processing dependencies

References:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/machine-learning/team-data-science-process/move-sql-azure-adf> <https://docs.microsoft.com/pl-pl/azure/data-factory/tutorial-hybrid-copy-data-tool>

syu31svc 3 months, 4 weeks ago

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/data-factory/create-self-hosted-integration-runtime?tabs=data-factory> "A self-hosted integration runtime can run copy activities between a cloud data store and a data store in a private network"

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/data-factory/introduction>

"With Data Factory, you can use the Copy Activity in a data pipeline to move data from both on-premises and cloud source data stores to a centralization data store in the cloud for further analysis"

**NEW QUESTION 28**

- (Exam Topic 5)

You have the resources shown in the following table.

Name	Type
AS1	Azure Synapse Analytics instance
CDB1	Azure Cosmos DB SQL API account

CDB1 hosts a container that stores continuously updated operational data

You are designing a solution that will use AS1 to analyze the operational data dairy.

You need to recommend a solution to analyze the data without affecting the performance of the operational data store.

What should you include in the recommendation?

- A. Azure Data Factory with Azure Cosmos DB and Azure Synapse Analytics connectors
- B. Azure Synapse Analytics with PolyBase data loading
- C. Azure Cosmos DB change feed

**Answer:** B

**NEW QUESTION 33**

- (Exam Topic 5)

You are developing a sates application that will contain several Azure cloud services and handle different components of a transaction. Different cloud services will process customer orders, billing, payment inventory, and shipping.

You need to recommend a solution to enable the cloud services to asynchronously communicate transaction information by using XML messages.

What should you include in the recommendation?

- A. Azure Data Lake
- B. Azure Notification Hubs
- C. Azure Queue Storage
- D. Azure Service Fabric

**Answer:** D

**NEW QUESTION 35**

- (Exam Topic 5)

A company needs a datastore created in Azure for an application. Below are the key requirements for the data store.

Ability to store JSON based items

Ability to use SQL like queries on the datastore Ability to provide low latency access to data items

Which of the following would you consider as the data store?

- A. Azure BLOB storage
- B. Azure CosmosDB
- C. Azure HDInsight
- D. Azure Redis

**Answer: B**

**NEW QUESTION 39**

- (Exam Topic 5)

You plan to develop a new app that will store business critical data. The app must meet the following requirements:

- Prevent new data from being modified for one year.
- Maximize data resiliency.
- Minimize read latency.

What storage solution should you recommend for the app? To answer, select the appropriate options in the answer area. NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point.

**Answer Area**

Storage Account type:

Standard general-purpose v1

Standard general-purpose v2

Premium block blobs

Redundancy:

Zone-redundant storage (ZRS)

Locally-redundant storage (LRS)

Read-access geo-redundant storage (RA-GRS)

- A. Mastered
- B. Not Mastered

**Answer: A**

**Explanation:**

**Answer Area**

Storage Account type:

Standard general-purpose v1

Standard general-purpose v2

Premium block blobs

Redundancy:

Zone-redundant storage (ZRS)

Locally-redundant storage (LRS)

Read-access geo-redundant storage (RA-GRS)

**NEW QUESTION 42**

- (Exam Topic 5)

You have an Azure subscription.

You need to recommend an Azure Kubernetes service (AKS) solution that will use Linux nodes. The solution must meet the following requirements:

- Minimize the time it takes to provision compute resources during scale-out operations.
- Support autoscaling of Linux containers.
- Minimize administrative effort.

Which scaling option should you recommend?

- A. Virtual Kubetet
- B. cluster autoscaler
- C. virtual nodes
- D. horizontal pod autoscaler

**Answer: C**

**Explanation:**

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/aks/virtual-nodes>

**NEW QUESTION 46**

- (Exam Topic 5)

You need to recommend a solution to generate a monthly report of all the new Azure Resource Manager resource deployment in your subscription. What should you include in the recommendation?

- A. Azure Activity Log
- B. Azure Monitor action groups
- C. Azure Advisor
- D. Azure Monitor metrics

**Answer:** A

**Explanation:**

Activity logs are kept for 90 days. You can query for any range of dates, as long as the starting date isn't more than 90 days in the past.

Through activity logs, you can determine:

- what operations were taken on the resources in your subscription
- who started the operation
- when the operation occurred
- the status of the operation
- the values of other properties that might help you research the operation Reference:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/azure-resource-manager/management/view-activity-logs> <https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/automation/change-tracking>

**NEW QUESTION 47**

- (Exam Topic 5)

You have an application named App1. App1 generates log files that must be archived for five years. The log files must be readable by App1 but must not be modified.

Which storage solution should you recommend for archiving?

- A. Ingest the log files into an Azure Log Analytics workspace
- B. Use an Azure Blob storage account and a time-based retention policy
- C. Use an Azure Blob storage account configured to use the Archive access tier
- D. Use an Azure file share that has access control enabled

**Answer:** B

**Explanation:**

Immutable storage for Azure Blob storage enables users to store business-critical data objects in a WORM (Write Once, Read Many) state.

Immutable storage supports:

Time-based retention policy support: Users can set policies to store data for a specified interval. When a time-based retention policy is set, blobs can be created and read, but not modified or deleted. After the retention period has expired, blobs can be deleted but not overwritten.

Reference:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/storage/blobs/storage-blob-immutable-storage>

**NEW QUESTION 52**

- (Exam Topic 5)

The accounting department at your company migrates to a new financial accounting software. The accounting department must keep file-based database backups for seven years for compliance purposes. It is unlikely that the backups will be used to recover data.

You need to move the backups to Azure. The solution must minimize costs. Where should you store the backups?

- A. Azure Blob storage that uses the Archive tier
- B. Azure SQL Database
- C. Azure Blob storage that uses the Cool tier
- D. a Recovery Services vault

**Answer:** A

**Explanation:**

Azure Front Door enables you to define, manage, and monitor the global routing for your web traffic by optimizing for best performance and instant global failover for high availability. With Front Door, you can transform your global (multi-region) consumer and enterprise applications into robust, high-performance personalized modern applications, APIs, and content that reaches a global audience with Azure.

Front Door works at Layer 7 or HTTP/HTTPS layer and uses anycast protocol with split TCP and Microsoft's global network for improving global connectivity.

Reference:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/frontdoor/front-door-overview>

**NEW QUESTION 57**

- (Exam Topic 5)

You plan provision a High Performance Computing (HPC) cluster in Azure that will use a third-party scheduler.

You need to recommend a solution to provision and manage the HPC cluster node. What should you include in the recommendation?

- A. Azure Lighthouse
- B. Azure CycleCloud
- C. Azure Purview
- D. Azure Automation

**Answer:** B

**Explanation:**

You can dynamically provision Azure HPC clusters with Azure CycleCloud. Azure CycleCloud is the simplest way to manage HPC workloads.

Note: Azure CycleCloud is an enterprise-friendly tool for orchestrating and managing High Performance Computing (HPC) environments on Azure. With

CycleCloud, users can provision infrastructure for HPC systems, deploy familiar HPC schedulers, and automatically scale the infrastructure to run jobs efficiently at any scale. Through CycleCloud, users can create different types of file systems and mount them to the compute cluster nodes to support HPC workloads.

Reference:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/cyclecloud/overview>

**NEW QUESTION 62**

- (Exam Topic 5)

You store web access logs data in Azure Blob storage. You plan to generate monthly reports from the access logs.

You need to recommend an automated process to upload the data to Azure SQL Database every month. What should you include in the recommendation?

- A. Azure Data Factory
- B. Data Migration Assistant
- C. Microsoft SQL Server Migration Assistant (SSMA)
- D. AzCopy

**Answer: A**

**Explanation:**

Azure Data Factory is the platform that solves such data scenarios. It is the cloud-based ETL and data integration service that allows you to create data-driven workflows for orchestrating data movement and transforming data at scale. Using Azure Data Factory, you can create and schedule data-driven workflows (called pipelines) that can ingest data from disparate data stores. You can build complex ETL processes that transform data visually with data flows or by using compute services such as Azure HDInsight Hadoop, Azure Databricks, and Azure SQL Database.

Reference:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-gb/azure/data-factory/introduction>

**NEW QUESTION 66**

- (Exam Topic 5)

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Your company plans to deploy various Azure App Service instances that will use Azure SQL databases. The App Service instances will be deployed at the same time as the Azure SQL databases.

The company has a regulatory requirement to deploy the App Service instances only to specific Azure regions. The resources for the App Service instances must reside in the same region.

You need to recommend a solution to meet the regulatory requirement.

Solution: You recommend creating resource groups based on locations and implementing resource locks on the resource groups.

Does this meet the goal?

- A. Yes
- B. No

**Answer: B**

**Explanation:**

Resource locks are not used for compliance purposes. Resource locks prevent changes from being made to resources.

Reference:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/azure-resource-manager/management/lock-resources>

**NEW QUESTION 69**

- (Exam Topic 5)

You have an on-premises network that uses an IP address space of 172.16.0.0/16. You plan to deploy 25 virtual machines to a new Azure subscription.

You identify the following technical requirements.

- > All Azure virtual machines must be placed on the same subnet subnet1.
- > All the Azure virtual machines must be able to communicate with all on-premises servers.
- > The servers must be able to communicate between the on-premises network and Azure by using a site-to-site VPN.

You need to recommend a subnet design that meets the technical requirements.

What should you include in the recommendation? To answer, drag the appropriate network addresses to the correct subnet. Each network address may be used once, more than once or not at all. You may need to drag the split bar between panes or scroll to view content.

NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point.

Network Addresses	Answer Area
172.16.0.0/16	Subnet1: <input type="text" value="Network address"/>
172.16.1.0/28	Gateway subnet: <input type="text" value="Network address"/>
192.168.0.0/24	
192.168.1.0/28	

- A. Mastered
- B. Not Mastered

**Answer: A**

**Explanation:**

Graphical user interface, application Description automatically generated

**NEW QUESTION 73**

- (Exam Topic 5)

You have an Azure web app named App1 and an Azure key vault named KV1. App1 stores database connection strings in KV1.

App1 performs the following types of requests to KV1:

- > Get
- > List
- > Wrap
- > Delete
- > Unwrap
- > Backup
- > Decrypt
- > Encrypt

You are evaluating the continuity of service for App1.

You need to identify the following if the Azure region that hosts KV1 becomes unavailable:

- > To where will KV1 fail over?
- > During the failover, which request type will be unavailable?

What should you identify? To answer, select the appropriate options in the answer area.

NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point.

To where will KV1 fail over?

A server in the same Availability Set
A server in the same fault domain
A server in the same paired region
A virtual machine in a scale set

During the failover, which request type will be unavailable?

Backup
Decrypt
Delete
Encrypt
Get
List
Unwrap
Wrap

- A. Mastered
- B. Not Mastered

**Answer: A**

**Explanation:**

Table Description automatically generated

Box 1: A server in the same paired region

The contents of your key vault are replicated within the region and to a secondary region at least 150 miles away, but within the same geography to maintain high durability of your keys and secrets.

Box 2: Delete

During failover, your key vault is in read-only mode. Requests that are supported in this mode are:

- > List certificates
- > Get certificates
- > List secrets
- > Get secrets
- > List keys
- > Get (properties of) keys
- > Encrypt
- > Decrypt
- > Wrap
- > Unwrap
- > Verify

- > Sign
- > Backup

Reference:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/key-vault/general/disaster-recovery-guidance>

**NEW QUESTION 78**

- (Exam Topic 5)

You plan to deploy Azure Databricks to support a machine learning application. Data engineers will mount an Azure Data Lake Storage account to the Databricks file system. Permissions to folders are granted directly to the data engineers.

You need to recommend a design for the planned Databrick deployment. The solution must meet the following requirements:

- > Ensure that the data engineers can only access folders to which they have permissions.
- > Minimize development effort.
- > Minimize costs.

What should you include in the recommendation? To answer, select the appropriate options in the answer area.

NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point.

**Answer Area**

Databricks SKU: 

	▼
Premium	
Standard	

Cluster configuration: 

	▼
Credential passthrough	
Managed identities	
MLflow	
A runtime that contains Photon	
Secret scope	

- A. Mastered
- B. Not Mastered

**Answer: A**

**Explanation:**

Box 1: Standard

Choose Standard to minimize costs.

Box 2: Credential passthrough

Athenticate automatically to Azure Data Lake Storage Gen1 (ADLS Gen1) and Azure Data Lake Storage Gen2 (ADLS Gen2) from Azure Databricks clusters using the same Azure Active Directory (Azure AD) identity that you use to log into Azure Databricks. When you enable Azure Data Lake Storage credential passthrough for your cluster, commands that you run on that cluster can read and write data in Azure Data Lake Storage without requiring you to configure service principal credentials for access to storage.

Reference:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/databricks/security/credential-passthrough/adls-passthrough>

**NEW QUESTION 79**

- (Exam Topic 5)

You have an Azure Active Directory (Azure AD) tenant named contoso.com that has a security group named Group1. Group1 is configured for assigned membership. Group1 has 50 members, including 20 guest users.

You need to recommend a solution for evaluating the membership of Group1. The solution must meet the following requirements:

- The evaluation must be repeated automatically every three months
- Every member must be able to report whether they need to be in Group1
- Users who report that they do not need to be in Group1 must be removed from Group1 automatically
- Users who do not report whether they need to be in Group1 must be removed from Group1 automatically. What should you include in the recommendation?

- A. Implement Azure AD Identity Protection.
- B. Change the Membership type of Group1 to Dynamic User.
- C. Implement Azure AD Privileged Identity Management.
- D. Create an access review.

**Answer: D**

**Explanation:**

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/active-directory/governance/access-reviews-overview#learn-about-access-reviews> Have reviews recur periodically: You can set up recurring access reviews of users at set frequencies such as weekly, monthly, quarterly or annually, and the reviewers will be notified at the start of each review. Reviewers can approve or deny access with a friendly interface and with the help of smart recommendations.

An administrator creates an access review of Group C with 50 member users and 25 guest users. Makes it a self-review. 50 licenses for each user as self-reviewers.\*

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/active-directory/governance/access-reviews-overview#example-license-s>

There are 4 requirements and every single one is only met by access reviews.

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/active-directory/governance/access-reviews-overview#when-should-you>

Dynamic User is needed if a user must be automatically granted access on the basis of its attributes (department, jobtitle, location, etc.)

<https://techcommunity.microsoft.com/t5/itops-talk-blog/dynamic-groups-in-azure-ad-and-microsoft-365/ba-p/22>  
 Implementing Azure AD PIM is no solution and absolutely not necessary for access reviews. <https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/active-directory/governance/access-reviews-overview#where-do-you-cre>

**NEW QUESTION 80**

- (Exam Topic 5)

You are designing a microservices architecture that will be hosted in an Azure Kubernetes Service (AKS) cluster. Apps that will consume the microservices will be hosted on Azure virtual machines. The virtual machines and the AKS cluster will reside on the same virtual network.

You need to design a solution to expose the microservices to the consumer apps. The solution must meet the following requirements:

- Ingress access to the microservices must be restricted to a single private IP address and protected by using mutual TLS authentication.
- The number of incoming microservice calls must be rate-limited.
- Costs must be minimized.

What should you include in the solution?

- A. Azure API Management Premium tier with virtual network connection
- B. Azure Front Door with Azure Web Application Firewall (WAF)
- C. Azure API Management Standard tier with a service endpoint
- D. Azure App Gateway with Azure Web Application Firewall (WAF)

**Answer: A**

**Explanation:**

One option is to deploy APIM (API Management) inside the cluster VNet.

The AKS cluster and the applications that consume the microservices might reside within the same VNet, hence there is no reason to expose the cluster publicly as all API traffic will remain within the VNet. For these scenarios, you can deploy API Management into the cluster VNet. API Management Premium tier supports VNet deployment.

Reference:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/api-management/api-management-kubernetes>

**NEW QUESTION 84**

- (Exam Topic 5)

You have an Azure subscription that contains the storage accounts shown in the following table.

Name	Type	Performance
storage1	StorageV2	Standard
storage2	SrorageV2	Premium
storage3	BlobStorage	Standard
storage4	FileStorage	Premium

You plan to implement two new apps that have the requirements shown in the following table.

Name	Requirement
App1	Use lifecycle management to migrate app data between storage tiers
App2	Store app data in an Azure file share

Which storage accounts should you recommend using for each app? To answer, select the appropriate options in the answer area.

NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point.

App1:

App2:

- A. Mastered
- B. Not Mastered

**Answer: A**

**Explanation:**

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/storage/common/storage-account-overview> <https://www.edureka.co/community/40011/different-storage-accounts-there-major-difference-between> <https://insidemstech.com/tag/general-purpose-v2/>  
In conclusion the correct answers are: Box1 --> Storage1 and Storage3 only Box2 --> Storage1 and Storage4 only  
<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/storage/files/storage-how-to-create-file-share?tabs=azure-portal#basics>

**NEW QUESTION 86**

- (Exam Topic 5)

You plan to deploy an Azure Databricks Data Science & Engineering workspace and ingest data into the workspace. Where should you persist the ingested data?

- A. Azure Files
- B. Azure Data Lake
- C. Azure SQL Database
- D. Azure Cosmos DB

**Answer: B**

**Explanation:**

The Azure Databricks Data Science & Engineering data lands in a data lake for long term persisted storage, in Azure Blob Storage or Azure Data Lake Storage.

Reference:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/databricks/scenarios/what-is-azure-databricks-ws>

**NEW QUESTION 90**

- (Exam Topic 5)

You have an Azure subscription that contains a custom application named Application1 was developed by an external company named Fabric, Ltd. Developers at Fabricam were assigned role-based access control (RBAC) permissions to the Application1 components. All users are licensed for the Microsoft 365 E5 plan. You need to recommend a solution to verify whether the Fabricam developers still require permissions to Application1. The solution must meet the following requirements.

- \* To the manager of the developers, send a monthly email message that lists the access permissions to Application1.
- \* If the manager does not verify access permission, automatically revoke that permission.
- \* Minimize development effort. What should you recommend?

- A. In Azure Active Directory (AD) Privileged Identity Management, create a custom role assignment for the Application1 resources
- B. Create an Azure Automation runbook that runs the Get-AzureADUserAppRoleAssignment cmdlet
- C. Create an Azure Automation runbook that runs the Get-AzureRmRoleAssignment cmdlet
- D. In Azure Active Directory (Azure AD), create an access review of Application1

**Answer: D**

**Explanation:**

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/active-directory/governance/manage-user-access-with-access-reviews> Azure Active Directory (Azure AD) access reviews enable organizations to efficiently manage group memberships, access to enterprise applications, and role assignments. User's access can be reviewed on a regular basis to make sure only the right people have continued access. Have reviews recur periodically: You can set up recurring access reviews of users at set frequencies such as weekly, monthly, quarterly or annually, and the reviewers will be notified at the start of each review. Reviewers can approve or deny access with a friendly interface and with the help of smart recommendations.

Why are access reviews important?

"Azure AD enables you to collaborate with users from inside your organization and with external users. Users can join groups, invite guests, connect to cloud apps, and work remotely from their work or personal devices. The convenience of using self-service has led to a need for better access management capabilities."

**NEW QUESTION 91**

- (Exam Topic 5)

You are designing an Azure Cosmos DB solution that will host multiple writable replicas in multiple Azure regions.

You need to recommend the strongest database consistency level for the design. The solution must meet the following requirements:

- > Provide a latency-based Service Level Agreement (SLA) for writes.
- > Support multiple regions.

Which consistency level should you recommend?

- A. bounded staleness
- B. strong
- C. session
- D. consistent prefix

**Answer: A**

**Explanation:**

Each level provides availability and performance tradeoffs. The following image shows the different consistency levels as a spectrum. Timeline Description automatically generated



Note: The service offers comprehensive 99.99% SLAs which covers the guarantees for throughput, consistency, availability and latency for the Azure Cosmos DB Database Accounts scoped to a single Azure region configured with any of the five Consistency Levels or Database Accounts spanning multiple Azure regions, configured with any of the four relaxed Consistency Levels.

Reference:

[https://azure.microsoft.com/en-us/support/legal/sla/cosmos-db/v1\\_3/](https://azure.microsoft.com/en-us/support/legal/sla/cosmos-db/v1_3/)

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/cosmos-db/consistency-levels#consistency-levels-and-latency>

**NEW QUESTION 94**

- (Exam Topic 5)

You need to deploy resources to host a stateless web app in an Azure subscription. The solution must meet the following requirements:

- Provide access to the full .NET framework.
- Provide redundancy if an Azure region fails.
- Grant administrators access to the operating system to install custom application dependencies. Solution: You deploy a web app in an Isolated App Service plan. Does this meet the goal?

- A. Yes
- B. No

**Answer: B**

**Explanation:**

Instead, you should deploy an Azure virtual machine to two Azure regions, and you create a Traffic Manager profile.

**NEW QUESTION 99**

- (Exam Topic 5)

You have an Azure subscription named Subscription1 that is linked to a hybrid Azure Active Directory (Azure AD) tenant.

You have an on-premises datacenter that does NOT have a VPN connection to Subscription1. The datacenter contains a computer named Server1 that has Microsoft SQL Server 2016 installed. Server1 is prevented from accessing the internet.

An Azure logic app named LogicApp1 requires write access to a database on Server1.

You need to recommend a solution to provide LogicApp1 with the ability to access Server1.

What should you recommend deploying on-premises and in Azure? To answer, select the appropriate options in the answer area.

NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point.

**Answer Area**

On-premises:

	▼
A Web Application Proxy for Windows Server	
An Azure AD Application Proxy connector	
An On-premises data gateway	
Hybrid Connection Manager	

Azure:

	▼
A connection gateway resource	
An Azure Application Gateway	
An Azure Event Grid domain	
An enterprise application	

- A. Mastered
- B. Not Mastered

**Answer: A**

**Explanation:**

Graphical user interface, text, application, chat or text message Description automatically generated

Box 1: An on-premises data gateway

For logic apps in global, multi-tenant Azure that connect to on-premises SQL Server, you need to have the on-premises data gateway installed on a local computer and a data gateway resource that's already created in Azure.

Box 2: A connection gateway resource Reference:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/connectors/connectors-create-api-sqlazure>

**NEW QUESTION 100**

- (Exam Topic 5)

You have an Azure subscription that contains a Windows Virtual Desktop tenant.

You need to recommend a solution to meet the following requirements:

- > Start and stop Windows Virtual Desktop session hosts based on business hours.
- > Scale out Windows Virtual Desktop session hosts when required.
- > Minimize compute costs.

What should you include in the recommendation?

- A. Microsoft Intune
- B. a Windows Virtual Desktop automation task
- C. Azure Automation
- D. Azure Service Health

**Answer: C**

**Explanation:**

Reference:

<https://www.ciraltos.com/automatically-start-and-stop-wvd-vms-with-azure-automation/> <https://wvdlogix.net/windows-virtual-desktop-host-pool-automation-2>  
<https://getnerdio.com/academy/how-to-optimize-windows-virtual-desktop-wvd-azure-costs-with-event-based-au>

**NEW QUESTION 102**

- (Exam Topic 5)

A company has an existing web application that runs on virtual machines (VMs) in Azure.

You need to ensure that the application is protected from SQL injection attempts and uses a layer-7 load balancer. The solution must minimize disruption to the code for the existing web application.

What should you recommend? To answer, drag the appropriate values to the correct items. Each value may be used once, more than once, or not at all. You may need to drag the split bar between panes or scroll to view content.

NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point.

Values	Answer Area	
	Item	Value
Web Application Firewall (WAF)	Azure service	<input type="text"/>
Azure Application Gateway	Feature	<input type="text"/>
Azure Load Balancer		
Azure Traffic Manager		
SSL offloading		
URL-based content routing		

- A. Mastered
- B. Not Mastered

**Answer: A**

**Explanation:**

Graphical user interface, text, application Description automatically generated

Box 1: Azure Application Gateway

Azure Application Gateway provides an application delivery controller (ADC) as a service. It offers various layer 7 load-balancing capabilities for your applications.

Box 2: Web Application Firewall (WAF)

Application Gateway web application firewall (WAF) protects web applications from common vulnerabilities and exploits.

This is done through rules that are defined based on the OWASP core rule sets 3.0 or 2.2.9.

There are rules that detects SQL injection attacks. References:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/application-gateway/application-gateway-faq> <https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/application-gateway/waf-overview>

**NEW QUESTION 107**

- (Exam Topic 5)

Note: This question is part of a series of questions that present the same scenario. Each question in the series contains a unique solution that might meet the stated goals. Some question sets might have more than one correct solution, while others might not have a correct solution.

After you answer a question in this section, you will NOT be able to return to it. As a result, these questions will not appear in the review screen.

Your company has deployed several virtual machines (VMs) on-premises and to Azure. Azure ExpressRoute has been deployed and configured for on-premises to Azure connectivity.

Several VMs are exhibiting network connectivity issues.

You need to analyze the network traffic to determine whether packets are being allowed or denied to the VMs. Solution: Use Azure Network Watcher to run IP flow verify to analyze the network traffic

Does the solution meet the goal?

- A. Yes
- B. No

**Answer:** A

**Explanation:**

The Network Watcher Network performance monitor is a cloud-based hybrid network monitoring solution that helps you monitor network performance between various points in your network infrastructure. It also helps you monitor network connectivity to service and application endpoints and monitor the performance of Azure ExpressRoute.

Note:

IP flow verify checks if a packet is allowed or denied to or from a virtual machine. The information consists of direction, protocol, local IP, remote IP, local port, and remote port. If the packet is denied by a security group, the name of the rule that denied the packet is returned. While any source or destination IP can be chosen, IP flow verify helps administrators quickly diagnose connectivity issues from or to the internet and from or to the on-premises environment.

IP flow verify looks at the rules for all Network Security Groups (NSGs) applied to the network interface, such as a subnet or virtual machine NIC. Traffic flow is then verified based on the configured settings to or from that network interface. IP flow verify is useful in confirming if a rule in a Network Security Group is blocking ingress or egress traffic to or from a virtual machine.

Reference:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/network-watcher/network-watcher-monitoring-overview> <https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/network-watcher/network-watcher-ip-flow-verify-overview>

**NEW QUESTION 109**

- (Exam Topic 5)

You have an Azure subscription that contains a storage account.

An application sometimes writes duplicate files to the storage account.

You have a PowerShell script that identifies and deletes duplicate files in the storage account. Currently, the script is run manually after approval from the operations manager.

You need to recommend a serverless solution that performs the following actions:

- > Runs the script once an hour to identify whether duplicate files exist
- > Processes an email response from the operations manager specifying whether the deletion was approved
- > Runs the script if the deletion was approved

What should you include in the recommendation?

- A. Azure Logic Apps and Azure Functions
- B. Azure Pipelines and Azure Service Fabric
- C. Azure Logic Apps and Azure Event Grid
- D. Azure Functions and Azure Batch

**Answer:** A

**Explanation:**

You can schedule a powershell script with Azure Logic Apps.

When you want to run code that performs a specific job in your logic apps, you can create your own function by using Azure Functions. This service helps you create Node.js, C#, and F# functions so you don't have to build a complete app or infrastructure to run code. You can also call logic apps from inside Azure functions. Azure Functions provides serverless computing in the cloud and is useful for performing tasks such as these examples:

Reference:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/logic-apps/logic-apps-azure-functions>

**NEW QUESTION 111**

- (Exam Topic 5)

You have 100 servers that run Windows Server 2012 R2 and host Microsoft SQL Server 2012 R2 instances. The instances host databases that have the following characteristics:

- > The largest database is currently 3 TB. None of the databases will ever exceed 4 TB.
- > Stored procedures are implemented by using CLR.

You plan to move all the data from SQL Server to Azure.

You need to recommend an Azure service to host the databases. The solution must meet the following requirements:

- > Whenever possible, minimize management overhead for the migrated databases.
- > Minimize the number of database changes required to facilitate the migration.
- > Ensure that users can authenticate by using their Active Directory credentials.

What should you include in the recommendation?

- A. Azure SQL Database single databases
- B. Azure SQL Database Managed Instance
- C. Azure SQL Database elastic pools
- D. SQL Server 2016 on Azure virtual machines

**Answer:** B

**Explanation:**

References:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/sql-database/sql-database-managed-instance>

SQL Managed Instance allows existing SQL Server customers to lift and shift their on-premises applications to the cloud with minimal application and database changes. At the same time, SQL Managed Instance preserves all PaaS capabilities (automatic patching and version updates, automated backups, high availability) that drastically reduce management overhead and TCO.

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/azure-sql/managed-instance/transact-sql-tsqli-differences-sql-server#clr> <https://docs.microsoft.com/en-gb/azure/azure-sql/database/transact-sql-tsqli-differences-sql-server#transact-sql-s>

**NEW QUESTION 116**

- (Exam Topic 5)

You have an Azure subscription that contains the storage accounts shown in the following table.

Name	Type	Performance
storage1	StorageV2	Standard
storage2	SrorageV2	Premium
storage3	BlobStorage	Standard
storage4	FileStorage	Premium

You plan to implement two new apps that have the requirements shown in the following table.

Name	Requirement
App1	Use lifecycle management to migrate app data between storage tiers
App2	Store app data in an Azure file share

Which storage accounts should you recommend using for each app? To answer, select the appropriate options in the answer area.

NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point.

App1:

App2:

- A. Mastered
- B. Not Mastered

**Answer:** A

**Explanation:**

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/storage/common/storage-account-overview> <https://www.edureka.co/community/40011/different-storage-accounts-there-major-difference-between> <https://insidemstech.com/tag/general-purpose-v2/>  
 In conclusion the correct answers are: Box1 --> Storage1 and Storage3 only Box2 --> Storage1 and Storage4 only  
<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/storage/files/storage-how-to-create-file-share?tabs=azure-portal#basics>

**NEW QUESTION 119**

- (Exam Topic 5)

You have an Azure subscription.

You need to deploy an Azure Kubernetes Service (AKS) solution that will use Windows Server 2019 nodes. The solution must meet the following requirements:

- Minimize the time it takes to provision compute resources during scale-out operations.
- Support autoscaling of Windows Server containers. Which scaling option should you recommend?

- A. horizontal pod autoscaler
- B. Kubernetes version 1.20.2 or newer
- C. cluster autoscaler
- D. Virtual nodes
- E. with Virtual Kubelet ACI

**Answer:** C

**Explanation:**

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/aks/cluster-autoscaler#about-the-cluster-autoscaler>

**NEW QUESTION 121**

- (Exam Topic 5)

You have an app named App1 that uses two on-premises Microsoft SQL Server databases named DB1 and DB2.

You plan to migrate DB1 and DB2 to Azure.

You need to recommend an Azure solution to host DB1 and DB2. The solution must meet the following requirements:

- Support server-side transactions across DB1 and DB2.

- Minimize administrative effort to update the solution. What should you recommend?

- A. two SQL Server databases on an Azure virtual machine
- B. two Azure SQL databases on different Azure SQL Database servers
- C. two Azure SQL databases in an elastic pool
- D. two Azure SQL databases on the same Azure SQL Database managed instance

**Answer:** A

**Explanation:**

When both the database management system and client are under the same ownership (e.g. when SQL Server is deployed to a virtual machine), transactions are available and the lock duration can be controlled. Reference: <https://docs.particular.net/nservicebus/azure/understanding-transactionality-in-azure>

**NEW QUESTION 124**

- (Exam Topic 5)

Your company plans to publish APIs for its services by using Azure API Management. You discover that service responses include the `AspNet-Version` header. You need to recommend a solution to remove `AspNet-Version` from the response of the published APIs. What should you include in the recommendation?

- A. a new product
- B. a modification to the URL scheme
- C. a new policy
- D. a new revision

**Answer:** C

**Explanation:**

References:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/api-management/transform-api>

**NEW QUESTION 128**

- (Exam Topic 5)

You have to design a Data Engineering solution for your company. The company currently has an Azure subscription. They also have application data hosted in a database on a Microsoft SQL Server hosted in their on-premises data center server. They want to implement the following requirements Transfer transactional data from the on-premises SQL server onto a data warehouse in Azure. Data needs to be transferred every day in the night as a scheduled job

A managed Spark cluster needs to be in place for data engineers to perform analysis on the data stored in the SQL data warehouse. Here the data engineers should have the ability to develop notebooks in Scale, R and Python.

They also need to have a data lake store in place for the ingestion of data from multiple data sources Which of the following would the use for hosting the data warehouse in Azure?

- A. Azure Data Factory
- B. Azure Databricks
- C. Azure Data Lake Gen2 Storage accounts
- D. Azure Synapse Analytics

**Answer:** D

**NEW QUESTION 129**

- (Exam Topic 5)

You have an Azure Active Directory (Azure AD) tenant that syncs with an on-premises Active Directory domain.

You have an internal web app named WebApp1 that is hosted on-premises. WebApp1 uses Integrated Windows authentication.

Some users work remotely and do NOT have VPN access to the on-premises network.

You need to provide the remote users with single sign-on (SSO) access to WebApp1.

Which two features should you include in the solution? Each correct answer presents part of the solution.

NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point.

- A. Azure AD Application Proxy
- B. Azure AD Privileged Identity Management (PIM)
- C. Conditional Access policies
- D. Azure Arc
- E. Azure AD enterprise applications
- F. Azure Application Gateway

**Answer:** AC

**Explanation:**

A: Application Proxy is a feature of Azure AD that enables users to access on-premises web applications from a remote client. Application Proxy includes both the Application Proxy service which runs in the cloud, and the Application Proxy connector which runs on an on-premises server.

You can configure single sign-on to an Application Proxy application.

C: Microsoft recommends using Application Proxy with pre-authentication and Conditional Access policies for remote access from the internet. An approach to provide Conditional Access for intranet use is to

modernize applications so they can directly authenticate with AAD. Reference:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/active-directory/app-proxy/application-proxy-config-sso-how-to> <https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/active-directory/app-proxy/application-proxy-deployment-plan>

**NEW QUESTION 133**

- (Exam Topic 5)

You are designing a message application that will run on an on-premises Ubuntu virtual machine. The application will use Azure Storage queues.

You need to recommend a processing solution for the application to interact with the storage queues. The solution must meet the following requirements:

- > Create and delete queues daily.
- > Be scheduled by using a CRON job.
- > Upload messages every five minutes.

What should developers use to interact with the queues?

- A. Azure CLI
- B. AzCopy
- C. Azure Data Factory
- D. .NET Core

**Answer: D**

**Explanation:**

Reference:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/storage/queues/storage-tutorial-queues>

**NEW QUESTION 135**

- (Exam Topic 5)

You have an Azure subscription. The subscription has a blob container that contains multiple blobs. Ten users in the finance department of your company plan to access the blobs during the month of April. You need to recommend a solution to enable access to the blobs during the month of April only. Which security solution should you include in the recommendation?

- A. shared access signatures (SAS)
- B. access keys
- C. conditional access policies
- D. certificates

**Answer: A**

**Explanation:**

Reference:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/storage/common/storage-sas-overview>

**NEW QUESTION 137**

- (Exam Topic 5)

You have .NET web service named service1 that has the following requirements.

- > Must read and write to the local file system.
- > Must write to the Windows Application event log.

You need to recommend a solution to host Service1 in Azure . The solution must meet the following requirements:

- > Minimize maintenance overhead.
- > Minimize costs.

What should you include in the recommendation?

- A. an Azure App Service web app
- B. an Azure virtual machine scale set
- C. an App Service Environment (ASE)
- D. an Azure Functions app

**Answer: A**

**Explanation:**

<https://social.msdn.microsoft.com/Forums/vstudio/en-US/294b9e3e-e89c-4095-b8d0-ee1646e77268/writing-to-l>

**NEW QUESTION 142**

- (Exam Topic 5)

You have an Azure Active Directory (Azure AD) tenant that syncs with an on-premises Active Directory domain.

Your company has a line-of-business (LOB) application that was developed internally.

You need to implement SAML single sign-on (SSO) and enforce multi-factor authentication (MFA) when users attempt to access the application from an unknown location.

Which two features should you include in the solution? Each correct answer presents part of the solution. NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point.

- A. Azure AD enterprise applications
- B. Azure AD Identity Protection
- C. Azure Application Gateway
- D. Conditional Access policies
- E. Azure AD Privileged Identity Management (PIM)

**Answer: AD**

**NEW QUESTION 146**

- (Exam Topic 5)

You plan to deploy an app that will use an Azure Storage account.

You need to deploy the storage account. The solution must meet the following requirements:

- Store the data of multiple users.
- Encrypt each user's data by using a separate key.
- Encrypt all the data in the storage account by using Microsoft keys or customer-managed keys. What should you deploy?

- A. files in a general purpose v2 storage account.
- B. blobs in an Azure Data Lake Storage Gen2 account.
- C. files in a premium file share storage account.
- D. blobs in a general purpose v2 storage account

**Answer: B**

**NEW QUESTION 148**

- (Exam Topic 5)

You plan to deploy a custom database solution that will have multiple instances as shown in the following table.

Host virtual machine	Azure Availability Zone	Azure region
USDB1	1	US East
USDB2	2	US East
USDB3	3	US East
EUDB1	1	West Europe
EUDB2	2	West Europe
EUDB3	3	West Europe

Client applications will access database servers by using db.contoso.com.

You need to recommend load balancing services for the planned deployment. The solution must meet the following requirements:

- > Access to at least one database server must be maintained in the event of a regional outage.
- > The virtual machines must not connect to the internet directly.

What should you include in the recommendation? To answer, select the appropriate options in the answer area.

NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point.

Global load balancing service:

▼

Azure Application Gateway

Azure Front Door

Azure Load Balancer

Azure Traffic Manager

Availability Zone load balancing service:

▼

Azure Application Gateway

Azure Front Door

Azure Load Balancer

Azure Traffic Manager

- A. Mastered
- B. Not Mastered

**Answer: A**

**Explanation:**

Graphical user interface, text, application Description automatically generated

Box 1: Azure Traffic Manager

Traffic Manager is a DNS-based traffic load balancer that enables you to distribute traffic optimally to services across global Azure regions, while providing high availability and responsiveness. Because Traffic Manager is a DNS-based load-balancing service, it load balances only at the domain level. For that reason, it can't fail over as quickly as Front Door, because of common challenges around DNS caching and systems not honoring DNS TTLs.

Service	Global/regional	Recommended traffic
Azure Front Door	Global	HTTP(S)
Traffic Manager	Global	non-HTTP(S)
Application Gateway	Regional	HTTP(S)
Azure Load Balancer	Regional	non-HTTP(S)

Reference:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/architecture/guide/technology-choices/load-balancing-overview>

**NEW QUESTION 149**

- (Exam Topic 5)

You plan to create an Azure Storage account that will host file shares. The shares will be accessed from on-premises applications that are transaction-intensive.

You need to recommend a solution to minimize latency when accessing the file shares. The solution must provide the highest-level of resiliency for the selected storage tier.

What should you include in the recommendation? To answer, select the appropriate options in the answer area.

NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point.

Storage tier:

Hot

Premium

Transaction optimized

Resiliency:

Geo-redundant storage (GRS)

Zone-redundant storage (ZRS)

Locally-redundant storage (LRS)

- A. Mastered
- B. Not Mastered

**Answer:** A

**Explanation:**

Box 1: Premium

Premium: Premium file shares are backed by solid-state drives (SSDs) and provide consistent high performance and low latency, within single-digit milliseconds for most IO operations, for IO-intensive workloads.

Box 2: Zone-redundant storage (ZRS):

Premium Azure file shares only support LRS and ZRS.

Zone-redundant storage (ZRS): With ZRS, three copies of each file stored, however these copies are physically isolated in three distinct storage clusters in different Azure availability zones.

Reference:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/storage/files/storage-files-planning>

**NEW QUESTION 154**

- (Exam Topic 5)

You plan to deploy an Azure web app named App1 that will use Azure Active Directory (Azure AD) authentication.

App1 will be accessed from the internet by the users at your company. All the users have computers that run Windows 10 and are joined to Azure AD.

You need to recommend a solution to ensure that the users can connect to App1 without being prompted for authentication and can access App1 only from company-owned computers.

What should you recommend for each requirement? To answer, select the appropriate options in the answer area.

NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point.

The users can connect to App1 without being prompted for authentication:

An Azure AD app registration

An Azure AD managed identity

Azure AD Application Proxy

The users can access App1 only from company-owned computers:

A conditional access policy

An Azure AD administrative unit

Azure Application Gateway

Azure Blueprints

Azure Policy

- A. Mastered
- B. Not Mastered

**Answer:** A

**Explanation:**

Graphical user interface, text, application, chat or text message Description automatically generated

Box 1: An Azure AD app registration

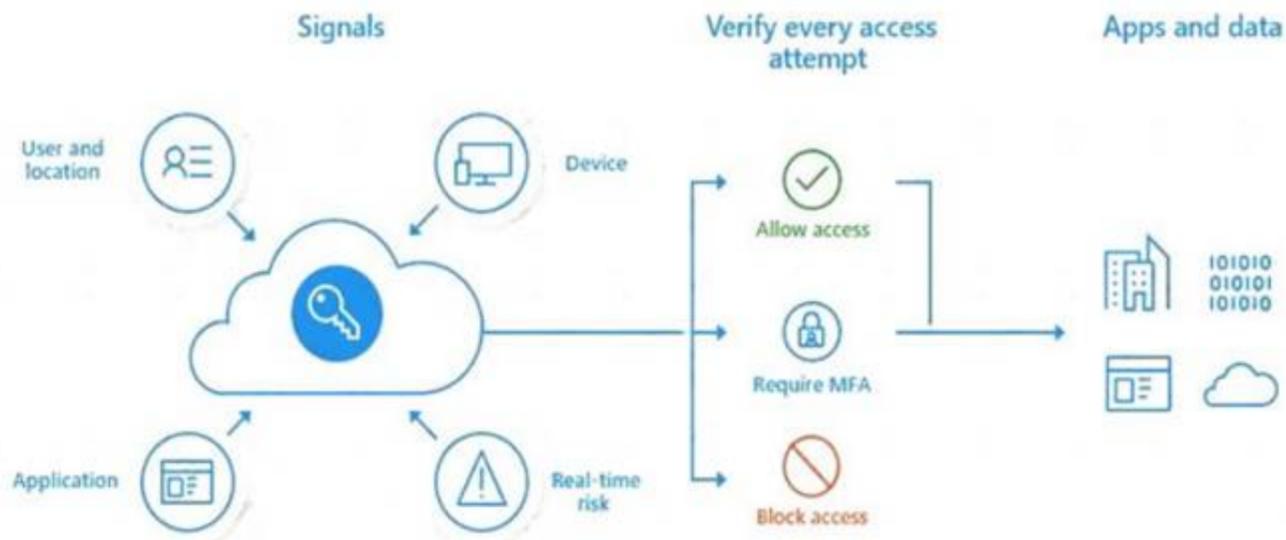
Azure active directory (AD) provides cloud based directory and identity management services.You can use azure AD to manage users of your application and authenticate access to your applications using azure active directory.

You register your application with Azure active directory tenant. Box 2: A conditional access policy

Conditional Access policies at their simplest are if-then statements, if a user wants to access a resource, then they must complete an action.

By using Conditional Access policies, you can apply the right access controls when needed to keep your organization secure and stay out of your user's way when not needed.

Timeline Description automatically generated



Reference:

<https://codingcanvas.com/using-azure-active-directory-authentication-in-your-web-application/> <https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/active-directory/conditional-access/overview> <https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/powerapps/developer/data-platform/walkthrough-register-app-azure-active-dire> "After consenting to use their Dataverse account with the ISV's application, end users can connect to Dataverse environment from external application. The consent form is not displayed again to other users after the first user who has already consented to use the ISV's app. Apps registered in Azure Active Directory are multi-tenant, which implies that other Dataverse users from other tenant can connect to their environment using the ISV's app."

**NEW QUESTION 157**

- (Exam Topic 5)

Note: This question is part of a series of questions that present the same scenario. Each question in the series contains a unique solution that might meet the stated goals. Some question sets might have more than one correct solution, while others might not have a correct solution.

After you answer a question in this section, you will NOT be able to return to it. As a result, these questions will not appear in the review screen.

You have an Azure Storage account that contains two 1-GB data files named File1 and File2. The data files are set to use the archive access tier.

You need to ensure that File1 is accessible immediately when a retrieval request is initiated. Solution: For File1, you set Access tier to Cool.

Does this meet the goal?

- A. Yes
- B. No

**Answer: A**

**Explanation:**

The data in the cool tier is "considered / intended to be stored for 30 days". But this is not a must. You can store data indefinitely in the cool tier. The mentioned reference (see below) even gives an example of large scientific or otherwise large data which is stored for long duration in the cool tier.

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/storage/blobs/storage-blob-storage-tiers?tabs=azure-portal>

**NEW QUESTION 160**

- (Exam Topic 5)

Your company deploys an Azure App Service Web App.

During testing the application fails under load. The application cannot handle more than 100 concurrent user sessions. You enable the Always On feature. You also configure auto-scaling to increase counts from two to 10 based on HTTP queue length.

You need to improve the performance of the application.

Which solution should you use for each application scenario? To answer, select the appropriate options in the answer area.

NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point.

Scenario	Solution
Store content close to end users.	<div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px;"> <div style="text-align: right; margin-bottom: 5px;">▼</div> <div style="border-bottom: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;">Azure Redis Cache</div> <div style="border-bottom: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;">Azure Traffic Manager</div> <div style="border-bottom: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;">Azure Content Delivery Network</div> <div style="padding: 2px;">Azure Application Gateway</div> </div>
Store content close to the application.	<div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px;"> <div style="text-align: right; margin-bottom: 5px;">▼</div> <div style="border-bottom: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;">Azure Redis Cache</div> <div style="border-bottom: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;">Azure Traffic Manager</div> <div style="border-bottom: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;">Azure Content Delivery Network</div> <div style="padding: 2px;">Azure Application Gateway</div> </div>

- A. Mastered
- B. Not Mastered

**Answer: A**

**Explanation:**

Graphical user interface, text Description automatically generated with medium confidence

Box 1: Content Delivery Network

A content delivery network (CDN) is a distributed network of servers that can efficiently deliver web content to users. CDNs store cached content on edge servers in point-of-presence (POP) locations that are close to end users, to minimize latency.

Azure Content Delivery Network (CDN) offers developers a global solution for rapidly delivering

high-bandwidth content to users by caching their content at strategically placed physical nodes across the world. Azure CDN can also accelerate dynamic content, which cannot be cached, by leveraging various network optimizations using CDN POPs. For example, route optimization to bypass Border Gateway Protocol (BGP).

Box 2: Azure Redis Cache

Azure Cache for Redis is based on the popular software Redis. It is typically used as a cache to improve the performance and scalability of systems that rely heavily on backend data-stores. Performance is improved by temporarily copying frequently accessed data to fast storage located close to the application. With Azure Cache for Redis, this fast storage is located in-memory with Azure Cache for Redis instead of being loaded from disk by a database.

References:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/azure-cache-for-redis/cache-overview>

### NEW QUESTION 165

- (Exam Topic 5)

You plan to deploy an Azure App Service web app that will have multiple instances across multiple Azure regions.

You need to recommend a load balancing service for the planned deployment. The solution must meet the following requirements:

- Maintain access to the app in the event of a regional outage.
- Support Azure Web Application Firewall (WAF).
- Support cookie-based affinity.
- Support URL routing.

What should you include in the recommendation?

- A. Azure Front Door
- B. Azure Load Balancer
- C. Azure Traffic Manager
- D. Azure Application Gateway

**Answer:** A

#### Explanation:

Azure Traffic Manager performs the global load balancing of web traffic across Azure regions, which have a regional load balancer based on Azure Application Gateway. This combination gets you the benefits of Traffic Manager many routing rules and Application Gateway's capabilities such as WAF, TLS termination, path-based routing, cookie-based session affinity among others.

Reference:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/application-gateway/features>

### NEW QUESTION 170

- (Exam Topic 5)

You have an app that generates 50,000 events daily.

You plan to Stream the events to an Azure event hub and use Event Hubs Capture to implement cold path processing Of the events Output Of Event Hubs Capture will be

consumed by a reporting system.

You need to identify which type of Azure storage must be provisioned to support Event Hubs Capture, and which inbound data format the reporting system must support.

What should you identify? To answer, select the appropriate options in the answer area. NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point.

Storage type:

Data format:

- A. Mastered
- B. Not Mastered

**Answer:** A

#### Explanation:

Storage type:   
 Premium block blobs | Premium file shares

Data format:   
 Avro | JSON

**NEW QUESTION 173**

- (Exam Topic 5)

You are designing an order processing system in Azure that will contain the Azure resources shown in the following table.

Name	Type	Purpose
App1	Web app	Processes customer orders
Function1	Function	Check product availability at vendor 1
Function2	Function	Check product availability at vendor 2
storage1	Storage account	Stores order processing logs

The order processing system will have the following transaction flow:

- > A customer will place an order by using App1.
- > When the order is received, App1 will generate a message to check for product availability at vendor 1 and vendor 2.
- > An integration component will process the message, and then trigger either Function1 or Function2 depending on the type of order.
- > Once a vendor confirms the product availability, a status message for App1 will be generated by Function1 or Function2.
- > All the steps of the transaction will be logged to storage1.

Which type of resource should you recommend for the integration component? D18912E1457D5D1DDCBD40AB3BF70D5D

Which type of resource should you recommend for the integration component?

- A. an Azure Data Factory pipeline
- B. an Azure Service Bus queue
- C. an Azure Event Grid domain
- D. an Azure Event Hubs capture

**Answer:** A

**Explanation:**

A data factory can have one or more pipelines. A pipeline is a logical grouping of activities that together perform a task. The activities in a pipeline define actions to perform on your data.

Data Factory has three groupings of activities: data movement activities, data transformation activities, and control activities.

Azure Functions is now integrated with Azure Data Factory, allowing you to run an Azure function as a step in your data factory pipelines.

Reference:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/data-factory/concepts-pipelines-activities>

**NEW QUESTION 175**

- (Exam Topic 5)

You have an on-premises file server that stores 2 TB of data files.

You plan to move the data files to Azure Blob storage in the Central Europe region.

You need to recommend a storage account type to store the data files and a replication solution for the storage account. The solution must meet the following requirements:

- > Be available if a single Azure datacenter fails.
- > Support storage tiers.
- > Minimize cost.

What should you recommend? To answer, select the appropriate options in the answer area. NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point.

Account type:

	▼
Blob storage	
Storage (general purpose v1)	
StorageV2 (general purpose v2)	

Replication solution:

	▼
Geo-redundant storage (GRS)	
Zone-redundant storage (ZRS)	
Locally-redundant storage (LRS)	
Read-access geo-redundant storage (RA-GRS)	

- A. Mastered
- B. Not Mastered

**Answer:** A

**Explanation:**

Graphical user interface, text, application, chat or text message Description automatically generated  
 Account Type: StorageV2  
 Replication solution: Zone-redundant storage (ZRS)

**NEW QUESTION 178**

- (Exam Topic 5)

You plan to automate the deployment of resources to Azure subscriptions.  
 What is a difference between using Azure Blueprints and Azure Resource Manager templates?

- A. Azure Resource Manager templates remain connected to the deployed resources.
- B. Only Azure Resource Manager templates can contain policy definitions.
- C. Azure Blueprints remain connected to the deployed resources.
- D. Only Azure Blueprints can contain policy definitions.

**Answer:** C

**Explanation:**

With Azure Blueprints, the relationship between the blueprint definition (what should be deployed) and the blueprint assignment (what was deployed) is preserved. This connection supports improved tracking and auditing of deployments. Azure Blueprints can also upgrade several subscriptions at once that are governed by the same blueprint.

Reference:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/answers/questions/26851/how-is-azure-blue-prints-different-from-resource-m.h>

**NEW QUESTION 179**

- (Exam Topic 5)

You plan to deploy multiple instances of an Azure web app across several Azure regions.  
 You need to design an access solution for the app. The solution must meet the following replication requirements:

- Support rate limiting
  - Balance requests between all instances.
  - Ensure that users can access the app in the event of a regional outage
- Solution: You use Azure Load Balancer to provide access to the app. Does this meet the goal?

- A. Yes
- B. No

**Answer:** B

**NEW QUESTION 181**

- (Exam Topic 5)

Note: This question is part of a series of questions that present the same scenario. Each question in the series contains a unique solution that might meet the stated goals. Some question sets might have more than one correct solution, while others might not have a correct solution.

After you answer a question in this section, you will NOT be able to return to it. As a result, these questions will not appear in the review screen.

Your company has deployed several virtual machines (VMs) on-premises and to Azure. Azure ExpressRoute has been deployed and configured for on-premises to Azure connectivity.

Several VMs are exhibiting network connectivity issues.

You need to analyze the network traffic to determine whether packets are being allowed or denied to the VMs. Solution: Use the Azure Advisor to analyze the network traffic.

Does the solution meet the goal?

- A. Yes
- B. No

**Answer:** B

**Explanation:**

Instead use Azure Network Watcher to run IP flow verify to analyze the network traffic.

Note: Advisor is a personalized cloud consultant that helps you follow best practices to optimize your Azure deployments. It analyzes your resource configuration and usage telemetry and then recommends solutions that can help you improve the cost effectiveness, performance, high availability, and security of your Azure resources.

With Advisor, you can:

Get proactive, actionable, and personalized best practices recommendations.

Improve the performance, security, and high availability of your resources, as you identify opportunities to reduce your overall Azure spend.

Get recommendations with proposed actions inline. Reference:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/advisor/advisor-overview>

**NEW QUESTION 185**

- (Exam Topic 5)

You are designing an Azure web app.

You plan to deploy the web app to the North Europe Azure region and the West Europe Azure region. You need to recommend a solution for the web app. The solution must meet the following requirements:

- > Users must always access the web app from the North Europe region, unless the region fails.
- > The web app must be available to users if an Azure region is unavailable.
- > Deployment costs must be minimized.

What should you include in the recommendation? To answer, select the appropriate options in the answer area.

NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point.

Request routing method:

	▼
A Traffic Manager profile	
Azure Application Gateway	
Azure Load Balancer	

Request routing configuration:

	▼
Cookie-based session affinity	
Performance traffic routing	
Priority traffic routing	
Weighted traffic routing	

- A. Mastered
- B. Not Mastered

**Answer:** A

**Explanation:**

Graphical user interface, text, application, chat or text message Description automatically generated

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/traffic-manager/traffic-manager-routing-methods#priority-traffic-routing>

**NEW QUESTION 187**

- (Exam Topic 5)

You have an Azure subscription that contains an Azure SQL database.

You are evaluating whether to use Azure reservations on the Azure SQL database. Which tool should you use to estimate the potential savings?

- A. The Purchase reservations blade in the Azure portal
- B. The Advisor blade in the Azure portal
- C. The SQL database blade in the Azure portal

**Answer:** A

**Explanation:**

Buy reserved capacity

- > Sign in to the Azure portal.
- > Select All services > Reservations.
- > Select Add and then in the Purchase Reservations pane, select SQL Database to purchase a new reservation for SQL Database.
- > Fill in the required fields. Existing databases in SQL Database and SQL Managed Instance that match the attributes you select qualify to get the reserved capacity discount. The actual number of databases or managed instances that get the discount depends on the scope and quantity selected.

Graphical user interface, text Description automatically generated

**Select the product you want to purchase**

SQL Reserved vCores provide a significant discount over pay-as-you-go prices by allowing you to pre-pay for the future use of compute capacity for your Azure SQL Database (PaaS) deployments. Additional software costs will still apply. For SQL Server on Azure VMs (IaaS), purchase Reserved Virtual Machines Instances. [Learn More](#)

\* Scope: Single resource group | \* Subscription: Finance-App - Test | \* Resource Group: cloud-shell-storage-westus

Filter by name... | Region: West US 2 | Term: One Year | Add Filter | Reset filters

PERFORMANCE TIER	REGION	TERM	DEPLOYMENT TYPE
SQL Database Managed Instance Business Critical - Compute Gen4	West US 2	One Year	SQL Database Managed Instance
SQL Database Managed Instance Business Critical - Compute Gen5	West US 2	One Year	SQL Database Managed Instance
SQL Database Managed Instance General Purpose - Compute Gen4	West US 2	One Year	SQL Database Managed Instance
SQL Database Managed Instance General Purpose - Compute Gen5	West US 2	One Year	SQL Database Managed Instance
SQL Database Single/Elastic Pool Business Critical - Compute Gen4	West US 2	One Year	SQL Database Single/Elastic Pool
SQL Database Single/Elastic Pool Business Critical - Compute Gen5	West US 2	One Year	SQL Database Single/Elastic Pool
SQL Database Single/Elastic Pool General Purpose - Compute Gen4	West US 2	One Year	SQL Database Single/Elastic Pool
SQL Database Single/Elastic Pool General Purpose - Compute Gen5	West US 2	One Year	SQL Database Single/Elastic Pool

Select | Cancel

Price per unit: <UnitPrice>  
34% Estimated savings

- > Review the cost of the capacity reservation in the Costs section. Select Purchase.
- > Select View this Reservation to see the status of your purchase.
- > Reference:  
<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/azure-sql/database/reserved-capacity-overview>

**NEW QUESTION 188**

- (Exam Topic 5)

You have an Azure subscription that contains two applications named App1 and App2. App1 is a sales processing application. When a transaction in App1 requires shipping, a message is added to an Azure Storage account queue, and then App2 listens to the queue for relevant transactions. In the future, additional applications will be added that will process some of the shipping requests based on the specific details of the transactions. You need to recommend a replacement for the storage account queue to ensure that each additional application will be able to read the relevant transactions. What should you recommend?

- A. one Azure Service Bus queue
- B. one Azure Service Bus topic
- C. one Azure Data Factory pipeline
- D. multiple storage account queues

**Answer: B**

**Explanation:**

A queue allows processing of a message by a single consumer. In contrast to queues, topics and subscriptions provide a one-to-many form of communication in a publish and subscribe pattern. It's useful for scaling to large numbers of recipients. Each published message is made available to each subscription registered with the topic. Publisher sends a message to a topic and one or more subscribers receive a copy of the message, depending on filter rules set on these subscriptions.

Reference:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/service-bus-messaging/service-bus-queues-topics-subscriptions>

**NEW QUESTION 193**

- (Exam Topic 5)

You have an on-premises named App 1. Customers App1 to manage digital images. You plan to migrate App1 to Azure. You need to recommend a data storage solution for Appl. The solution must meet the following image storage requirements:

- > Encrypt images at rest.
- > Allow files up to 50M

**Services**

- Azure Blob storage
- Azure Cosmos DB
- Azure SQL Database
- Azure Table storage

**Answer Area**

Image storage:

Customer accounts:

- A. Mastered
- B. Not Mastered

**Answer: A**

**Explanation:**



**NEW QUESTION 198**

- (Exam Topic 5)

Note: This question is part of a series of questions that present the same scenario. Each question in the series contains a unique solution that might meet the stated goals. Some question sets might have more than one correct solution, while others might not have a correct solution.

After you answer a question in this section, you will NOT be able to return to it. As a result, these questions will not appear in the review screen.

Your company plans to deploy various Azure App Service instances that will use Azure SQL databases. The App Service instances will be deployed at the same time as the Azure SQL databases.

The company has a regulatory requirement to deploy the App Service instances only to specific Azure regions. The resources for the App Service instances must reside in the same region.

You need to recommend a solution to meet the regulatory requirement.

Solution: You recommend using the Regulatory compliance dashboard in Azure Security Center. Does this meet the goal?

- A. Yes
- B. No

**Answer: B**

**Explanation:**

The Regulatory compliance dashboard in Azure Security Center is not used for regional compliance.

Note: Instead Azure Resource Policy Definitions can be used which can be applied to a specific Resource Group with the App Service instances.

Note 2: In the Azure Security Center regulatory compliance blade, you can get an overview of key portions of your compliance posture with respect to a set of supported standards. Currently supported standards are Azure CIS, PCI DSS 3.2, ISO 27001, and SOC TSP.

Reference:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/governance/policy/overview>

<https://azure.microsoft.com/en-us/blog/regulatory-compliance-dashboard-in-azure-security-center-now-available>

**NEW QUESTION 201**

- (Exam Topic 5)

Note: This question is part of a series of questions that present the same scenario. Each question in the series contains a unique solution that might meet the stated goals. Some question sets might have more than one correct solution, while others might not have a correct solution.

After you answer a question in this section, you will NOT be able to return to it. As a result, these questions will not appear in the review screen.

Your company deploys several virtual machines on-premises and to Azure. ExpressRoute is being deployed and configured for on-premises to Azure connectivity. Several virtual machines exhibit network connectivity issues.

You need to analyze the network traffic to identify whether packets are being allowed or denied to the virtual machines.

Solution: Use Azure Traffic Analytics in Azure Network Watcher to analyze the network traffic. Does this meet the goal?

- A. Yes
- B. No

**Answer: B**

**Explanation:**

Instead use Azure Network Watcher IP Flow Verify, which allows you to detect traffic filtering issues at a VM level.

Note: IP flow verify checks if a packet is allowed or denied to or from a virtual machine. The information consists of direction, protocol, local IP, remote IP, local port, and remote port. If the packet is denied by a security group, the name of the rule that denied the packet is returned. While any source or destination IP can be chosen, IP flow verify helps administrators quickly diagnose connectivity issues from or to the internet and from or to the on-premises environment.

Reference:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/network-watcher/network-watcher-ip-flow-verify-overview> <https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/network-watcher/traffic-analytics>

**NEW QUESTION 205**

- (Exam Topic 5)

You have an Azure subscription that contains the resources shown in the following table.

Name	Type	Kind	Location
storage1	Azure Storage account	Storage	East US
storage2	Azure Storage account	StorageV2	East US
Workspace1	Azure Log Analytics workspace	Not applicable	East US
Workspace2	Azure Log Analytics workspace	Not applicable	East US
Hub1	Azure event hub	Not applicable	East US

You create an Azure SQL database named DB1 that is hosted in the East US region.

To DB1, you add a diagnostic setting named Settings1. Settings1 archives SQLInsights to storage1 and sends SQLInsights to Workspace1. For each of the following statements, select Yes if the statement is true. Otherwise, select No. NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point.

Statements	Yes	No
You can add a new diagnostic setting that archives SQLInsights logs to storage2.	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
You can add a new diagnostic setting that sends SQLInsights logs to Workspace2.	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
You can add a new diagnostic setting that sends SQLInsights logs to Hub1.	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>

- A. Mastered
- B. Not Mastered

**Answer:** A

**Explanation:**

- Box 1: Yes
- Box 2: Yes
- Box 3: Yes

For more information on Azure SQL diagnostics , you can visit the below link

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/azure-sql/database/metrics-diagnostic-telemetry-logging-streaming-expo>

**NEW QUESTION 206**

- (Exam Topic 5)

Your network contains an on-premises Active Directory forest.

You discover that when users change jobs within your company, the membership of the user groups are not being updated. As a result, the users can access resources that are no longer relevant to their job.

You plan to integrate Active Directory and Azure Active Directory (Azure AD) by using Azure AD Connect. You need to recommend a solution to ensure that group owners are emailed monthly about the group memberships they manage.

What should you include in the recommendation?

- A. conditional access policies
- B. Tenant Restrictions
- C. Azure AD access reviews
- D. Azure AD Identity Protection

**Answer:** C

**Explanation:**

Reference:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/active-directory/governance/access-reviews-overview>

**NEW QUESTION 210**

- (Exam Topic 5)

You are developing a sales application that will contain several Azure cloud services and will handle different components of a transaction. Different cloud services will process customer orders, billing, payment, inventory, and shipping.

You need to recommend a solution to enable the cloud services to asynchronously communicate transaction information by using REST messages.

What should you include in the recommendation?

- A. Azure Service Bus
- B. Azure Blob storage
- C. Azure Notification Hubs
- D. Azure Application Gateway

**Answer:** A

**Explanation:**

Service Bus is a transactional message broker and ensures transactional integrity for all internal operations against its message stores. All transfers of messages inside of Service Bus, such as moving messages to a dead-letter queue or automatic forwarding of messages between entities, are transactional.

Reference:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/service-bus-messaging/service-bus-transactions>

"Service Bus offers a reliable and secure platform for asynchronous transfer of data and state." ... "Service Bus supports standard AMQP 1.0 and HTTP/REST protocols."

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/service-bus-messaging/service-bus-messaging-overview>

**NEW QUESTION 214**

- (Exam Topic 5)

Your organization has developed and deployed several Azure App Service Web and API applications. The

applications use Azure Key Vault to store several authentication, storage account, and data encryption keys. Several departments have the following requests to support the applications:

Department	Request
Security	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Review membership of administrative roles and require to provide a justification for continued membership</li> <li>Get alerts about changes in administrator assignments.</li> <li>See a history of administrator activation, including which changes administrators made to Azure resources.</li> </ul>
Development	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Enable the applications to access Azure Key Vault and retrieve keys for use in code.</li> </ul>
Quality Assurance	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Receive temporary administrator access to create and configure additional Web and API applications in the test environment.</li> </ul>

You need to recommend the appropriate Azure service for each department request. What should you recommend? To answer, configure the appropriate options in the dialog box in the answer area.  
 NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point.

Department	Azure Service
Security	<div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px;"> <div style="background-color: #f0f0f0; padding: 2px; display: flex; justify-content: space-between; align-items: center;"> <span>▼</span> </div> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Azure AD Privileged Identity Management</li> <li>Azure AD Managed Service Identity</li> <li>Azure AD Connect</li> <li>Azure AD Identity Protection</li> </ul> </div>
Development	<div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px;"> <div style="background-color: #f0f0f0; padding: 2px; display: flex; justify-content: space-between; align-items: center;"> <span>▼</span> </div> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Azure AD Privileged Identity Management</li> <li>Azure AD Managed Service Identity</li> <li>Azure AD Connect</li> <li>Azure AD Identity Protection</li> </ul> </div>
Quality Assurance	<div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px;"> <div style="background-color: #f0f0f0; padding: 2px; display: flex; justify-content: space-between; align-items: center;"> <span>▼</span> </div> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Azure AD Privileged Identity Management</li> <li>Azure AD Managed Service Identity</li> <li>Azure AD Connect</li> <li>Azure AD Identity Protection</li> </ul> </div>

- A. Mastered
- B. Not Mastered

**Answer:** A

**Explanation:**

Text Description automatically generated with medium confidence  
<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/active-directory/managed-identities-azure-resources/overview>

**NEW QUESTION 219**

- (Exam Topic 5)

You plan to migrate App1 to Azure. The solution must meet the authentication and authorization requirements. Which of the endpoint should App1 use to obtain an access token?

- A. Microsoft identify platform
- B. Azure AD
- C. Azure instance Service (IMDS)
- D. Azure Service management

**Answer:** A

**NEW QUESTION 221**

- (Exam Topic 5)

You plan to deploy multiple instances of an Azure web app across several Azure regions. You need to design an access solution for the app. The solution must meet the following replication requirements;

- Support rate limiting.
  - Balance requests between all instances.
  - Ensure that users can access the app in the event of a regional outage.
- Solution: You use Azure Traffic Manager to provide access to the app Does this meet the goal?

- A. Yes
- B. No

**Answer:** A

**NEW QUESTION 225**

- (Exam Topic 5)

You plan provision a High Performance Computing (HPC) cluster in Azure that will use a third-party scheduler. You need to recommend a solution to provision and manage the HPC cluster node. What should you include in the recommendation?

- A. Azure Lighthouse
- B. Azure CycleCloud
- C. Azure Purview
- D. Azure Automation

**Answer:** B

**Explanation:**

You can dynamically provision Azure HPC clusters with Azure CycleCloud. Azure CycleCloud is the simplest way to manage HPC workloads.

Note: Azure CycleCloud is an enterprise-friendly tool for orchestrating and managing High Performance Computing (HPC) environments on Azure. With CycleCloud, users can provision infrastructure for HPC systems, deploy familiar HPC schedulers, and automatically scale the infrastructure to run jobs efficiently at any scale. Through CycleCloud, users can create different types of file systems and mount them to the compute cluster nodes to support HPC workloads.

Reference:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/cyclecloud/overview>

**NEW QUESTION 226**

- (Exam Topic 5)

You need to recommend an Azure Storage Account configuration for two applications named Application1 and Applications. The configuration must meet the following requirements:

- Storage for Application1 must provide the highest possible transaction rates and the lowest possible latency.
- Storage for Application2 must provide the lowest possible storage costs per GB.
- Storage for both applications must be optimized for uploads and downloads.
- Storage for both applications must be available in an event of datacenter failure.

What should you recommend ? To answer, select the appropriate options in the answer area NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point

**Answer Area**

Application1:

BlobStorage with Standard performance, Hot access tier, and Read-access geo-redundant storage (RA-GRS) replication

BlockBlobStorage with Premium performance and Zone-redundant storage (ZRS) replication

General purpose v1 with Premium performance and Locally-redundant storage (LRS) replication

General purpose v2 with Standard performance, Hot access tier, and Locally-redundant storage (LRS) replication

Application2:

BlobStorage with Standard performance, Cool access tier, and Geo-redundant storage (GRS) replication

BlockBlobStorage with Premium performance and Zone-redundant storage (ZRS) replication

General purpose v1 with Standard performance and Read-access geo-redundant storage (RA-GRS) replication

General purpose v2 with Standard performance, Cool access tier, and Read-access geo-redundant storage (RA-GRS) replication

- A. Mastered
- B. Not Mastered

**Answer:** A

**Explanation:**

Graphical user interface, text, application Description automatically generated

Box 1: BlobStorage with Premium performance and Zone-redundant storage (ZRS) replication.

BlockBlobStorage accounts: Storage accounts with premium performance characteristics for block blobs and append blobs. Recommended for scenarios with high transactions rates, or scenarios that use smaller objects or require consistently low storage latency.

Premium: optimized for high transaction rates and single-digit consistent storage latency. Box 2: General purpose v2 with Standard performance..

General-purpose v2 accounts: Basic storage account type for blobs, files, queues, and tables. Recommended for most scenarios using Azure Storage.

Reference:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/storage/common/storage-account-overview>

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/storage/common/storage-redundancy>

**NEW QUESTION 229**

- (Exam Topic 5)

Your company has an app named App1 that uses data from the on-premises Microsoft SQL Server databases shown in the following table.

Name	Size
DB1	450 GB
DB2	250 GB
DB3	300 GB
DB4	50 GB

App1 and the data are used on the first day of the month only. The data is not expected to grow more than 3% each year. The company is rewriting App1 as an Azure web app and plans to migrate all the data to Azure. You need to migrate the data to Azure SQL Database. The solution must minimize costs. Which service tier should you use?

- A. vCore-based Business Critical
- B. vCore-based General Purpose
- C. DTU-based Standard
- D. DTU-based Basic

**Answer: C**

**Explanation:**

DTU-based Standard supports databases up to 1 TB in size. Reference:  
<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/azure-sql/database/service-tiers-dtu>

**NEW QUESTION 233**

- (Exam Topic 5)

You plan to deploy an Azure SQL database that will store Personally Identifiable Information (PII). You need to ensure that only privileged users can view the PII. What should you include in the solution?

- A. Transparent Data Encryption (TDE)
- B. Data Discovery & Classification
- C. dynamic data masking
- D. role-based access control (RBAC)

**Answer: D**

**NEW QUESTION 235**

- (Exam Topic 5)

You plan to create an Azure Storage account that will host file shares. The shares will be accessed from on-premises applications that are transaction-intensive. You need to recommend a solution to minimize latency when accessing the file shares. The solution must provide the highest-level of resiliency for the selected storage tier.

What should you include in the recommendation? To answer, select the appropriate options in the answer area.

NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point.

Storage tier:

Hot  
 Premium  
 Transaction optimized

Resiliency:

Geo-redundant storage (GRS)  
 Zone-redundant storage (ZRS)  
 Locally-redundant storage (LRS)

- A. Mastered
- B. Not Mastered

**Answer: A**

**Explanation:**

Box 1: Premium

Premium: Premium file shares are backed by solid-state drives (SSDs) and provide consistent high performance and low latency, within single-digit milliseconds for most IO operations, for IO-intensive workloads.

Box 2: Zone-redundant storage (ZRS):

Premium Azure file shares only support LRS and ZRS.

Zone-redundant storage (ZRS): With ZRS, three copies of each file stored, however these copies are physically isolated in three distinct storage clusters in different Azure availability zones.

Reference:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/storage/files/storage-files-planning>

**NEW QUESTION 239**

- (Exam Topic 5)

Your company deploys several Linux and Windows virtual machines (VMs) to Azure. The VMs are deployed with the Microsoft Dependency Agent and the Microsoft Monitoring Agent installed by using Azure VM extensions. On-premises connectivity has been enabled by using Azure ExpressRoute.

You need to design a solution to monitor the VMs.

Which Azure monitoring services should you use? To answer, select the appropriate Azure monitoring services in the answer area.

NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point.

**Scenario**

**Azure Monitoring Service**

Analyze Network Security Group (NSG) flow logs for VMs attempting internet access.

▼
Azure Network Watcher
Azure ExpressRoute Monitor
Azure Service Endpoint Monitor
Azure DNS Analytics

Visualize the VMs with their different processes and dependencies on other computers and external processes.

▼
Azure Service Map
Azure Activity Log
Azure Service Health
Azure Advisor

- A. Mastered
- B. Not Mastered

**Answer:** A

**Explanation:**

Graphical user interface, text, application, email Description automatically generated

Box 1: Azure Network Watcher

Traffic Analytics is a cloud-based solution that provides visibility into user and application activity in cloud networks. Traffic analytics analyzes Network Watcher network security group (NSG) flow logs to provide insights into traffic flow in your Azure cloud. With traffic analytics, you can:

- Identify security threats to, and secure your network, with information such as open-ports, applications attempting internet access, and virtual machines (VM) connecting to rogue networks.
- Visualize network activity across your Azure subscriptions and identify hot spots.
- Understand traffic flow patterns across Azure regions and the internet to optimize your network deployment for performance and capacity.
- Pinpoint network misconfigurations leading to failed connections in your network.

Box 2: Azure Service Map

Service Map automatically discovers application components on Windows and Linux systems and maps the communication between services. With Service Map, you can view your servers in the way that you think of them: as interconnected systems that deliver critical services. Service Map shows connections between servers, processes, inbound and outbound connection latency, and ports across any TCP-connected architecture, with no configuration required other than the installation of an agent.

Reference:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/network-watcher/traffic-analytics> <https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/azure-monitor/insights/service-map>

**NEW QUESTION 241**

- (Exam Topic 3)

You need to recommend a solution that meets the file storage requirements for App2.

What should you deploy to the Azure subscription and the on-premises network? To answer, drag the appropriate services to the correct locations. Each service may be used once, more than once, or not at all. You may need to drag the split bar between panes or scroll to view content.

NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point.

**Services**

- Azure Blob Storage
- Azure Data Box
- Azure Data Box Gateway
- Azure Data Lake Storage
- Azure File Sync
- Azure Files

**Answer Area**

Azure subscription:	Service
On-premises network:	Service

- A. Mastered

B. Not Mastered

**Answer:** A

**Explanation:**

Graphical user interface, application Description automatically generated

Box 1: Azure Files

Scenario: App2 has the following file storage requirements:

- > Save files to an Azure Storage account.
- > Replicate files to an on-premises location.
- > Ensure that on-premises clients can read the files over the LAN by using the SMB protocol.

Box 2: Azure File Sync

Use Azure File Sync to centralize your organization's file shares in Azure Files, while keeping the flexibility, performance, and compatibility of an on-premises file server. Azure File Sync transforms Windows Server into a quick cache of your Azure file share. You can use any protocol that's available on Windows Server to access your data locally, including SMB, NFS, and FTPS. You can have as many caches as you need across the world.

Reference:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/storage/file-sync/file-sync-deployment-guide>

**NEW QUESTION 245**

- (Exam Topic 3)

You need to recommend an App Service architecture that meets the requirements for Appl. The solution must minimize costs. What should few recommend?

- A. one App Service Environment (ASE) per availability zone
- B. one App Service plan per availability zone
- C. one App Service plan per region
- D. one App Service Environment (ASE) per region

**Answer:** A

**NEW QUESTION 250**

- (Exam Topic 2)

- A. Move all the domain controllers from corp.fabrikam.com to virtual networks in Azure.
- B. Deploy domain controllers for corp.fabrikam.com to virtual networks in Azure.
- C. Deploy a new Azure AD tenant for the authentication of new R&D projects.
- D. Deploy domain controllers for the rd.fabrikam.com forest to virtual networks in Azure.

**Answer:** B

**Explanation:**

Directory synchronization between Azure Active Directory (Azure AD) and corp.fabrikam.com must not be affected by a link failure between Azure and the on-premises network. (This requires domain controllers in Azure)

Users on the on-premises network must be able to authenticate to corp.fabrikam.com if an Internet link fails. (This requires domain controllers on-premises)

**NEW QUESTION 254**

- (Exam Topic 1)

You plan to migrate DB1 and DB2 to Azure.

You need to ensure that the Azure database and the service tier meet the resiliency and business requirements. What should you configure? To answer, select the appropriate options in the answer area.

NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point.

**Answer Area**

Database:  A single Azure SQL database  
 Azure SQL Managed Instance  
 An Azure SQL Database elastic pool

Service tier:  Hyperscale  
 Business Critical  
 General Purpose

- A. Mastered
- B. Not Mastered

**Answer:** A

**Explanation:**

**Answer Area**

Database:   
 Azure SQL Managed Instance  
 An Azure SQL Database elastic pool

Service tier:   
 Business Critical  
 General Purpose

**NEW QUESTION 257**

- (Exam Topic 2)

To meet the authentication requirements of Fabrikam, what should you include in the solution? To answer, select the appropriate options in the answer area.  
 NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point.

Minimum number of Azure AD tenants:

Minimum number of custom domains to add:

Minimum number of conditional access policies to create:

- A. Mastered
- B. Not Mastered

**Answer:** A

**Explanation:**

1  
1

**NEW QUESTION 262**

- (Exam Topic 2)

You need to recommend a strategy for the web tier of WebApp1. The solution must minimize What should you recommend?

- A. Create a runbook that resizes virtual machines automatically to a smaller size outside of business hours.
- B. Configure the Scale Up settings for a web app.
- C. Deploy a virtual machine scale set that scales out on a 75 percent CPU threshold.
- D. Configure the Scale Out settings for a web app.

**Answer:** A

**NEW QUESTION 263**

- (Exam Topic 1)

You plan to migrate App1 to Azure. The solution must meet the authentication and authorization requirements. Which type of endpoint should App1 use to obtain an access token?

- A. Azure Instance Metadata Service (IMDS)
- B. Azure AD
- C. Azure Service Management
- D. Microsoft identity platform

**Answer:** D

**Explanation:**

Scenario: To access the resources in Azure, App1 must use the managed identity of the virtual machines that will host the app. Managed identities provide an identity for applications to use when connecting to resources that support Azure Active Directory (Azure AD) authentication. Applications may use the managed identity to obtain Azure AD tokens.  
 Reference:  
<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/active-directory/managed-identities-azure-resources/overview>

**NEW QUESTION 267**

- (Exam Topic 1)

You plan to migrate App1 to Azure.

You need to recommend a network connectivity solution for the Azure Storage account that will host the App1 data. The solution must meet the security and compliance requirements.

What should you include in the recommendation?

- A. a private endpoint
- B. a service endpoint that has a service endpoint policy
- C. Azure public peering for an ExpressRoute circuit
- D. Microsoft peering for an ExpressRoute circuit

**Answer:** A

**Explanation:**

Private Endpoint securely connect to storage accounts from on-premises networks that connect to the VNet using VPN or ExpressRoutes with private-peering. Private Endpoint also secure your storage account by configuring the storage firewall to block all connections on the public endpoint for the storage service.  
<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/expressroute/expressroute-faqs#microsoft-peering>

**NEW QUESTION 269**

- (Exam Topic 1)

You plan to migrate App1 to Azure.

You need to estimate the compute costs for App1 in Azure. The solution must meet the security and compliance requirements.

What should you use to estimate the costs, and what should you implement to minimize the costs? To answer, select the appropriate options in the answer area.

NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point.

To estimate the costs, use:

▼

Azure Advisor

The Azure Cost Management Power BI app

The Azure Total Cost of Ownership (TCO) calculator

Implement:

▼

Azure Reservations

Azure Hybrid Benefit

Azure Spot Virtual Machine pricing

- A. Mastered
- B. Not Mastered

**Answer:** A

**Explanation:**

Text Description automatically generated

Box 1: The Azure Total Cost of Ownership (TCO) Calculator

The Total Cost of Ownership (TCO) Calculator estimates the cost savings you can realize by migrating your workloads to Azure.

Note: The TCO Calculator recommends a set of equivalent services in Azure that will support your applications. Our analysis will show each cost area with an estimate of your on-premises spend versus your spend in Azure. There are several cost categories that either decrease or go away completely when you move workloads to the cloud.

Box 2: Azure Hybrid Benefit

Azure Hybrid Benefit is a licensing benefit that helps you to significantly reduce the costs of running your workloads in the cloud. It works by letting you use your on-premises Software Assurance-enabled Windows Server and SQL Server licenses on Azure. And now, this benefit applies to RedHat and SUSE Linux subscriptions, too.

Scenario:

Litware identifies the following security and compliance requirements:

- Once App1 is migrated to Azure, you must ensure that new data can be written to the app, and the modification of new and existing data is prevented for a period of three years.
- On-premises users and services must be able to access the Azure Storage account that will host the data in App1.
- Access to the public endpoint of the Azure Storage account that will host the App1 data must be prevented.
- All Azure SQL databases in the production environment must have Transparent Data Encryption (TDE) enabled.
- App1 must not share physical hardware with other workloads.

Reference:

<https://azure.microsoft.com/en-us/pricing/tco/> <https://azure.microsoft.com/en-us/pricing/hybrid-benefit/>

**NEW QUESTION 274**

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